Publicly Announced Consolidated Financial Statements,
Related Disclosures and Independent Auditors'
Report Thereon

as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended

31 March 2025

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)



Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve SMMM A.Ş. Maslak Mah. Eski Büyükdere Cad. Orjin Maslak İş Merkezi No: 27 Daire: 57 34485 Sarıyer İstanbul - Türkiye Tel: +90 212 315 3000 Fax: +90 212 230 8291 ey.com Ticaret Sicil No : 479920

Mersis No: 0-4350-3032-6000017

Convenience Translation of the Auditor's Review Report Originally Issued in Turkish

Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Consolidated Interim Financial Information

To the Board of Directors of Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") at March 31,2025 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three months period then ended. The Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim consolidated financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the financial position of the Group at March 31, 2025 and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the three months period then ended in all material respects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.



Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the consolidated financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VII, are not consistent with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Damla Harman, SMMM Partner

April 28, 2025 İstanbul, Türkiye

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)

TÜRKİYE GARANTİ BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS FINANCIAL SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Levent Nispetiye Mah. Aytar Cad. No:2 Beşiktaş 34340 Istanbul

> Telephone: 212 318 18 18 Fax: 212 216 64 22

 $\underline{www.garantibbva.com.tr}\\ \underline{investorrelations@garantibbva.com.tr}$

The consolidated financial report for the three-month period ended prepared in accordance with the communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- 1. General Information about Parent Bank
- 2. Consolidated Financial Statements of Parent Bank
- 3. Accounting Policies
- 4. Consolidated Financial Position and Results of Operations, and Risk Management Applications of Group
- 5. Disclosures and Footnotes on Consolidated Financial Statements
- 6. Limited Review Report
- 7. Interim Activity Report

The consolidated subsidiaries and structured entities in the scope of this consolidated financial report are the followings:

Subsidiaries

- 1. Garanti Bank International NV
- 2. Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ
- 3. Garanti Holding BV
- 4. Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ
- 5. Garanti Faktoring AŞ
- 6. Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ
- 7. Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ
- 8. Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ
- 9. Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri AŞ

Structured Entities

- 1. Garanti Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company
- 2. RPV Company

The consolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that were subject to limited review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidances and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).**

Süleyman Sözen Board of Directors Chairman **Mahmut Akten** General Manager

Aydın Güler Executive Vice President Finance and Treasury Hakan Özdemir Accounting and Regulatory Reporting Director

Ebru Oğan Knottnerus

Audit Committee Member

Pablo Alfonso Pastor
Muñoz
Audit Committee Member

The authorized contact person for questions on this financial report:

Name-Surname/Title: Ceyda AKINÇ/Manager of Investor Relations

Phone no: 90 212 318 23 53 Fax no: 90 212 318 60 00

	SECTION ONE	Page No:
I.	General Information History of Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status, amendments to legal status	1
II.	Parent Bank's shareholder structure, management and internal audit, direct and indirect shareholders, change in shareholder structure during the period and information on its risk group	1
III.	Information on Parent Bank's Board of Directors Chairman and members, Audit Committee members, Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice presidents and their responsibilities and, if any, shareholdings in the bank	2
IV. V.	Information on Parent Bank's qualified shareholders Summary information on Parent Bank's activities and services	2 3 3
VI. VII.	Information on application differences between consolidation practices as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and as per the Turkish Accounting Standards, and entities subject to full or proportional consolidation or deducted from equity or not subject to any of these three methods Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between parent	3
	bank and its subsidiaries	3
	SECTION TWO	
I.	Consolidated Financial Statements Consolidated balance sheet-Assets	4 5
II. III.	Consolidated balance sheet-Liabilities Consolidated off-balance sheet items	5 6
IV.	Consolidated statement of profit or loss	6 7 8 9
V. VI.	Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	9
VII.	Consolidated statement of cash flows	10
	SECTION THREE	
I.	Accounting Policies Basis of presentation	11
II. III.	Strategy for use of financial instruments and foreign currency transactions Information on consolidated subsidiaries	12 13
IV.	Forwards, options and other derivative transactions	14
V. VI.	Interest income and expenses Fees and commissions	16 17
VII. VIII.	Financial instruments Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments	17 20
IX.	Disclosures about netting and derecognition of financial instruments	25 27
X. XI.	Repurchase and resale agreements and securities lending Assets held for sale, assets of discontinued operations and related liabilities	27 27
XII.	Goodwill and other intangible assets	27 27 28
XIII. XIV.	Tangible assets Leasing activities	28
XV.	Provisions and contingent liabilities	29 30
XVI. XVII.	Contingent assets Liabilities for employee benefits	30 30
XVIII.	Insurance technical reserves and technical income and expense	30 32 32
XIX. XX.	Taxation Funds borrowed	36
XXI.	Share and share issuances	36
XXII. XXIII.	Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances Government incentives	36 36
XXIV. XXV.	Segment reporting Profit reserves and profit appropriation	36 38
XXVI.	Earnings per share	38
	Related parties Cash and cash equivalents	39 39
XXIX.	Other disclosures	39
	CECTION FOUR	
	SECTION FOUR Consolidated Financial Position and Results of Operations and Risk Management	
I. II.	Consolidated total capital Consolidated credit risk	40 51
III.	Consolidated currency risk	51
IV. V.	Consolidated interest rate risk Consolidated position risk of equity securities	53 56
VI.	Liquidity risk management, consolidated liquidity coverage ratio and consolidated net stable funding ratio	57
VII. VIII.	Consolidated leverage ratio Fair values of financial assets and liabilities	67 68
IX.	Transactions carried out on behalf of customers and items held in trust	68
X.	Risk management objectives and policies	68

<u>SECTION FIVE</u> Disclosures and Footnotes on Consolidated Financial Statements

I. II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X.	Consolidated assets Consolidated liabilities Consolidated off-balance sheet items Consolidated statement of profit or loss Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity Consolidated statement of cash flows Related party risks Domestic, foreign and off-shore branches or equity investments, and foreign representative offices of Parent Bank Matters arising subsequent to the balance sheet date Other Disclosures on Activities	72 100 110 112 117 117 118 119 119
I. II.	SECTION SIX Limited Review Report Disclosure on limited review report Disclosures and footnotes prepared by independent auditors	122 122
I. II. III. IV. V. VI.	SECTION SEVEN Interim Activity Report Summary financial information regarding the operating results for the current period, the comments of the chairman of the Board of Directors and the CEO The amendments in the articles of association during the period of 01.01.2025-31.03.2025 Announcements regarding important developments during the period of 01.01.2025-31.03.2025 Assessment of financial information and risk management Information regarding management and corporate governance practices Forward looking statements regarding the expectations	123 125 125 126 126 126

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

1 General Information

1.1 History of Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status, amendments to legal status

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") was established by the decree of Council of Ministers numbered 3/4010 dated 11 April 1946 as a "private bank" and its "Articles of Association" was issued in the Official Gazette dated 25 April 1946.

Following the acquisition on 27 July 2015, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA (BBVA)'s stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA become the main shareholder. Accordingly, the Bank was moved to the "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from the "Private Deposit Bank" category by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (the BRSA).

The Bank provides banking services through 789 domestic branches, 7 foreign branches and 1 representative office (31 December 2024: 787 domestic branches, 7 foreign branches and 1 representative office). The Bank's head office is located in Istanbul.

1.2 Parent Bank's shareholder structure, management and internal audit, direct and indirect shareholders, change in shareholder structure during the period and information on its risk group

As of 31 March 2025, group of companies under BBVA that currently owns 85.97% shares of the Bank, is defined as the BBVA Group ("the Group") and it is the main shareholder.

On 22 March 2011, BBVA had acquired; 78,120,000,000 shares of the Bank owned by GE Capital Corporation at a total nominal value of TL 781,200 representing 18.60% ownership, and 26,418,840,000 shares of the Bank owned by Doğuş Holding AŞ at a total nominal value of TL 264,188 representing 6.29% ownership. BBVA, purchasing 24.89% shares of the Bank, had joint control on the Bank's management together with group of companies under Doğuş Holding AŞ ("the Doğuş Group").

On 7 April 2011, BBVA had acquired 503,160,000 shares at a nominal value of TL 5,032 and increased its ownership in the Bank's share capital to 25.01%.

In accordance with the terms of the agreement between BBVA and the Doğuş Group which was previously disclosed on 19 November 2014, the sale of shares representing 14.89% of the share capital of the Bank with a face value of TL 625,380 and 62,538,000,000 shares by the Doğuş Group to BBVA, was completed on 27 July 2015. Following the acquisition, BBVA's stake in the Bank reached to 39.90% and BBVA became the main shareholder. The Bank was moved to "Foreign Deposit Banks" category from "Private Deposit Bank" category by the BRSA.

On 21 February 2017, BBVA agreed with Doğuş Group to acquire 41,790,000,000 shares at a nominal value of TL 417,900 representing 9.95% ownership and on 22 March 2017 in accordance with the terms of the agreement share transfer had been finalized. After the share transfer BBVA's interest in the share capital of the Bank is at 49.85%.

The voluntary tender offer process launched by BBVA for the entire share capital of the bank and approved by the Capital Markets Board of Türkiye in accordance with the Communiqué on Takeover Bids no. II-26.1 on 31 March 2022, in their letter numbered E-29833736-110.05.05-19391 and dated 31 March 2022 ended as of 18 May 2022. During the voluntary tender offer process, BBVA acquired shares of the bank with a total nominal value of TL 1,517,196 which corresponds to 36.12%. As a result, the total share capital of the bank owned by BBVA reached 85.97%.

BBVA Group

BBVA is operating for more than 166 years, providing variety of wide spread financial and non-financial services to 77.1 million retail and commercial customers.

The Group's headquarter is in Spain, where the Group has concrete leadership in retail and commercial markets. BBVA adopting innovative, and customer and community oriented management style, besides banking, operates in insurance sector in Europe and portfolio management, private banking and investment banking in global markets.

BBVA which is the largest financial institution in Mexico and also a market leader in South America, operates in more than 25 countries with more than 125 thousand average employees.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

1.3 Information on Parent Bank's Board of Directors chairman and members, audit committee members, chief executive officer, executive vice presidents and their responsibilities and, if any, shareholdings in the bank

Board of Directors Chairman and Members:

		Appointment		Experience in Banking and Business
Name and Surname	Responsibility	Date	Education	Administration
Süleyman Sözen	Chairman	29.05.1997	University	44 years
Jorge Saenz Azcunaga Carranza	Deputy Chairman and Member	24.03.2016	University	31 years
Mahmut Akten	Member and CEO	23.08.2024	Master	26 years
Sait Ergun Özen	Member	14.05.2003	University	38 years
Jaime Saenz de Tejada Pulido	Member	02.10.2014	University	33 years
Pablo Alfonso Pastor Munoz	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	31.03.2021	Master	36 years
Rafael Salinas Martinez de Lecea	Member	08.05.2017	Master	34 years
Halil Hüsnü Erel (*)	Independent Member	27.03.2025	University	49 years
Avni Aydın Düren	Member	17.06.2020	Master	34 years
Mevhibe Canan Özsoy	Member	04.04.2019	Master	35 years
Ebru Oğan Knottnerus	Independent Member and Member of Audit Committee	27.03.2024	Master	34 years

^(*) As of March 27, 2025, Halil Hüsnü Erel was appointed as an Independent Board Member in place of Belkıs Sema Yurdum, whose Independent Board Membership and Audit Committee membership has terminated.

CEO and Executive Vice Presidents:

				Experience in
		Appointment		Banking and Business
Name and Surname	Responsibility	Date	Education	Administration
Mahmut Akten	CEO	23.08.2024	Master	26 years
İlker Kuruöz	EVP-Engineering Services and Data	14.03.2018	Master	33 years
Sinem Edige	EVP-Corporate, Investment Banking and Global Markets	26.11.2024	University	29 years
Cemal Onaran	EVP-Commercial Banking	17.01.2017	University	35 years
Ebru Taşçı Firuzbay	EVP- Talent and Culture	26.12.2024	University	27 years
Aydın Güler	EVP- Finance and Treasury	03.02.2016	University	35 years
Murat Atay	Head of Credit Risk Management	01.01.2021	PhD	32 years
Ceren Acer Kezik	EVP-Retail Banking	06.06.2022	Master	20 years
Sibel Kaya	EVP- SME Banking	02.02.2021	Master	28 years

The top management listed above does not hold any material unquoted shares of the Bank.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

1.4 Information on Parent Bank's qualified shareholders

Company	Shares	Ownership	Paid-in Capital	Unpaid Portion
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA	3,610,895	85.97%	3,610,895	-

1.5 Summary information on Parent Bank's activities and services

Activities of the Bank as stated at the third clause of its Articles of Association are as follows:

- All banking operations,
- Participating in, establishing, and trading the shares of enterprises at various sectors within the limits set forth by the Banking Law,
- Providing attorneyship, insurance agency, brokerage and freight services in relation with banking activities,
- Purchasing/selling debt securities, treasury bills, government bonds and other share certificates issued
 by Turkish government and other official and private institutions on the condition that completion of
 the necessary approvals and permits by Capital Markets Board of Türkiye,
- Developing economical and financial relations with foreign organizations,
- Dealing with all economic operations in compliance with the Banking Law.

The Bank's activities are not limited to those disclosed in that third clause, but whenever the Board of Directors deems any operations other than those stated above to be of benefit to the Bank, it is recommended in the general meeting, and the launching of the related project depends on the decision taken during the General Assembly which results in a change in the Articles of Association and on the approval of this decision by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce. Accordingly, the approved decision is added to the Articles of Association.

The Bank is not a specialized bank but deals with all kinds of banking activities. Deposits are the main sources of the lending to the customers. The Bank grants loans to companies operating in various sectors while aiming to maintain the required level of efficiency.

The Bank also grants non-cash loans to its customers; especially letters of guarantee, letters of credit and acceptance credits.

1.6 Information on application differences between consolidation practices as per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and as per the Turkish Accounting Standards, and entities subject to full or proportional consolidation or deducted from equity or not subject to any of these three methods

As per the Regulation on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, the investments in financial subsidiaries are subject to consolidation whereas as per the Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the investments in both financial and non-financial subsidiaries are subject to consolidation.

1.7 Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries

None.

2 Consolidated Financial Statements

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Turkish)

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position) At 31 March 2025

				Т	HOUSANDS OF T	URKISH LIRA (T	L)	
	A COTOTO	F	C	CURRENT PERIO	OD		PRIOR PERIOD	
	ASSETS	Footnotes		31 March 2025		3	1 December 2024	
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		487,621,074	573,626,510	1,061,247,584	305,526,598	482,219,836	787,746,434
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.1.1	375,785,383	485,236,760	861,022,143	213,417,887	409,152,850	622,570,737
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		356,205,306	194,435,786	550,641,092	201,171,331	162,289,288	363,460,619
1.1.2	Banks		15,168,499	240,966,607	256,135,106	12,472,961	226,893,061	239,366,022
1.1.3	Money Market Placements		4,941,503	50,111,127	55,052,630	97,970	20,243,465	20,341,435
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		529,925	276,760	806,685	324,375	272,964	597,339
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (FVTPL)	5.1.2	2,925,638	6,692,519	9,618,157	5,188,266	6,938,577	12,126,843
1.2.1	Government Securities		1,486,977	5,320,602	6,807,579	4,575,298	5,767,257	10,342,555
1.2.2	Equity Securities		1,124,618	143,334	1,267,952	414,244	117,338	531,582
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		314,043	1,228,583	1,542,626	198,724	1,053,982	1,252,706
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	5.1.3	99,846,445	72,757,800	172,604,245	82,265,767	56,823,078	139,088,845
1.3.1	Government Securities		99,516,870	34,377,337	133,894,207	81,495,680	22,737,036	104,232,716
1.3.2	Equity Securities		256,772	3,563,841	3,820,613	327,138	2,941,270	3,268,408
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		72,803	34,816,622	34,889,425	442,949	31,144,772	31,587,721
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	5.1.4	9,063,608	8,939,431	18,003,039	4,654,678	9,305,331	13,960,009
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL		8,925,046	8,657,950	17,582,996	4,622,729	8,940,236	13,562,965
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI		138,562	281,481	420,043	31,949	365,095	397,044
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)		1,456,913,539	801,341,467	2,258,255,006	1,360,600,576	674,210,610	2,034,811,186
2.1	Loans	5.1.5	1,271,349,163	713,841,096	1,985,190,259	1,177,140,043	599,223,773	1,776,363,816
2.2	Lease Receivables	5.1.6	9,218,947	33,901,813	43,120,760	9,242,733	27,270,100	36,512,833
2.3	Factoring Receivables	5.1.7	16,462,536	2,507,798	18,970,334	10,816,523	2,268,560	13,085,083
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	5.1.8	203,345,800	74,773,850	278,119,650	201,058,415	69,014,030	270,072,445
2.4.1	Government Securities		199,886,823	50,953,062	250,839,885	196,050,799	46,391,977	242,442,776
2.4.2	Other Financial Assets		3,458,977	23,820,788	27,279,765	5,007,616	22,622,053	27,629,669
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		43,462,907	23,683,090	67,145,997	37,657,138	23,565,853	61,222,991
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	5.1.9	3,760,179	18,947	3,779,126	3,756,800	50,284	3,807,084
3.1	Asset Held for Resale		3,760,179	18,947	3,779,126	3,756,800	50,284	3,807,084
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		9,485,247	453,685	9,938,932	8,821,160	190,908	9,012,068
4.1	Associates (Net)	5.1.10	174,468	33	174,501	171,876	29	171,905
4.1.1	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		174,468	33	174,501	171,876	29	171,905
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	5.1.11	9,310,779	453,652	9,764,431	8,649,284	190,879	8,840,163
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-			-	-
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		9,310,779	453,652	9,764,431	8,649,284	190,879	8,840,163
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	5.1.12	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures							
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.13	37,295,305	2,041,745	39,337,050	34,844,681	1,834,164	36,678,845
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	5.1.14	4,501,881	876,622	5,378,503	3,590,222	774,240	4,364,462
6.1	Goodwill		6,388	976 633	6,388	6,388	774 240	6,388
6.2	Others INVESTMENT PROPERTY (NA)	5115	4,495,493	876,622	5,372,115	3,583,834	774,240	4,358,074
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	5.1.15	2,420,111	242.040	2,420,111	2,416,949	150 504	2,416,949
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET	5110	20 729 101	243,040	243,040	20 505 500	159,784	159,784
IX. X.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET OTHER ASSETS (Net)	5.1.16 5.1.17	20,728,104 90,151,094	248,757	20,976,861 96,712,598	20,585,789	142,258 5,438,673	20,728,047
Λ.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	5.1.17	90,151,094	6,561,504	90,/12,598	97,415,847	5,436,673	102,854,520
	TOTAL ASSETS		2,112,876,534	1,385,412,277	3,498,288,811	1,837,558,622	1,165,020,757	3,002,579,379
	TOTAL ASSETS		4,114,8/0,534	1,365,414,277	3,498,488,611	1,03/,000,022	1,105,020,/5/	3,004,579,379

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Turkish)

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)

At 31 March 2025

				TH	OUSANDS OF TU	JRKISH LIRA (T	L)		
	LIABILIZAÇÃ AND GUA DEUGI DEDGI BOLIZAÇÃ	.	C	URRENT PERIC)D		PRIOR PERIOD)	
	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Footnotes		31 March 2025		31 December 2024			
			TL	FC	Total	TL FC		Total	
I.	DEPOSITS	5.2.1	1,448,254,267	1,136,409,569	2,584,663,836	1,251,197,662	903,149,980	2,154,347,642	
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	5.2.2	9,584,114	68,760,754	78,344,868	8,122,667	59,994,106	68,116,773	
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS	5.2.3	18,596,775	20,328,943	38,925,718	14,341,779	32,541,053	46,882,832	
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (NET)	5.2.4	295,414	46,394,755	46,690,169	732	28,108,769	28,109,501	
4.1	Bills		295,414	5,329,555	5,624,969	732	12,052,200	12,052,932	
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		=	-	=	-	-	-	
4.3	Bonds		=	41,065,200	41,065,200	-	16,056,569	16,056,569	
V.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-	
5.1	Borrowers' Funds		-	-	-	=	-	-	
5.2	Others		-	-	-	=	-	-	
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FVTPL	5.2.5	-	60,503,344	60,503,344	-	57,223,084	57,223,084	
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	5.2.6	11,531,868	5,680,742	17,212,610	10,475,496	4,648,451	15,123,947	
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVTPL		11,218,556	5,358,657	16,577,213	9,948,256	4,015,886	13,964,142	
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at FVOCI		313,312	322,085	635,397	527,240	632,565	1,159,805	
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES	5.2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES (Net)	5.2.8	4,303,362	786,730	5,090,092	2,218,510	730,782	2,949,292	
Χ.	PROVISIONS	5.2.9	18,423,105	10,776,662	29,199,767	16,828,703	9,618,524	26,447,227	
10.1	Restructuring Reserves				-	.	-	.	
10.2	Reserve for Employee Benefits		7,840,250	942,737	8,782,987	7,443,241	699,992	8,143,233	
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		4,120,780	5,329,595	9,450,375	3,225,911	4,430,122	7,656,033	
10.4	Other Provisions		6,462,075	4,504,330	10,966,405	6,159,551	4,488,410	10,647,961	
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	5.2.10	26,438,825	212,114	26,650,939	18,433,347	346,321	18,779,668	
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	5.2.10	18,184	270,149	288,333	55,641	131,200	186,841	
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED								
13.1	OPERATIONS (Net) Asset Held for Sale	5.2.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13.1	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XIV.	ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS SUBORDINATED DEBTS	5.2.12	-	74,320,874	74,320,874	799,475	66,271,143	67,070,618	
14.1	Borrowings	5.2.12	-	1,634,899	1,634,899	199,413	1,064,066	1,064,066	
14.2	Other Debt Instruments			72,685,975	72,685,975	799,475	65,207,077	66,006,552	
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	5.2.13	174,011,273	21,720,029	195,731,302	169,478,228	16,455,108	185,933,336	
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5.2.14	337,820,199	2,846,760	340,666,959	329,093,849	2,314,769	331,408,618	
16.1	Paid-in Capital	3.2.14	4,200,000	2,040,700	4,200,000	4,200,000	2,314,707	4,200,000	
16.2	Capital Reserves		784,434	_	784,434	784,434	_	784,434	
16.2.1	Share Premium		11,880	-	11,880	11,880	_	11,880	
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		,	-	,	,	_		
	Other Capital Reserves		772,554	-	772,554	772,554	_	772,554	
16.3	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		24,040,220	1,552,477	25,592,697	23,833,961	1,149,330	24,983,291	
16.4	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		22,118,952	545,528	22,664,480	20,114,665	493,055	20,607,720	
16.5	Profit Reserves		260,121,549	748,755	260,870,304	187,261,190	672,384	187,933,574	
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		6,548,446	748,755	7,297,201	4,725,932	672,384	5,398,316	
16.5.2	Status Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		253,298,756	=	253,298,756	182,269,331	-	182,269,331	
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		274,347	-	274,347	265,927	-	265,927	
16.6	Profit/Loss		25,165,219	-	25,165,219	91,279,430	-	91,279,430	
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		69,851	-	69,851	36,294	-	36,294	
	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss		25,095,368	-	25,095,368	91,243,136	-	91,243,136	
16.7	Minority Interest		1,389,825	-	1,389,825	1,620,169	-	1,620,169	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,049,277,386	1,449,011,425	3,498,288,811	1,821,046,089	1,181,533,290	3,002,579,379	

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items

At 31 March 2025

						OF TURKISH LIRA (TL)				
		Footnotes	C	URRENT PERI	OD		PRIOR PERIOD			
			TL	31 March 2025 FC	Total	TL	31 December 202 FC	4 Total		
A. OFF-	-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		2,888,783,147	1,997,640,252	4,886,423,399	2,180,929,448	1,571,699,684	3,752,629,132		
I.	GUARANTEES AND SURETIES	5.3.1	374,547,623	290,917,488	665,465,111	332,094,808	240,229,095	572,323,903		
1.1	Letters of guarantee		351,397,038	207,347,057	558,744,095	311,772,179	170,290,959	482,063,138		
1.1.1 1.1.2	Guarantees subject to State Tender Law Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		16,282,961	5,281,621 7,638,827	5,281,621 23,921,788	14,283,714	5,001,515 5,980,863	5,001,515 20,264,577		
1.1.3	Other letters of guarantee		335,114,077	194,426,609	529,540,686	297,488,465	159,308,581	456,797,046		
1.2	Bank acceptances		348,977	9,065,737	9,414,714	418,424	8,015,069	8,433,493		
1.2.1	Import letter of acceptance		227,445	9,065,737	9,293,182	309,806	8,015,069	8,324,875		
1.2.2	Other bank acceptances Letters of credit		121,532 888,008	70,323,104	121,532 71,211,112	108,618 287,205	58,383,975	108,618 58,671,180		
1.3.1	Documentary letters of credit		- 000,000	70,323,104	71,211,112	287,203	30,303,973	36,071,160		
1.3.2	Other letters of credit		888,008	70,323,104	71,211,112	287,205	58,383,975	58,671,180		
1.4	Guaranteed prefinancings		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.5	Endorsements		21,913,600	-	21,913,600	19,617,000	-	19,617,000		
1.5.1 1.5.2	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other endorsements		21,913,600	-	21,913,600	19,617,000	_	19,617,000		
1.6	Underwriting commitments		_	-			_			
1.7	Factoring related guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.8	Other guarantees		-	4,181,590	4,181,590	-	3,539,092	3,539,092		
1.9	Other sureties	521		- 120 (00 214	- 1 555 (00 202	1 207 527 112	- 121 552 505	1 500 400 (10		
II. 2.1	COMMITMENTS Irrevocable commitments	5.3.1	1,648,991,989 1,646,964,401	128,688,214 98,424,018	1,777,680,203 1,745,388,419	1,386,726,113 1,384,150,733	121,772,505 96,849,345	1,508,498,618 1,481,000,078		
2.1.1	Asset purchase and sale commitments		38,753,790	64,689,533	103,443,323	4,617,202	66,601,123	71,218,325		
2.1.2	Deposit purchase and sale commitments		-	285,870	285,870	-	23,659	23,659		
2.1.3	Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries			34	34		30	30		
2.1.4	Loan granting commitments		318,808,386	20,835,985	339,644,371	260,980,464	18,566,286	279,546,750		
2.1.5 2.1.6	Securities issuance brokerage commitments Commitments for reserve deposit requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1.7	Commitments for cheque payments		19,694,692	_	19,694,692	14,208,207	_	14,208,207		
2.1.8	Tax and fund obligations on export commitments		2,275,963	-	2,275,963	1,985,064	-	1,985,064		
2.1.9	Commitments for credit card limits		1,267,424,008	5,449,007	1,272,873,015	1,102,354,203	4,621,168	1,106,975,371		
2.1.10 2.1.11	Commitments for credit cards and banking services related promotions Receivables from "short" sale commitments on securities		7,562	-	7,562	5,593	-	5,593		
2.1.11	Payables from "short" sale commitments on securities			-	-	-	-	_		
2.1.13	Other irrevocable commitments		-	7,163,589	7,163,589	-	7,037,079	7,037,079		
2.2	Revocable commitments		2,027,588	30,264,196	32,291,784	2,575,380	24,923,160	27,498,540		
2.2.1	Revocable loan granting commitments		130,836	20,292,319	20,423,155	346,825	16,642,387	16,989,212		
2.2.2 III.	Other revocable commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	5.3.2	1,896,752 865,243,535	9,971,877 1,578,034,550	11,868,629 2,443,278,085	2,228,555 462,108,527	8,280,773 1,209,698,084	10,509,328		
3.1	Derivative financial instruments held for risk management	3.3.2	17,076,843	136,783,042	153,859,885	10,600,163	78,180,693	1,671,806,611 88,780,856		
3.1.1	Fair value hedges		6,981,172	124,114,228	131,095,400		63,584,925	63,584,925		
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		10,095,671	12,668,814	22,764,485	10,600,163	14,595,768	25,195,931		
3.1.3	Net foreign investment hedges		040 155 502	- 1 441 251 500	2 200 410 200	451 500 254	- 1 121 517 201	1 502 025 755		
3.2 3.2.1	Trading derivatives Forward foreign currency purchases/sales		848,166,692 88,675,353	1,441,251,508 151,941,008	2,289,418,200 240,616,361	451,508,364 41,934,451	1,131,517,391 49,897,110	1,583,025,755 91,831,561		
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchases		30,172,337	89,223,406	119,395,743	23,027,758	22,462,381	45,490,139		
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sales		58,503,016	62,717,602	121,220,618	18,906,693	27,434,729	46,341,422		
3.2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		668,413,774	1,003,404,625	1,671,818,399	364,299,901	837,818,870	1,202,118,771		
3.2.2.1	Currency swaps-purchases		29,324,429	338,709,749	368,034,178	10,995,944	244,540,653	255,536,597		
3.2.2.2 3.2.2.3	Currency swaps-sales Interest rate swaps-purchases		119,348,137 259,870,604	327,885,803 168,404,536	447,233,940 428,275,140	64,326,775 145,302,341	272,429,682 159,560,567	336,756,457 304,862,908		
3.2.2.4	Interest rate swaps-sales		259,870,604	168,404,537	428,275,141	143,674,841	161,287,968	304,962,809		
3.2.3	Currency, interest rate and security options		87,652,079	91,782,025	179,434,104	44,100,348	55,674,665	99,775,013		
3.2.3.1	Currency call options		15,947,364	69,280,278	85,227,642	4,820,746	35,244,714	40,065,460		
3.2.3.2 3.2.3.3	Currency put options Interest rate call options		67,951,979	22,501,747	90,453,726	37,468,434	6,610,751 6,909,600	44,079,185 6,909,600		
3.2.3.4	Interest rate put options		-	-	-	-	6,909,600	6,909,600		
3.2.3.5	Security call options		1,876,368	-	1,876,368	905,584	-	905,584		
3.2.3.6	Security put options		1,876,368	-	1,876,368	905,584	-	905,584		
3.2.4	Currency futures		2,918,068	2,709,500	5,627,568	529,375	469,043	998,418		
3.2.4.1 3.2.4.2	Currency futures-purchases Currency futures-sales		2,918,068	9,326 2,700,174	2,927,394 2,700,174	512,858 16,517	469,043	512,858 485,560		
3.2.5	Interest rate futures		_	188,940	188,940	10,517	345,480	345,480		
3.2.5.1	Interest rate futures-purchases		-	-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.5.2	Interest rate futures-sales		-	188,940	188,940	-	345,480	345,480		
3.2.6	Others		507,418	191,225,410	191,732,828	644,289	187,312,223	187,956,512		
TX 7	TODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI)		6,393,064,991	6,641,898,383	13,034,963,374	5,716,805,332	6,692,189,233	12,408,994,565		
4.1	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY Customers' securities held		918,923,655	3,754,601	922,678,256	850,591,760	215,463	1,516,976,967 850,807,223		
4.2	Investment securities held in custody		102,868,240	288,176,167	391,044,407	138,980,713	231,358,820	370,339,533		
4.3	Checks received for collection		133,969,550	27,395,083	161,364,633	108,487,892	22,872,914	131,360,806		
4.4	Commercial notes received for collection		14,632,423	8,409,160	23,041,583	12,339,686	7,961,158	20,300,844		
4.5	Other assets received for collection		794,571	133,000,434	133,795,005	732,966	117,346,605	118,079,571		
4.6 4.7	Assets received through public offering Other items under custody		441,068	919,764 26,926,007	919,764 27,367,075	515,514	838,386 24,735,090	838,386 25,250,604		
4.8	Custodians		-		27,507,075	515,514	2.,733,070	25,250,004		
v.	PLEDGED ITEMS		5,221,435,484	6,153,317,167	11,374,752,651	4,605,156,801	6,286,860,797	10,892,017,598		
5.1	Securities		39,137,168	54,012,527	93,149,695	35,839,965	47,613,743	83,453,708		
5.2	Guarantee notes		25,627,199	120,235,572	145,862,771	25,207,043	104,709,054	129,916,097		
5.3 5.4	Commodities Warranties		495,989	11,113,091	495,989 11,113,091	545,489	9,217,785	545,489 9,217,785		
5.4	Warranties Real estates		1,828,887,638	890,116,261	2,719,003,899	1,596,328,815	9,217,785	2,528,186,909		
5.6	Other pledged items		3,327,287,490	5,077,839,716	8,405,127,206	2,947,235,489	5,193,462,121	8,140,697,610		
5.7	Pledged items-depository		-	-	-	-	-	-		
VI.	CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND SURETIES		-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1		1						
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (A+B)		9,281,848,138	8,639,538,635	17,921,386,773	7,897,734,780	8,263,888,917	16,161,623,697		

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Turkish)

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the period ended at 31 March 2025

			THOUSANDS OF T	URKISH LIRA (TL)
	DIGOME AND EMBENCE WEING	- ·	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Footnotes	1 January 2025-	1 January 2024-
			31 March 2025	31 March 2024
I.	INTEREST INCOME	5.4.1	173,824,309	104,498,974
1.1	Interest income on loans		123,538,707	76,214,793
1.2	Interest income on reserve deposits		16,171,535	3,450,600
1.3	Interest income on banks		10,899,870	3,082,424
1.4 1.5	Interest income on money market transactions Interest income on securities portfolio		1,326,284 19,894,158	2,207,581 16,753,357
1.5.1	Financial assets measured at FVTPL		314,092	237,928
1.5.2	Financial assets measured at FVOCI		7,651,071	5,627,366
1.5.3	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		11,928,995	10,888,063
1.6	Financial lease income		1,603,031	1,412,609
1.7	Other interest income		390,724	1,377,610
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	5.4.2	134,502,568	79,559,222
2.1 2.2	Interest on deposits Interest on funds borrowed		117,257,194 2,443,637	74,142,657 2,293,082
2.3	Interest on money market transactions		12,470,750	1,369,904
2.4	Interest on securities issued		2,002,691	1,183,166
2.5	Lease interest expense		248,195	107,054
2.6	Other interest expenses		80,101	463,359
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		39,321,741	24,939,752
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES	5.4.12	30,383,178	19,626,300
4.1 4.1.1	Fees and commissions received Non-cash loans		43,314,803	28,233,141
4.1.1	Others		1,481,414 41,833,389	1,130,943 27,102,198
4.2	Fees and commissions paid (-)		12,931,625	8,606,841
4.2.1	Non-cash loans		19,018	24,676
4.2.2	Others		12,912,607	8,582,165
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	5.4.3	8,179	8,022
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME/LOSSES (Net)	5.4.4	4,190,051	5,455,697
6.1	Trading account income/losses		1,734,169	(4,234)
6.2 6.3	Income/losses from derivative financial instruments Foreign exchange gains/losses		(762,356) 3,218,238	(1,472,752) 6,932,683
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	5.4.5	19,846,810	15,276,200
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	3.4.3	93,749,959	65,305,971
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	5.4.6	23,811,824	15,971,476
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	5.4.6	253,384	39,785
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		13,561,064	8,640,634
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	5.4.7	22,079,305	13,139,030
XIII. XIV.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII) INCOME BESULTED FROM MEDCERS		34,044,382	27,515,046
XIV. XV.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING		540,567	751,652
XVI.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		540,507	751,032
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XIII++XVI)	5.4.8	34,584,949	28,266,698
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES (±)	5.4.9	9,186,250	5,787,115
18.1	Current tax charge		8,934,984	8,399,106
18.2	Deferred tax charge (+)		2,180,274	1,482,037
18.3	Deferred tax credit (-)	5 4 10	(1,929,008)	(4,094,028)
XIX. XX.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES (XVII±XVIII) INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	5.4.10	25,398,699	22,479,583
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.1	Income from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures			
20.3	Others		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.2	Expenses on sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
21.3	Others PROPERTY OCCUPENDE TAYES ON DISCONTINUED OPED ATIONS (V.Y. VVI)	5.4.0	-	-
XXII. XXIII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI) PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	5.4.8 5.4.9	-	-
23.1	Current tax charge	3.4.7		_
23.2	Deferred tax charge (+)		- 1	_
23.3	Deferred tax credit (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)	5.4.10	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	5.4.11	25,398,699	22,479,583
25.1	Equity holders of the bank		25,095,368	22,290,266
25.2	Minority interest		303,331	189,317
	Earnings per Share		0.05975	0.05307

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Turkish)

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the period ended at 31 March 2025

		THOUSANDS OF T	URKISH LIRA (TL)
STAT	TEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
		1 January 2025 -	1 January 2024 -
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	25,398,699	22,479,583
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2,660,526	1,253,258
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	609,406	691,055
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	(4,691)	123,288
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	(479,757)	(445,092
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	514,876	316,061
2.1.5	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	578,978	696,798
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	2,051,120	562,203
2.2.1	Translation Differences	6,520,909	2,501,916
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	(4,318,834)	(925,070
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	660,637	(942,393
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(2,679,447)	(1,133,857
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	117,258	192,569
2.2.6	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	1,750,597	869,038
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	28,059,225	23,732,841

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the period ended at 31 March 2025

For the period ended at 31 March 2025									THOUSANDS	S OF TURKISH L	IRA (TL)								
							orehensive Incor oe Recycled to P	ne/Expense	Other Compre	ehensive Income/Expecycled to Profit or	pense Items to								
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Footnotes	Footnotes	Footnotes	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	Revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	Others	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	Others	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Shareholders' Equity Before Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders Equity
PRIOR PERIOD (01/01/2024-31/03/2024) I. Balances at Beginning of Period		4,200,000	11,880	-	772,554	15,971,976	(1,994,953)	1,322,665	28,894,950	3,337,016	(8,778,924)	114,589,030	86,374,997	-	244,701,191	920,327	245,621,518		
II. Correction made as per TAS 8 2.1. Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.2. Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) IV. Total Comprehensive Income	5.5	4,200,000	11,880	-	772,554	15,971,976 701,398	(1,994,953) (311,564)	1,322,665 301,221	28,894,950 2,501,916	3,337,016 (656,537)	(8,778,924) (1,279,480)	114,589,030	86,374,997	22,290,266	244,701,191 23.547,220	920,327 185,621	245,621,518 23,732,841		
V. Capital Increase in Cash VI. Capital Increase from Internal Sources VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VIII Convertible Bonds IX. Subordinated Liabilities			-	- - -	-		-	- - -	-	-	-		- - -	-	-		-		
X. Others Changes XI. Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	36,862 73,275,239	(86,374,997)	-	36,862 (13,099,758)	- (241,387)	36,862 (13,341,145		
11.1 Dividends11.2 Transfers to Reserves11.3 Others		-	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -		-	-	73,257,539 17,700	(13,099,758) (73,257,539) (17,700)	-	(13,099,758)	(241,387)	(13,341,145		
Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)		4,200,000	11,880	-	772,554	16,673,374	(2,306,517)	1,623,886	31,396,866	2,680,479	(10,058,404)	187,901,131	-	22,290,266	255,185,515	864,561	256,050,076		
CURRENT PERIOD (01/01/2025-31/03/2025)																			
I. Balances at Beginning of Period II. Correction made as per TAS 8 2.1. Effect of Corrections		4,200,000	11,880	-	772,554	25,642,651	(2,825,872)	2,166,512	33,263,218	(1,426,792)	(11,228,706)	187,933,574	91,279,430	-	329,788,449	1,620,169	331,408,618		
2.2. Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies III. Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II) IV. Total Comprehensive Income V. Capital Increase in Cash	5.5	4,200,000	11,880	- - - -	772,554	25,642,651 492,321	(2,825,872) (335,824)	2,166,512 452,909	33,263,218 6,520,909	(1,426,792) (3,046,227)	(11,228,706) (1,417,922)	187,933,574	91,279,430	25,095,368	329,788,449 27,761,534	1,620,169 297,691	331,408,618 28,059,225		
VI. Capital Increase from Internal Sources VII. Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital VIII Convertible Bonds IX. Subordinated Liabilities		- - -	- - -	-	-	- - -	-	- - -	-		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-			
X. Others Changes XI. Profit Distribution 11.1 Dividends		- - -	-	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	-	-	128,577 72,808,153	33,574 (91,243,153) (18,435,000)	-	162,151 (18,435,000) (18,435,000)	(528,035) (528,035)	162,15 (18,963,03 (18,963,03		
11.2 Transfers to Reserves 11.3 Others Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)		4,200,000	11,880	-	772,554	26,134,972	- (3,161,696)	- - 2,619,421	39,784,127	(4,473,019)	(12,646,628)	72,794,297 13,856 260,870,304	(72,794,297) (13,856) 69,851	25,095,368	339,277,134	1,389,825	340,666,95		

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Turkish)

Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the period ended at 31 March 2025

			THOUGANDS OF T	IDVICILLIDA (TL.)
			THOUSANDS OF T	
	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	Footnotes	CURRENT PERIOD	PRIOR PERIOD
			1 January 2025-	1 January 2024 -
Α.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
11.				
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	5.6	46,499,008	49,676,563
1.1.1	Interests received		157,247,871	85,964,847
1.1.2	Interests paid		(127,921,265)	(61,512,248)
1.1.3	Dividend received		8,179	8,022
1.1.4 1.1.5	Fees and commissions received Other income		43,314,803 19,827,470	28,233,141 14,310,300
1.1.5	Collections from previously written-off receivables		1,886,038	641,363
1.1.7	Cash payments to personnel and service suppliers		(31,727,902)	(19,038,445)
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(5,914,662)	(186,139)
1.1.9	Others		(10,221,524)	1,255,722
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities	5.6	161,885,939	(61,173,296)
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at FVTPL		2,325,066	(3,797,615)
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in finalicial assets measured at I v I I L Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(21,304,004)	(63,774,440)
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans		(237,004,885)	(175,726,680)
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets		7,537,410	(6,727,537)
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits		(18,401,405)	655,956
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		443,255,132	134,139,424
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities measured at FVTPL		(637,163)	-
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed		(12,749,024)	31,588,564
1.2.9 1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities		(1,135,188)	22,469,032
			, , , , ,	
I.	Net cash flow from banking operations	5.6	208,384,947	(11,496,733)
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash flow from investing activities	5.6	(26,498,708)	(36,552,859)
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-
2.3	Purchases of tangible assets		(6,049,746)	(1,367,343)
2.4	Sales of tangible assets		2,108,549	127,612
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at FVOCI		(57,930,840)	(18,651,987)
2.6 2.7	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at FVOCI Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost		31,200,524 (10,810,313)	9,709,761 (39,419,243)
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost		14,983,118	13,048,341
2.9	Others		-	-
С.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net cash flow from financing activities		28,740,877	3,407,248
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		55,944,384	22,347,788
3.1	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(20,456,935)	(13,024,840)
3.3	Equity instruments issued		(20,730,733)	(13,027,040)
3.4	Dividends paid		(7,789,909)	(5,168,804)
3.5	Payments for leases		1,043,337	(746,896)
3.6	Others		-	
IV.	Effect of translation differences on cash and cash equivalents	5.6	6,474,919	5,030,712
V.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (I+II+III+IV)	5.6	217,102,035	(39,611,632)
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5.6	202,945,617	295,973,109
VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (V+VI)	5.6	420,047,652	256,361,477

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3 Accounting Policies

3.1 Basis of presentation

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries prepare their consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Regulation which includes the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and real estates which are presented on a fair value basis.

Prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué amending the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 with No. 30673.

The accounting policies and the valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in Notes from 3.2 to 3.29.

3.1.1 Changes in Accounting policies and disclosures

New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance, and on the Group's accounting policies. New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective as of the finalization date of the financial statements have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance, and on the Group's accounting policies.

3.1.2 Other

Entities whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy present their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period according to "TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies". Based on the announcement made by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) on 23 November 2023, entities applying Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) are required to present their financial statements by adjusting for the impact of inflation for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2023, in accordance with the accounting principles specified in TAS 29. In the same announcement, it was stated that institutions or organizations authorized to regulate and supervise in their respective scope might determine different transition dates for the implementation of inflation accounting, and in this context, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) announced that;

- In accordance with Board decision on 12 December 2023, financial statements of banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies as of 31 December 2023 would not be subject to the inflation adjustment.
- In accordance with Board decision on 11 January 2024, banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies are required to apply inflation adjustment as of 1 January 2025.
- In accordance with the Board decision numbered 11021 on 5 December 2024, banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies will not apply inflation adjustment in 2025.

Based on this, "TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies" has not been applied in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 March 2025.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

In February 2019, POA issued TFRS 17, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation, and disclosure. TFRS 17 introduces a model that both measures insurance contract liabilities at their current balance sheet value and recognizes profit over the period in which the services are provided. With the announcement made by POA, the mandatory effective date of the Standard has been postponed to accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Accordingly, the Group has not applied the related standard in the consolidated financial statements of its subsidiary Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş..

3.2 Strategy for use of financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

3.2.1 Strategy for use of financial instruments

The liability side of the balance sheet is intensively composed of short-term deposits in line with the general trend in the banking sector. In addition to deposits, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries have access to longer-term borrowings via borrowings from abroad.

In order to manage the interest rate risk arising from short-term deposits, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries are keen on maintaining floating rate instruments such as government bonds with quarterly coupon payments and instruments like credit cards and consumer loans providing regular cash inflows. A portion of the fixed-rate securities and loans and the bonds are hedged under fair value hedges. The fair value risks of such fixed-rate assets and financial liabilities are hedged with interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps. The fair value changes of the hedged fixed-rate financial assets and financial liabilities together with the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments, namely interest rate swaps and cross-currency swaps, are accounted under net trading income/losses in the income statement. At the inception of the hedge and during the subsequent periods, the hedge is expected to achieve the offsetting of changes in fair value attributable to the hedged risk for which the hedge is designated, and accordingly, the hedge effectiveness tests are performed.

It may classify the financial assets and liabilities as at fair value through profit or loss at the initial recognition in order to eliminate any accounting inconsistency.

The fundamental strategy to manage the liquidity risk that may incur due to short-term structure of funding is to expand the deposit base through customer-oriented banking philosophy and to increase customer transactions and retention rates. The widespread and effective branch network, advantage of primary dealership, and strong market share in the treasury and capital markets, are the most effective tools in the realisation of this strategy. For this purpose, serving customers by introducing new products and services continuously and reaching the customers satisfaction are very important.

Another influential factor in the management of the interest and liquidity risk on balance sheet is product diversification both on asset and liability sides.

Exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk are controlled and measured by various risk management systems, and the balance sheet is managed under the limits set by these systems and the limits legally required. Asset-liability management and value-at-risk models, stress tests, and scenario analysis are used for this purpose.

Purchase and sale of short and long-term financial instruments are allowed within the pre-determined limits to generate risk-free return on capital.

The foreign currency position is controlled by the equilibrium of a currency basket to eliminate the foreign exchange risk.

3.2.2 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions are recorded at transaction dates. At the end of the periods, foreign currency assets and liabilities are evaluated with the Bank's spot purchase rates for the Parent Bank and domestic financial subsidiaries, and the differences are recorded as foreign exchange gain or loss in the income statement.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

During the consolidation of foreign subsidiaries, the assets and liabilities are translated into TL at exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date, and the income and expenses in income statement are translated into TL using monthly average exchange rates. Foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of income and expenses and other equity items are recognized in "other comprehensive income/expense items to be recycled to profit or loss under the shareholders' equity.

In the current period, net investment hedge amounting to EUR 530,583,575 (31 December 2024: EUR 530,583,575) is applied in total among investments in Garanti Bank International NV and Garanti Holding BV having capitals denominated in foreign currencies and long-term foreign currency borrowings. Foreign exchange losses amounting to TL 19,542,720 (31 December 2024: TL 16,863,273), arising from conversion of both foreign currency investments and long-term foreign currency borrowings are accounted under capital reserves and other comprehensive income/expense items to be recycled to profit/loss, respectively under equity as of 31 March 2025. There is no ineffective portion arising from net investment hedge accounting.

3.3 Information on consolidated subsidiaries

As of 31 March 2025, Türkiye Garanti Bankası Anonim Şirketi and the following financial subsidiaries are consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements; Garanti Bank International (GBI), Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ (Garanti Finansal Kiralama), Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ (Garanti Yatırım), Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ (Garanti Portföy), Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ (Garanti Emeklilik), Garanti Faktoring AŞ (Garanti Faktoring), Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ (GÖSAŞ), Garanti Holding BV (Garanti Holding) and Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri AŞ (TAMİ).

Garanti Finansal Kiralama was established in 1990 to perform financial lease activities and all related transactions and contracts. The company's head office is in Istanbul. The Bank increased its shareholding to 100% through a further acquisition of 0.04% of the company's shares on 21 October 2014.

Garanti Faktoring was established in 1990 to perform import, export and domestic factoring activities. The company's head office is in Istanbul. The Bank owns 81.84% of Garanti Faktoring shares including the shares acquired in the market, T. İhracat Kredi Bankası AŞ owns 9.78% of the company's shares and the remaining 8.38% shares are held by public.

GBI was established in October 1990 to perform banking activities abroad. The head office of this bank is in Amsterdam. It is wholly owned by the Bank.

Garanti Yatırım was established in 1991 to perform brokerage activities for marketable securities, valuable papers and documents representing financial values or financial commitments of issuing parties other than securities. The company's head office is in Istanbul. It is wholly owned by the Bank. Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ that Garanti Yatırım participated by 3.61%, has been consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements due to the company's right to elect all the members of the Board of Directors as resulted from its privilege in election of board members.

In 1992, it was decided to operate life and health branches under a different company and accordingly Garanti Hayat Sigorta AŞ was established. Garanti Hayat Sigorta AŞ was converted into a private pension company in compliance with the legislation early in 2003 and its name was changed as Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ. Following the sale transactions that took place on 21 June 2007, the Bank's ownership in Garanti Emeklilik decreased to 84.91%. The head office of this company is in Istanbul.

Garanti Portföy was established in June 1997 to manage the customer portfolios by using the capital market products in compliance with the principles and rules of the regulations regarding the company's purpose of establishment and the portfolio management agreements signed with the customers. The company's head office is in Istanbul. It is wholly owned by the Bank.

Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri was incorporated in 1999. It offers the infrastructure required clearing and reconciliation transactions among participants. It constitutes, operates and develops the system, platform and infrastructures ensuring or supporting any and all types of payments or money transfers without having to use cash.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)) Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri was established in 2022 with a partnership of 50% Garanti BBVA and 50% Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ. As of May 16, 2024, with the capital increase of the Parent Bank amounting TL 400,000,000, the shareholding structure of the company has changed to 80.53% Garanti BBVA and 19.47% Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ. On January 30, 2024, it was granted a license by the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye, allowing it to operate as a payment and electronic money institution to provide electronic money issuance services. As of February 10, 2025, with the capital increase of the Parent Bank amounting TL 595,000,000, the shareholding structure of the company has changed to 89.80% Garanti BBVA and 10.20% Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ.

Garanti Holding was established in December 2007 in Amsterdam and all its shares was purchased by the Bank from Doğuş Holding AŞ in May 2010. On 27 January 2011, the consolidated subsidiary's legal named changed to Garanti Holding BV from D Netherlands BV.

Garanti Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company and RPV Company are structured entities established for the Parent Bank's DPR transactions, and consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Bank or any of its subsidiaries does not have any shareholding interests in these companies.

Non-financial subsidiaries owned by the Bank and its subsidiaries within the scope of consolidation are accounted by using the equity method as defined in TAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures".

3.4 Forwards, options and other derivative transactions

3.4.1 Derivative financial assets

Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

The derivative transactions mainly consist of foreign currency and interest rate swaps, foreign currency options, and forward foreign currency purchase/sale contacts.

Derivatives are initially recorded at their fair values. The related transaction costs are recognized in income statement at the date they incur. The changes in their fair values are recorded on balance sheet under "the portion of derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss" or "the portion of derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss", respectively depending on the fair values being positive or negative. Fair value changes for derivatives are recorded in the account of "income/losses from derivative transactions" under statement of profit or loss.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stable, an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices is made and this adjustment is reflected to the fair value measurement. In this context, the point is determined within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions. The Parent Bank uses off-shore market curve for swap and forward transactions with foreign institutions and uses the TLREF-based OIS ("Overnight Indexed Swap") market curve for swap and forward transactions with domestic institutions in order to reflect the fair value measurement and performed the necessary fair value measurement adjustments.

The spot legs of currency swap transactions are recorded on the balance sheet and the forward legs in the off-balance sheet accounts as commitment. In the initial phase of currency swaps, the currency exchange transactions to realise at value dates are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts up to their value dates.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that also includes a non-derivative host with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to stand-alone derivative. An embedded derivative causes some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract to be modified according to a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating, or credit index, or other variables, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to contract. A derivative that is attached to a financial instrument but is contractually transferable independently of that instrument, or has a different counterparty, is not an embedded derivative but a separate financial instrument. If a hybrid contract contains a host that is an asset within the scope of this standard, it is applied the standard's requirements about classification of financial assets to the entire hybrid contract. The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries do not have either any hybrid contract contains a host that is not an asset within the scope of this standard or a financial instrument which shall be separated from the host and accounted for as derivative under this standard.

Credit derivatives; are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another. The credit derivatives portfolio included in the off-balance sheet accounts composes of total return swaps and credit default swaps resulted from protection buying or selling.

Credit default swap; is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to pay the protection value to the protection buyer in case of certain credit risk events in return for the premium paid by the buyer for the contract. Credit default swaps are valued daily at their fair values.

Total return swap; is a contract, in which the protection seller commits to make a certain payment and compensate the decreases in market values of the reference assets to the buyer under the condition that the protection buyer will transfer all the cash flows to be created by and the increases in market values of the reference asset. It is entered into total return swap contract for the purpose of generating long-term funding.

3.4.2 Derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose

TFRS 9 permits to defer implementation of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Group was applying hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 until 1 January 2025.

As of 1 January 2025, The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries have started to apply TFRS 9 requirements for micro hedge derivative financial instruments and continues to apply TAS 39 requirements for macro fair value hedge derivative financial instruments.

The Group applies TFRS 9 hedge accounting to all hedge relationships, with the exception of fair value hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial assets or financial liabilities.

The Group enters into interest rate and cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in fair values of fixed-rate financial instruments. The changes in fair values of derivative instruments held for fair value hedges are recognised in "Income/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments". If the hedging is effective, the changes in fair value of the hedged item is presented in the Statement of Financial Position together with the fixed-rate loan. In case of fixed-rate financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, such changes are reclassified from Shareholders' Equity to Statement of Profit or Loss.

Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries enter into interest rate and cross-currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in cash flows of the floating-rate financial instruments. While applying cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is accounted for under "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" in shareholders' equity, and the ineffective portion is recognised in income statement. The changes recognized in shareholders' equity are removed and included in statement of profit or loss in the same period when the hedged cash flows effect the income or loss.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries discontinue hedge accounting prospectively only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria. This includes instances when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised. For this purpose, the replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such a replacement or rollover is part of, and consistent with, the Bank's documented risk management objective. Additionally, for this purpose there is not an expiration or termination of the hedging instrument.

Besides The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries perform effectiveness tests as an additional control at the beginning of hedge accounting and at each reporting period. Effectiveness tests are performed with the "Dollar off-set method" and if the effectiveness is between 80% and 125%, it is reviewed in accordance with TFRS 9 regarding the continuation of the hedging relationship.

When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to Statement of Profit or Loss under trading account income/loss caption over the maturity of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued.

While discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting, the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders' equity and presented under Other Comprehensive Income or Expense to be Recycled to Profit or Loss, are continued to be kept in this account.

When the cash flows of hedged item incur, the gain/losses accounted for under Shareholders' Equity, are recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss considering the original maturity.

3.5 Interest income and expenses

General

Interest is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equalizing future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities to net present value) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. In applying the effective interest method, it is identified fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. In those cases, such fees are accounted as revenue or expense when the financial instrument is initially recognised in the financial statements.

When applying the effective interest method, it is amortised any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument.

In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest income of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements.

If the expectations for the cash flows in the financial asset are revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the amendment is reflected in the carrying amount of the asset and in the related income statement line and is amortized over the estimated life of the financial asset.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, it is applied the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected credit loss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "expected credit losses" expense and "interest income from loans" for interest amounts calculated in this way.

If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), the system calculates interest income at subsequent reporting periods by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial lease activities

Total of minimum rental payments including interests and principals are recorded under "financial lease receivables" as gross. The difference, i.e. the interest, between the total of rental payments and the cost of the related tangible asset is recorded under "unearned income". When the rent payment incurs, the rent amount is deducted from "financial lease receivables"; and the interest portion is recorded as interest income in the income statement.

3.6 Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions except for which are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

3.7 Financial instruments

3.7.1 Initial recognition of financial instruments

It shall be recognised a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, an entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted for the settlement date.

3.7.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", at initial recognition, financial assets or financial liabilities are measured at fair value. At initial recognition, financial asset or a financial liability exclusive the ones at fair value through profit or loss are measured at its fair value plus or minus, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

3.7.3 Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instrument shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

3.7.3.1 Assessment of the business model

As per TFRS 9, the business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not an instrument-by-instrument approach to classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

During assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, it must be considered all relevant evidence that is available at the date of the assessment. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way in which those risks are managed; and
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

Assessment of the business model is not performed on the basis of scenarios that the entity does not reasonably expect to occur, such as so-called 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the expectations at the date that it is assessed the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as it is considered all relevant information that was available at the time that it made the business model assessment. However, when the business model is assessed for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must be considered information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information.

The business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

- A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets: It may be held financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model is accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Other business models: Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

3.7.3.2 Contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

As per TFRS 9, a financial asset is classified on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In a basic lending arrangement, consideration for the time value of money and credit risk are typically the most significant elements of interest. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgment and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.7.4 Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets are classified based on the business model for managing the financial assets. Accordingly, financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost,
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial investments and loans measured at amortised cost

Financial investments and loans are measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- Financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- Contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Financial investments measured at amortised cost: subsequent to the initial recognition, financial investments measured at amortised cost are accounted at amortised cost calculated by using the effective interest rate method. The expected losses calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 are presented in Note 5.1.8.5.

Loans: financial assets other than those held for trading in short term or generated through providing money, commodity and services to debtors. Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and not quoted in an active market.

Loans are recognized at cost and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Duties paid, transaction costs and other similar expenses on assets received against such risks are considered as a part of transaction cost and charged to customers. The expected losses calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 are presented in Note 5.1.5.11.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

As per TFRS 9, financial investments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- Financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- Contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified. If the financial asset is reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at their fair values subsequently. However, assets for which fair values could not be determined reliably are valued at amortized cost by using the discounting method with effective interest rate, that approximates to fair value, for floating-rate securities; and by using valuation models or discounted cash flow techniques for fixed-rate securities.

Unrecognised gains/losses derived from the difference between their fair value and the discounted values are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss under the shareholders' equity. In case of sales, the gain/losses arising from fair value measurement accumulated under shareholders' equity are recognized in income statement.

Interests calculated and/or earned by using the effective interest method during holding of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded primarily in interest income. In case of sale of such debt securities are sold before maturity date, the difference between the sales income calculated as difference between the cost in accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts and the sale price and the recognized interest income is transferred to "trading account income/losses".

The Bank also consumer price indexed government bonds ("CPI") in its securities portfolio, reclassified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at amortised cost. CPI's are valued and accounted based on the effective interest rate method which is calculated according to the real coupon rate and the reference inflation index on the issue date. As it is mentioned in the Undersecretariat of Treasury's Investor Guide of CPI, the reference index used during the calculation of the actual coupon payment amount is the previous two months' CPI's. The Bank determines its expected inflation rates in compliance with this guideline. The estimated inflation rate according to the Central Bank of Türkiye's and the Bank's expectations, may be updated during the year when it is considered necessary.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

At initial recognition, it can be made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies. Such election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the cumulative gain or loss shall be transferred to prior period's profit or loss. Dividends on such investments are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss are valued at their fair values and gain/loss arising on those assets is recorded in the income statement. Interest income earned on trading securities and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the income statement. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such securities are recorded under trading account income/losses in the income statement. In cases where such securities are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses.

It is classified certain loans and securities issued at their origination dates, as financial assets/liabilities, irrevocably at fair value through profit or loss in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in compliance with TFRS 9.

The interest income/expense earned and the difference between the acquisition costs and the amortized costs of financial liabilities are recorded under interest income/expense in statement of profit or loss, the difference between the amortized costs and the fair values of financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses in statement of profit or loss. The amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability at fair value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability shall be presented in other comprehensive income unless it creates accounting mismatch or increases the accounting mismatch. Excluding the change in credit risk of the liability, the change in the fair value of the liability shall be recognized in profit or loss.

3.8 Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments

Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised on financial assets and loans measured at amortised cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments, and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit or loss based on TFRS 9 and the regulation published in the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from 1 January 2018. TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not applicable for equity instruments.

At each reporting date, it shall be assessed whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, it shall be used the change in the risk of a default occurring for the financial instrument.

As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, it shall be measured the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, it is measured loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The expected credit loss is calculated on a collective basis by means of grouping the financial assets having common credit risk features or on an individual basis.

It is constituted a policy in order to make an assessment whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition by taking into consideration change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument. The aforementioned policy is presented in note 3.8.3.

The impairment model having 3 stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition based on TFRS 9 is explained below.

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

3.8.1 Calculation of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are calculated based on a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows that are due based on the contract and the cash flows that are expected to be received.

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default, which is usually set at 12 months, given certain characteristics. Based on TFRS 9, it is used two different PDs in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Internal rating systems are used for both retail and commercial portfolios. The internal rating models used for the commercial portfolio include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the retail portfolio include; (i) the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Bank, (ii) the demographic information of the customer, and (iii) the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward-looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

LGD calculations are performed using historical data which best reflect current conditions, by formation of segments based on certain risk factors that are deemed important for each portfolio and inclusion of forward-looking information and macroeconomic expectations. LGD summarizes all cash flows from customers subsequent to default. It covers all costs and collections that occur during the collection cycle, including collections from collaterals. It also includes the "time value of money" calculated by means of deducting costs and additional losses from the present value of collections.

Exposure at Default (EAD): For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion factor corresponds to the factor which adjusts the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

When expected credit losses are estimated, it is considered three scenarios (base scenario, bad scenario, good scenario). Each of these three scenarios is associated with different probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default. When relevant, the assessment of multiple scenarios also incorporates how defaulted loans are expected to be recovered, including the probability that the loans will cure and the value of collateral or the amount that might be received for selling the asset.

With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless there is the legal right to call it earlier.

Stage 1: 12-month expected credit loss represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date and calculated as the portion of lifetime expected credit losses. It is calculated 12-month expected credit loss based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate. Such calculation is performed for each of three scenarios explained above.

Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, it is calculated an allowance for the lifetime expected credit losses. Including multiple scenario usage, it is similar to descriptions above, but probability of default and loss given default rates are estimated through the life of the instrument. Estimated cash shortfalls are discounted by using the original effective interest rate.

Stage 3: For the loans considered as impaired, it is accounted for lifetime expected credit losses. The methodology is similar to stage 2 and the probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

It is considered a debt as default on these two below conditions;

- 1. Objective Default Definition: It means debt having past due more than 90 days. Current definition of default is based on a more than 90 days past due definition. If a loan is exactly 90 days past due, it will not be considered as default. Default status starts on the 91st day.
- 2. Subjective Default Definition: It means it is considered that a debt is unlikely to be paid. Whenever it is considered that an obligor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or the number of days past due.

For the purpose of determining significant increases in credit risk and recognising a loss allowance on a collective basis, financial instruments are grouped on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics. In this context, the methodology developed for the estimation of expected credit losses should include the risk features which meet the criteria for carrying the same credit risk characteristics. Examples of the common credit risk characteristics include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Customer type (retail or corporate/commercial)
- Product type
- Credit risk rating notes /scores
- Sector/market segmentation
- Collateral type
- Loan to value ratio
- Duration since origination of a loan
- Remaining time to maturity
- Exposure at default

In addition, a certain portion of commercial and corporate loans is assessed individually in accordance with the internal policies in the calculation of the expected credit losses based on TFRS 9. Such calculations are made by discounting the expected cash deficits from the individual financial instrument to its present value using the effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, it shall be considered the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low. Such assessment is made by reflecting the estimate of expected credit loss which is unbiased and probability-weighted determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes.

In accordance with the internal policies, TFRS 9 models are updated once a year. The related model update was made in the last quarter of 2024 and has calculated credit losses provision is continued to calculated based on the updated model during 2024.

3.8.1.1 Loan commitments and non-cash loans

The expected credit losses on a loan commitment shall be discounted using the effective interest rate, or an approximation thereof, that will be applied when recognising the financial asset resulting from the loan commitment. This is because for the purpose of applying the impairment requirements, a financial asset that is recognised following a drawdown on a loan commitment shall be treated as a continuation of that commitment instead of as a new financial instrument.

The expected credit losses on the financial asset shall therefore be measured considering the initial credit risk of the loan commitment from the date when becoming a party to the irrevocable commitment.

Expected credit losses on financial guarantee contracts or on loan commitments for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined shall be discounted by applying a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)) Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3.8.1.2 Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

In accordance with TFRS 9, the impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall be applied. However, the loss allowance shall be recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position. The expected credit loss is reflected in other comprehensive income and the accumulated amount is recycled to statement of profit/loss following the derecognition of related financial asset.

3.8.1.3 Credit cards and other revolving loans

The Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to consolidation offer credit card and overdraft products which give ability to corporate and commercial customers demand repayment and cancel the undrawn commitment. Such products do not limit the period that entities are exposed to credit losses with the contractual notice. For this reason, it is calculated the expected credit losses for these products over a period of time reflecting the anticipation of customer behavior, the likelihood of default, and future risk mitigation procedures such as the reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

When determining the period over which it is expected to be exposed to credit risk, but for which expected credit losses would not be mitigated by normal credit risk management actions, it is considered factors such as historical information and experience about the below items:

- the period over which the entity was exposed to credit risk on similar financial instruments;
- the length of time for related defaults to occur on similar financial instruments following a significant increase in credit risk; and
- the credit risk management actions that it is expected to be taken once the credit risk on the financial instrument has increased, such as the reduction or removal of undrawn limits.

It is calculated expected credit losses on the revolving products of retail and corporate customers by considering 3 to 5 years.

It is made assessment of significant increase in credit risk of revolving loans by considering qualitative and quantitative criteria considered for other credit products as explained in disclosure 3.8.3.

3.8.2 Forward-looking macroeconomic information

Forward-looking macroeconomic information is incorporated into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increases in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation. The incorporation of forward-looking information into the credit risk parameters consists of the following steps:

Step 1: It is made specifications and estimates of econometric models that reveal past relationships between credit risk parameters and macroeconomic variables in order to be able to generate estimates based on macroeconomic information. Macroeconomic variable prevailing during these estimates is mainly the Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Step 2: Where macroeconomic scenarios do not include longer maturity, a process called "convergence to the mean" is applied.

Step 3: In order to estimate the ultimate parameters to be used in the calculation of the expected credit losses, it is applied the methods of credit risk parameters reflection and forward-looking impact inclusion into the parameters.

The Parent Bank updates its macroeconomic parameters incorporated into significant increases in credit risk and expected credit loss assessments quarterly.

The Parent Bank takes into account different scenarios in the calculation of expected credit loss by evaluating the current economic conditions and expert opinions. Accordingly, the updated macroeconomic value estimates taken into account in the expected loss provision calculation are presented below as of 31 March 2025.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Date	GDP	
31.12.2025	3.54%	
31.12.2026	3.96%	
31.12.2027	4.18%	
31.12.2028	4.25%	
31.12.2029	3.96%	

3.8.3 Significant increase in credit risk

Qualitative and quantitative assessments are performed regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative assessment:

It is classified the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment.

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date,
- Loans classified as watchlist,
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to refinancing, restructuring or concession, the loan is not considered as default or written off and the change is not due to any commercial reason.

Quantitative assessment:

The quantitative reason explaining the significant increase in the credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date.

The absolute and relative thresholds used for the probability of default are differentiated on the basis of segment/loan group.

It is classified the related financial asset as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where both of the following criteria are satisfied as a result of quantitative assessment.

- Relative change in the Probability of Default (PD): If the "relative difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold
- Absolute change in the PD: If the "absolute difference" between the probability of defaults as of the reporting date and the date when the loan is initially recognized in the financial statements is above the specified threshold (different from the threshold for the relative change).

3.8.4 Low credit risk

As per TFRS 9, the credit risk on a financial instrument is considered as low if the financial instrument has a low risk of default, the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations.

It is not considered financial instruments to have low credit risk when they are regarded as having a low risk of loss simply because of the value of collateral and the financial instrument without that collateral would not be considered low credit risk. Financial instruments are also not considered to have low credit risk simply because they have a lower risk of default than the other financial instruments or relative to the credit risk of the jurisdiction within which it is operated.

If it is determined that a financial instrument has a low credit risk as of the reporting date, it is assumed that the credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly following its first recognition in the financial statements.

It is defined the definition of low credit risk based on the definition of High-Quality Liquid Asset given in the Regulation on the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation and the principles of the risk weight calculation based on the external rating note of the receivables from the Central Banks and the Central Governments in accordance with the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of Banks' Capital Adequacy.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The financial instruments that are defined as having low credit risk based on TFRS 9 are as follows:

- Receivables from the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (required reserves, free reserves, placements etc.)
- Loans with the counterparty of the Treasury of the Republic of Türkiye,
- Receivables (reserves, free reserves, placements, etc.) from the central banks of the branches of the Bank or its subsidiaries, securities issued or guaranteed by these central banks and securities issued/guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating note of AA- and above and the securities issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Local currency loans granted to the treasury of countries having rating below AA-, and securities in local currency issued or guaranteed by the treasury of these countries,
- Securities exported or guaranteed by multilateral development banks or international organizations having rating of AA- and above.

3.8.5 Disclosures on write down policy

The amendment with respect to the regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding the Classification of Loans and Reserves Set Aside for These Loans entered into force with its publication in the Official Gazette No.30961 on 27 November 2019. Pursuant to the regulation, the banks are enabled to write down and move off the balance sheet the portion of a loan which is classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) if it cannot reasonably be expected to be recovered. The Bank performs objective and subjective assessments whether there is reasonable expectation.

In accordance with TFRS 9, a provision is provided for the portions of the loans, that are not expected to be recovered as explained in the accounting policies "3.8 Disclosures on impairment of financial instruments" and "3.8.1 Calculation of expected credit losses". Accordingly, the loans which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered regarding the opinions of the related department responsible from the collection and the portion up to the provision amount of the loans, that are classified as "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss), can be subject to write-down operation.

In addition, all of the loans that meet the conditions in the below are assessed by the Bank as having completely lost their ability to collect and can be written down based on the positive opinion of the related departments.

- i. Being monitored as a non-performing loan at least for 18 months,
- ii. Not having any collection in the last 6 months,
- iii. The absence of a qualified guarantee.

The write-down of these loans, which are not possible to be collected, is an accounting policy and this policy does not result in waiving the right of receivables.

3.9 Disclosures about netting and derecognition of financial instruments

3.9.1 Netting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries have legally enforceable rights to offset the recognized amounts and to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or there is an intention to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.9.2 Derecognition of financial instruments

3.9.2.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to change in the contractual terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset can lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a 'new' financial asset.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The Bank shall assess the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset based on quantitative and qualitative criteria. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and in case a significant change is determined, it is recognized as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and it is retained control of the asset, it is continued to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset.

When it is retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognised in its entirety and the consideration received is recognised as a liability.

3.9.2.2 Derecognition of a financial asset without any change in the contractual terms

It is derecognised the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party.

Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit or loss.

3.9.2.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability (or part of a financial liability) is removed from the statement of financial position only when the obligation is extinguished, so when the obligation specified in the contract is fulfilled, canceled or expired.

3.9.3 Reclassification of financial instruments

Based on TFRS 9, it shall be reclassified all affected financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it is changed the business model for managing financial assets.

3.9.4 Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments

It may be changed the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is to change the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future.

Changes in the original terms of a credit risk can be made in the current contract or through a new contract.

Corporate and commercial companies which have been restructured and refinanced can be removed from the watchlist when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the thorough review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, in circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time)
- At least 2 years should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from non-performing loan category, 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring /refinancing shall be paid and no overdue amount (principal and interest) shall remain at the date of restructuring/refinancing.

In order for the restructured non-performing corporate and commercial loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service,
- At least 1 year should pass over the date of restructuring,

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring /refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as non-performing (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring /refinancing,
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as non-performing receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification.

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring/refinancing, if there is a new restructuring/refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans again.

The performing or non-performing retail loans being subject to restructuring shall be removed from the watchlist only if the debt is paid in full.

3.10 Repurchase and resale agreements and securities lending

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded on the balance sheet in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts. Accordingly, government bonds and treasury bills sold to customers under repurchase agreements are classified as "Investments Subject to Repurchase Agreements" and valued based on the management's future intentions, either at market prices or using discounting method with internal rate of return. Funds received through repurchase agreements are classified separately under liability accounts and the related interest expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Securities purchased under resale agreements are classified under "Money Markets Placements" separately. An income accrual is accounted for the positive difference between the purchase and resale prices earned during the period on such securities.

Securities lending transactions are classified under "Money Markets" and the related expense accruals are accounted.

3.11 Assets held for sale, assets of discontinued operations and related liabilities

According to the Turkish Financial Reporting Standard 5 (TFRS 5) "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) classified as "asset held for sale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets and investments in associates to be disposed that were acquired against non-performing receivables.

A discontinued operation is a part of the business classified as sold or held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in income statement. The Bank or its financial subsidiaries have no discontinued operations.

3.12 Goodwill and other intangible assets

The intangible assets consist of goodwill, software, intangible rights and other intangible assets.

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 38 (TAS 38) "Intangible Assets".

The costs of other intangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 are restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The intangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their initial purchase costs.

As per TAS 38, internally-generated software should be recognised as intangible assets if they meet the below-listed criteria:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use,
- Availability of the Bank and its financial subsidiaries' intention to complete and use the intangible asset,

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

- The ability to use the intangible asset,
- Clarity in probable future economic benefits to be generated from the intangible asset,
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development phase and to start using the intangible asset,
- The availability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during the development phase.

The directly attributable development costs of intangible asset are included in the cost of such assets, however the research costs are recognised as expense as incurred.

The intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives based on their inflation-adjusted costs on a straight-line basis.

Goodwill represents the excess of the total acquisition costs over the shares owned in the net assets of the acquired company at the date of acquisition. The "net goodwill" resulted from the acquisition of the investment and to be included in the consolidated balance sheet, is calculated based on the financial statements of the investee company as adjusted according to the required accounting principles. If any goodwill is computed at consolidation, it is recorded under intangible assets on the asset side of the consolidated balance sheet as an asset. It is assessed to identify whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the necessary provision is recorded as an expense in the income statement. The goodwill is not amortized.

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets except for goodwill, are 3-15 years and amortisation rates are 6.67-33.3%.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

3.13 Tangible assets

The cost of the tangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 is restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The tangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their historical costs.

As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply revaluation model for properties recorded under tangible assets instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 16 (TAS 16) "Property, Plant and Equipment". Within this framework, the revaluation difference arising from the valuations performed by independent expertise firms for all real estates registered in the ledger is accounted under revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets under equity.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 36 (TAS 36) "Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

Gains/losses arising from the disposal of the tangible assets are calculated as the difference between the net book value and the net sale price.

Maintenance and repair costs incurred for tangible assets, are recorded as expenses.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction on tangible assets.

The depreciation rates and estimated useful lives of tangible assets are presented below. Depreciation method in use was not changed in the current period.

Tangible assets	Estimated Useful Lives (Years)	Depreciation Rates (%)
Buildings	50	2
Vaults	50	2
Motor Vehicles	5-7	15-20
Other Tangible Assets	4-20	5-25

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The depreciation of an asset held for a period less than a full financial year is calculated as a proportion of the full-year depreciation charge from the date of acquisition to the financial year-end.

Useful lives of buildings are reviewed at least once a year and if current estimates are different than previous estimates, then the revised estimates are considered as accounting policy change in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 8 (TAS 8) "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

Investment properties

Land and buildings that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both rather than for use in production, supply of goods or services, administrative purposes or sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as investment property. As of 1 November 2015, changing the existing accounting policy, it has been decided to apply fair value model for investment properties instead of cost model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all the investment properties registered in the ledger, a valuation study was performed by independent expertise firms and arising changes in their fair values resulting from these studies are recognized in statement of profit or loss at the date they incur. Investment properties accounted at fair value are not depreciated.

Right-of-use assets

Based on the Parent Bank's assessment, lease branches, buildings and vehicles are recognized in compliance with TFRS 16 whereas ATM places and other leases are considered out of TFRS 16 scope as a result of materiality assessment. Therefore, these leases are recognized under Other Operating Expense.

At the commencement date, the Parent Bank shall measure the right-of-use properties at cost in compliance with TFRS 16. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

After the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is measured by applying a cost model. To apply the cost model, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The depreciation requirements in TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" is applied in depreciating real assets considered as right-of-use asset.

TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" is applied to determine whether the real estates considered as right-of-use assets are impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

3.14 Leasing activities

Leases, in which the majority of risks and returns of the related asset belong to the lessor, are classified as operational leases. The rent payments for leases that meet the conditions of exemptions stated in TFRS 16, are recognized as expense in related periods' statements of profit or loss over the lease term in accordance with periodicity principle.

Based on TFRS 16, at the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

After the commencement date, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised insubstance fixed lease payments.

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term shall be the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

After the commencement date, the lease liability is remeasured to reflect changes to the lease payments. The amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate, if either there is a change in the lease term or there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. However, if there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments or if there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, an unchanged discount rate is used.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification, the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate. The revised discount rate is determined as the incremental borrowing interest rate at the effective date of the modification. The carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is decreased to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease. Any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease is recognised in profit or loss. A corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset is made for all other lease modifications.

3.15 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities resulted from past events, if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation, are accounted for in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 37 (TAS 37) "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

3.16 Contingent assets

The contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Bank or its financial subsidiaries. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, then the contingent asset is disclosed in the footnotes of the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the related period.

3.17 Liabilities for employee benefits

Severance indemnities and short-term employee benefits

As per the existing labor law in Türkiye, the entities are required to pay certain amounts to the employees who retired or were fired except for resignations or misbehaviors specified in the Turkish Labor Law.

Accordingly, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to the labor law, reserved for employee severance indemnities in the accompanying financial statements using actuarial method in compliance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 19 (TAS 19) "Employee Benefits" for all its employees who retired or whose employment is terminated, called up for military service or died.

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the total liability are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Effective Discount Rate	3.74%	3.74%
Discount Rate	31.02%	31.02%
Estimated Real Salary/Limit Increase Rate	1.50%	1.50%
Inflation Rate	26.30%	26.30%

In the above table, the effective rates are presented for the Bank and its financial subsidiaries subject to the labor law, whereas the rates applied for the calculations differ according to the employee's years-in-service.

The Bank provided for undiscounted short-term employee benefits earned during the financial periods as per services rendered in compliance with TAS 19.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity as per the revised TAS19.

Retirement benefit obligations

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee and his/her dependents will receive on retirement.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The Bank's defined benefit plan ("the Plan") is managed by "Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş Memur ve Müstahdemleri Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı" ("the Fund") established as per the provisional Article 20 of the Social Security Law No.506 and the Bank's employees are the members of this Fund.

The Plan is funded through contributions of both the employees and the employer as required by Social Security Law No. 506. These contributions are as follows:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee
Pension contributions	15.5%	10.0%	15.5%	10.0%
Medical benefit contributions	6.0%	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%

The Plan is composed of a) the contractual benefits of the employees, which are subject to transfer to Social Security Foundation ("SSF") as per the Social Security Law No.5754 ("the Law"), and b) other social rights and medical benefits provided by the Bank but not transferable to SSF.

a) Benefits transferable to SSF

The first paragraph of the provisional Article 23 of Banking Law No. 5411, published in the Official Gazette on 1 November 2005, No. 25983, which requires the transfer of the members of the funds subject to the provisional Article 20 of the Social Security Law No.506, and the persons who are paid under insurance coverage for disablement, old-age and mortality and their right-holders to the SSF within three years following the effective date of the related article was cancelled with the decision of the Constitutional Court dated 22 March 2007, No. 2007/33. The reasoned ruling regarding the cancellation of the Constitutional Court was published in the Official Gazette No. 26731, dated 15 December 2007.

The Constitutional Court stated that the reason behind this cancellation was the possible loss of antecedent rights of the fund members. Following the publication of the verdict, the Turkish Grand National Assembly ("Turkish Parliament") started to work on the new legal arrangements by taking the cancellation reasoning into account and the Articles of the Law No.5754 regulating the principles related with such transfers were accepted and approved by Turkish Parliament on 17 April 2008, and enacted on 8 May 2008 after being published in the Official Gazette No.26870.

As per the Law, the present value of post-employment benefits as at the transfer date for the fund members to be transferred, is to be calculated by a commission composing from the representatives of the SSF, the Ministry of Finance, the Undersecretariat of Treasury, the Undersecretariat of State Planning Organisation, the BRSA, the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), the banks and the funds, by using a technical discount rate of 9.80% taking into account the Funds' income and expenses as per insurance classes and the transferable contributions and payments of the funds including any salary and income differences paid by the funds above the limits of SSF for such payments. The transfers are to take place within the three-year period starting from 1 January 2008.

Subsequently, the transfer of the contributors and the persons receiving monthly or regular income and their right-holders from such funds established for employees of the banks, insurance and reinsurance companies, trade chambers, stock markets and unions that are part of these organizations subject to the provisional Article 20 of the Social Security Law No.506 to the SSF, has been postponed for two years. The decision was made by the Council of Ministers on 14 March 2011 and published in the Official Gazette No. 27900 dated 9 April 2011 as per the decision of the Council of Ministers No. 2011/1559, and as per the letter No. 150 of the Ministry of Labor and Social Security dated 24 February 2011 and according to the provisional Article 20 of the Social Security and Public Health Insurance Law No.5510.

On 19 June 2008, Cumhuriyet Halk Partisi ("CHP") applied to the Constitutional Court for the cancellation of various articles of the Law including the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20. At the meeting of the Constitutional Court on 30 March 2011, it was decided that the Article 73 and the first paragraph of the provisional Article 20 added to the Law No. 5510 are not contradictory to the Constitutional Law, and accordingly the dismissal of the cancellation request has been denied with the majority of votes. Before the completion of two-year period set by the Council of Ministers on 14 March 2011 as explained above, as per the Article No. 51 of the Law No. 6645, published in the Official Gazette No. 29335 dated 23 April 2015, the Article No. 20 of the Law No. 5510 was amended giving the Council of Ministers the authority to determine the date of transfer without defining any timeline.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

b) Other benefits not transferable to SSF

Other social rights and payments provided in the existing trust indenture but not covered through the transfer of the funds' members and their right-holders to the SSF, are to be covered by the funds and the institutions that employ the funds' members.

The actuarial gains/losses are recognised under shareholders' equity.

The consolidated subsidiaries do not have retirement benefit plans for their employees. The retirement-related benefits of the employees of the consolidated subsidiaries are subject to SSF in case of domestic investees and to the legislations of the related countries in case of foreign investee companies. There are no obligations not reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

3.18 Insurance technical reserves and technical income and expense

3.18.1 Insurance technical reserves

The Group's insurance subsidiaries adopted TFRS 4, Insurance Contracts ("TFRS 4"). TFRS 4 requires that all contracts issued by insurance companies be classified as either insurance contracts or investment contracts. Contracts with significant insurance risk are considered insurance contracts. Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer. TFRS 4 permits a company to continue with its previously adopted accounting policies with regard to recognition and measurement of insurance contracts. Only in case of presentation of more reliable figures a change in accounting policy shall be carried out.

Contracts issued by insurance companies without significant insurance risk are considered investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard.

Insurance technical provisions on the consolidated financial statements consist of, reserve for unearned premiums, reserve for unexpired risk, and provision for outstanding claims and mathematical provisions.

3.18.2 Insurance technical income and expense

In insurance companies, premium income is obtained subsequent to the share of reinsurers in policy income is diminished.

Claims are recorded in expense on accrual basis. Outstanding loss provisions are recognized for the claims reported but not paid yet and for the claims that incurred but not reported. Reinsurers' share of claims paid and outstanding loss is offset in these provisions.

3.19 Taxation

3.19.1 Corporate tax

While corporate tax which is applied to corporate earnings at the rate of 20% in Türkiye, in accordance with the regulation introduced by the Law No.7456 "On the Formation of Additional Motor Vehicle Tax to Compensate the Economic Losses Caused by the Earthquakes That Occurred on 6 February 2023, Amending Certain Laws and the Decree Law No. 375, the corporate earnings of 2023 and later taxation periods this rate has been determined to be applied as 25% and for the banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies this rate has been determined to be applied as 30%.

This rate is applied to tax base which is calculated by adding certain non-deductible expenses for tax purposes and deducting certain exemptions (like dividend income) and other deductions on accounting income. If there is no dividend distribution, no further tax charges are made.

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

> Dividends paid to the resident institutions and the institutions working through local offices or representatives are not subject to withholding tax. As per the Presidential decision No.32760 dated 22 December 2024, certain duty rates included in the articles No.15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law No.5520 are revised. Accordingly, the witholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the nonresident institutions generating income in Türkiye through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions has been changed to 15% from 10% by the Presidential decision published in the Official Gazette No. 32760 dated 22 December 2024. In applying the withholding tax rates on dividend payments to the nonresident institutions and the individuals, the withholding tax rates covered in the related Double Tax Treaty Agreements are taken into account. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

> The prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rates valid for the earnings of the related years. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year's earnings.

> In accordance with the Turkish tax legislation, the tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

> While 75% of earnings generated through sale of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and preemption rights are exempt from the corporate tax with the conditions that such earnings shall be held in a special reserve account under equity until the end of five years following the year of sale and shall be collected as cash until the end of the following two fiscal years, it has been determined that the exemption rate would be 50% by the Presidential Decision published in the Official Gazette dated 27 November 2024 and numbered 32735.

> All earnings generated through transfer of equity shares, founders' shares, redeemed shares and preemption rights by the companies being under legal proceedings or guarantor and mortgage provider of such companies, to banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies or the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund in connection with liquidation of their liabilities and earnings of banks, financial leasing companies and finance companies through sale of immovable part of such assets or other items are exempt from corporate tax at the rate of 50% and 75%, respectively.

> As of 31 December 2021, the conditions sought for inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax have been fulfilled, within the framework of the repeated provision of Article 298/ Ç of the Tax Procedure Law. These conditions are both the exceed in the increase of Producer Price Index in the last 3 accounting periods including current period by 100% and the exceed in the increase in the current period by 10%. However, temporary article 33 has been added on the Tax Procedure Law No. 213 with the regulation made with the Tax Procedure Law and the Law on Change in Corporate Tax Law No. 7352 published in the Official Gazette No.31734 dated 29 January 2022, the application of inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax was postponed to 2023. According to this, the financial statements for the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, are not subject to inflation adjustment, and for the 2023 accounting period; are not subject to inflation adjustment as of the provisional tax periods, and the financial statements dated 31 December 2023 will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the inflation adjustment conditions are met or not. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment in the financial statements are to be shown in previous years' profit/loss accounts and does not affect the corporate tax base.

> According to Article 17 of the Law No. 7491 on Amendments to Certain Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette No. 32413 dated 28 December 2023, it has become law that profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment to be made in the 2024 and 2025 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, do not be taken into account in determining the income of banks, companies within the scope of the Financial Leasing, Factoring, Financing and Savings Financing Companies Law No. 6361 dated 21 November 2012, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The tax applications for foreign branches;

NORTHERN CYPRUS

According to the Corporate Tax Law of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus No.41/1976 as amended, the corporate earnings (including foreign corporations) are subject to a 10% corporate tax and 15% income tax. This tax is calculated based on the income that the taxpayers earn in an accounting period. Tax base is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The corporations cannot benefit from the rights of offsetting losses, investment incentives and amortization unless their balance sheets, income statements and accounting records used for tax calculations examined and prepared by an accountant and an auditor authorized by the Ministry of Finance. In cases where it is revealed that the earnings of a corporation were not subject to taxation in prior years or the tax paid on such earnings are understated, additional taxes can be charged in the next seven years following that the related taxation period. The corporate tax returns are filed in the tax administration office in April after following the end of the accounting year to which they relate. The corporate taxes are paid in two equal installments in May and October. According to the Decision of the TRNC Council of Ministers dated 25 March 2020, the prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rate of 15% tax on quarterly commercial earnings of the related year. The prepayments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

MALTA

The corporate earnings are subject to a 35% corporate tax. This rate is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes. The earnings of the foreign corporations' branches in Malta are also subject to the same tax rate that the resident corporations in Malta are subject to. The earnings of such branches that are transferred to their head offices are not subject to an additional tax. The taxes payable are calculated by the obligating firm and the calculation is presented in the tax declaration form that is due till the following year's month of November.

Tax applications for foreign financial subsidiaries

THE NETHERLANDS

In the Netherlands, corporate income tax is levied at the rate of 19% for tax profits up to EUR 200,000 and 25.80% for the excess part over this amount on the worldwide income of resident companies, which is determined by modifying accounting income for certain exclusions and allowances for tax purposes for the related year. Based on the unilateral decree for the avoidance of double taxation between Türkiye and The Netherlands, the dividend taxation is 0% percent under certain conditions.

As of 2022, losses of previous years no longer vaporize but can be carried forward indefinitely. However, the losses can only be used up to an amount of EUR 1 million, or if the profit exceeds EUR 1 million, the amount of losses that can be offset is EUR 1 million plus 50% of the excess of the profit over EUR 1 million. Companies must file their tax returns within five months following the end of the tax year to which they relate, unless the company applies for an extension (normally an additional eleven months).

Tax returns are open for five years from the date of the filing deadline the tax return during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings. The corporate income tax for the Germany branch is 30%.

ROMANIA

The applicable corporate tax rate in Romania is 16%. The taxation system in Romania is continuously developing and is subject to varying interpretations and constant changes, which may become rarely retroactive. In Romania, tax periods remain open for tax audits for maximum seven years, depending on the reporting year. Tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for seven years. The fiscal loss incurred starting with 2024 is recovered within the limit of 70% from the taxable profits generated in the next 5 consecutive years. The deferred tax asset from fiscal losses is recognized to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Levy on turnover ("tax on turnover")

In accordance with Law 296/2023, the Romanian Fiscal Code was amended to introduce, starting 1 January 2024, an additional tax established for credit institutions (Romanian legal entities and Romanian branches of credit institutions) foreign legal entities, namely "tax on turnover". Therefore, credit institutions owe, in addition to the corporate income tax, a minimum "tax on turnover" computed by applying the following rates on the turnover (which is specifically defined):

- i) 2% for the period 1 January 2024 31 December 2025 inclusively,
- ii) 1% starting with 1 January 2026.

3.19.2 Deferred taxes

According to the Turkish Accounting Standard 12 (TAS 12) "Income Taxes"; deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized, using the balance sheet method, on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base, except for the differences not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable profit.

As stated in Note 3.19.1, in accordance with the regulation introduced by the Law No.7456 "On the Formation of Additional Motor Vehicle Tax to Compensate the Economic Losses Caused by the Earthquakes That Occurred on 6 February 2023, corporate income tax has been determined to be applied as 30% for the banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. Therefore, as of 31 March 2025, the Bank has calculated deferred tax at the rate of 30% for assets and liabilities.

According to the Provisional Article 33 of the Tax Procedure Law, in the financial statements dated 31 March 2025, the tax effects arising from the subject of inflation correction of the corporate tax are included in the deferred tax calculation as of 31 March 2025.

If transactions and events are recorded in the income statement, then the related tax effects are also recognized in the income statement. However, if transactions and events are recorded directly in the shareholders' equity, the related tax effects are also recognized directly in the shareholders' equity.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are reported as net in their individual financial statements.

In compliance with TAS 12, the deferred tax assets and liabilities of the consolidated subsidiaries are presented on the asset and liability sides of financial statements separately, without any offsetting.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Furthermore, the deferred tax assets are not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as per the BRSA's related circular in cases where there are net asset balances after netting deferred tax assets with deferred tax liabilities.

In September 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 12 that introduce a mandatory exception to the recognition and disclosure of deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Second Pillar income taxes. The amendments clarify that TAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax laws that have been enacted, or are substantively enacted, for the purpose of applying the Second Pillar Model Rules issued by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). These amendments also introduce certain disclosure requirements for entities affected by such tax laws. The exemption for not recognizing and disclosing information about deferred taxes and the disclosure requirement for when the exemption has been applied are applied when the amendment is issued. The amendment did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the parent Bank.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3.19.3 Transfer pricing

The Article No.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing". "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published on 18 November 2007, explains the application-related issues on this topic.

According to this Communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As stated in the General Communiqué No. 4 on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

3.20 Funds borrowed

The Parent Bank, whenever required, generates funds from domestic and foreign sources in the form of borrowings, syndications, securitizations, and bill and bond issuances in the local and international markets. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

In cases where such funds are valued at their amortised costs but this application results in measurement or accounting mismatch due to having the related financial instruments valued using different methods or the related gains or losses are recognized differently, such fundings are reclassified as financial liabilities at their fair values through profit or loss at initial recognition in order to prevent such mismatch. The interest expenses paid during holding the related financial liabilities and the difference between the amortized cost and the acquisition cost are recorded as interest expense in statement of profit or loss and the difference between the fair values and the amortized costs of the financial liabilities are recorded under trading account income/losses.

3.21 Share and share issuances

If the Bank issues a share at a price above its nominal value, the difference between the issue price and the nominal value is accounted for as "share premium" under shareholders' equity.

3.22 Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances

Payments of the confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are made simultaneously with the payments of the customers. Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are recorded in "off-balance sheet accounts" as possible debts and commitments, if any.

3.23 Government incentives

None.

3.24 Segment reporting

The Parent Bank operates in corporate, commercial, retail and investment banking. Accordingly, the banking products served to customers are; custody services, time and demand deposits, accumulating deposit accounts, repos, overdraft facilities, spot loans, foreign currency indexed loans, consumer loans, automobile and housing loans, working capital loans, discounted bills, gold loans, foreign currency loans, Eximbank loans, pre-export loans, ECA covered financing, letters of guarantee, letters of credit, export factoring, acceptance credits, draft facilities, forfaiting, leasing, insurance, forward, futures, salary payments, investment account (ELMA), cheques, safety boxes, bill payments, tax collections, payment orders. GarantiCard, BonusCard, Miles&Smiles Card, FlexiCard, MoneyCard, BusinessCard, Shop & Fly, virtual cards under the brand names of Visa and Mastercard and also American Express credit cards and "Paracard" debit cards with Maestro, Electron, Visa and Mastercard brand names, are available.

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial SubsidiariesConsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The Parent Bank provides service packages to its corporate, commercial and retail customers including deposits, loans, foreign trade transactions, investment products, cash management, leasing, factoring, insurance, credit cards, and other banking products. A customer-oriented branch network has been built in order to serve customers' needs effectively and efficiently. The Parent Bank also utilizes alternative delivery channels intensively.

The Parent Bank provides corporate banking products to international and national holdings in Türkiye by coordinating regional offices, suppliers and intermediaries, utilizing cross-selling techniques. Mainly, it provides services through its commercial and mixed types of branches to export-revenue earning sectors like tourism and textile and exporters of Türkiye's traditional agricultural products.

Additionally, the Parent Bank provides banking services to enterprises and their employees working in retail and service sectors through product packages including overdraft accounts, POS machines, credit cards, chequebooks, Turkish Lira and foreign currency deposits, investment accounts, internet banking and callcenter, debit cards and bill payment modules.

Retail banking customers form a widespread and sustainable deposit base for the Bank. Individual customers' needs are met by diversified consumer banking products through branches and digital banking.

Information on the business segments on a consolidated basis is as follows:

Current Period	Retail Banking	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total Operations
Net Interest Income	23,583,576	30,171,069	(49,354,284)	34,921,380	39,321,741
Net Fees And Commissions Income	25,474,993	4,833,841	59,974	14,370	30,383,178
Dividend Income	-	_	-	8,179	8,179
Net Trading Income/Losses (Net)	996,685	2,362,085	2,776,897	(1,945,616)	4,190,051
Other Operating Income (*)	1,157,098	396,600	81,356	3,915,988	5,551,042
Expected Credit Losses (*)	(9,303,439)	(1,125,696)	(136,189)	1,049,268	(9,516,056)
Other Provisions	-	_	-	(253,384)	(253,384)
Personnel and Other Operating Expenses	(17,526,585)	(6,703,397)	(1,011,100)	(10,399,287)	(35,640,369)
Income/Loss From Investments Under Equity Accounting	-	-	-	540,567	540,567
Net Operating Profit	24,382,328	29,934,502	(47,583,346)	27,851,465	34,584,949
Provision for Taxes	-	-	-	(9,186,250)	(9,186,250)
Net Profit	24,382,328	29,934,502	(47,583,346)	18,665,215	25,398,699
Segment Assets	679,439,034	1,211,152,017	1,081,463,110	516,295,718	3,488,349,879
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	_	-	9,938,932	9,938,932
Total Assets	679,439,034	1,211,152,017	1,081,463,110	526,234,650	3,498,288,811
Segment Liabilities	1,620,285,172	974,518,607	306,947,974	255,870,099	3,157,621,852
Shareholders' Equity	-	_	-	340,666,959	340,666,959
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	1,620,285,172	974,518,607	306,947,974	596,537,058	3,498,288,811

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Retail Banking	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total Operations
Net Interest Income	14,470,568	24,301,123	(35,303,377)	21,471,438	24,939,752
Net Fees And Commissions Income	15,345,300	3,714,999	(37,847)	603,848	19,626,300
Dividend Income	-	-	-	8,022	8,022
Net Trading Income/Losses (Net)	972,828	2,329,700	2,137,004	16,165	5,455,697
Other Operating Income (*)	822,471	610,219	44,108	2,442,745	3,919,543
Expected Credit Losses (*)	(4,858,999)	(617,913)	(5,459)	867,552	(4,614,819)
Other Provisions	318	-	-	(40,103)	(39,785)
Personnel and Other Operating Expenses	(12,400,365)	(4,577,090)	(583,303)	(4,218,906)	(21,779,664)
Income/Loss From Investments Under Equity Accounting	-	-	-	751,652	751,652
Net Operating Profit	14,352,121	25,761,038	(33,748,874)	21,902,413	28,266,698
Provision for Taxes	-	-	-	(5,787,115)	(5,787,115)
Net Profit	14,352,121	25,761,038	(33,748,874)	16,115,298	22,479,583
Segment Assets	635,199,068	1,071,292,880	817,253,040	469,822,323	2,993,567,311
Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	9,012,068	9,012,068
Total Assets	635,199,068	1,071,292,880	817,253,040	478,834,391	3,002,579,379
Segment Liabilities	1,375,408,981	784,112,394	299,465,995	212,183,391	2,671,170,761
Shareholders' Equity	_	_	-	331,408,618	331,408,618
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	1,375,408,981	784,112,394	299,465,995	543,592,009	3,002,579,379

^(*) Prior year reversals from Expected Credit Losses presented under Other Operating Income in the Profit or Loss Statement are netted off with the Expected Credit Losses.

3.25 Profit reserves and profit appropriation

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves, are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement explained to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves consist of first legal reserve and second legal reserve. First legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second legal reserve, appropriated at the rate of at least 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of issued and fully paid-in share capital, but holding companies are not subject to such transaction. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

In the ordinary General Assembly Meeting dated 27 March 2025, a decision has been made regarding appropriation of the unconsolidated net profit of the Bank deriving from operations in 2024 amounting to TL 92,174,994 and aforementioned distribution has been disclosed in Note 5.10.2.

3.26 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of profit or loss, are calculated by dividing net profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Distributable net profit	25,095,368	22,290,266
Average number of issued common shares (thousand)	420,000,000	420,000,000
Earnings per share (amounts presented full TL)	0.05975	0.05307

In Türkiye, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

As of 31 March 2025, there are no bonus shares issued (31 December 2024: None).

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

3.27 Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/subsidiary with them, associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post-employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with TAS 24 "Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5.7.

3.28 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye; and cash equivalents include money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

3.29 Other disclosures

None.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4 Consolidated Financial Position and Results of Operations and Risk Management

4.1 Consolidated total capital

The consolidated capital items calculated as per the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" published on 5 September 2013, are presented below:

4.1.1 Components of consolidated total capital (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	4,972,554	4,972,554
Share Premium	11,880	11,880
Reserves	260,870,304	187,933,574
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	78,335,575	71,084,803
Profit	25,165,219	91,279,430
Current Period's Profit	25,095,368	91,243,136
Prior Periods' Profit	69,851	36,294
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	47,977	47,977
Minority Interest	724,961	462,522
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	370,128,470	355,792,740
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the Article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital		-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	29,244,470	24,141,214
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	416,134	407,827
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	5,099,170	4,118,344 -
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting	-	-
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization gains	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-)	-	•
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-

$\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{T\"{u}rkiye Garanti Bankası A\$ and Its Financial Subsidiaries}$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

ands of Turkish Lira (TL))		
	Current Period	Prior Period
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	_	_
Excess Amount arising from Mortgage Servicing Rights (-)	-	-
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	_
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	34,759,774	28,667,385
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	335,368,696	327,125,355
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums	-	_
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital (Covered by Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	_
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital During the Transition Period		
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital) TIER II CAPITAL	335,368,696	327,125,355
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	57,490,211	53,074,453
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)		-
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	25,694,876	22,182,516
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	83,185,087	75,256,969
Deductions from Tier II Capital	-,,	- ,
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	_	
Investments in equity instruments issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and having conditions stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	-	-

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	Current Period	Prior Period
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	83,185,087	75,256,969
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	418,553,783	402,382,324
Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Equity)		
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	538	686
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	2,015	8,093
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) during the Transition Period		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	_
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	418,551,230	402,373,545
Total Risk Weighted Assets	2,448,979,969	2,035,471,894
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Consolidated CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	13.69	16.07
Consolidated Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	13.69	16.07
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17.09	19.77
BUFFERS		
Total Additional CET1 Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b+c)	4.14	4.14
a) Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
b) Bank-specific Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffer Ratio (%)	0.14	0.14
	1.50	1.50
c) Systemically Important Banks Buffer Ratio (%)	.1	10.07
c) Systemically Important Banks Buffer Ratio (%) Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	7.69	10.07
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of	7.69	10.07
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	7.69	

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial SubsidiariesConsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	Current Period	Prior Period
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten thousand)	40,834,404	41,087,646
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	25,694,876	22,182,516
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (effective between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)	-	
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

(*) According to "Bank Capital Regulation" Article 10 paragraph 4, which published on Official Gazette dated 5 September 2013 and numbered 28756, banks also calculate their consolidated capital with their consolidated insurance company investments as unconsolidated financial institutions if 9th Article's 4th paragraph's (c) and (ç) items apply. Lesser of consolidated capital calculated according to 1st and 4th paragraphs is considered the consolidated capital according to this regulation. As the consolidated capital calculated including the insurance subsidiary is lesser, the consolidated capital is calculated according to consolidated financial statements including the insurance subsidiary.

Within the scope of the regulation dated 19 December 2024 by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, the amount subject to credit risk is calculated with the Central Bank foreign exchange buying rates as of 28 June 2024 and the net valuation differences of the securities in the securities portfolio whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income are negative. In this case, these differences are not taken into account in the equity amount to be used for the capital adequacy ratio.

As of 31 March 2025, the amount subject to credit risk in calculating the regulatory capital adequacy ratio was calculated by taking into account the regulation changes. If the regulation changes are not taken into account, the capital adequacy ratio is at 16.25% as of 31 March 2025.

The Parent Bank plans its Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital by considering 10% as the minimum target.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.1.2 Items included in capital calculation

Current Period Information about instruments included in total capital calculation					
Issuer	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş.			
	Rule 144A ISIN/CUSIP 900148 AE7	Rule 144A ISIN/CUSIP 900148 AF4	Rule 144A ISIN/CUSIP 900148AG2		
* 1	Regulation S ISIN/Common Code:	Regulation S ISIN/Common Code:	Regulation S ISIN/Common Code:		
Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS1617531063/161753106	XS2773062471/277306247	XS2913414384 / 291341438		
1511 (161)	US900148AE73/161752479	US900148AF49/900148AF4	US900148AG22 / 900148AG2		
	Subject to English Law and in terms of	Subject to English Law and in terms of	Subject to English Law and in terms of		
Governing law (s) of the instrument	certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Communiqué VII-128.8 on Debt Instruments of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Bank Capital of the BRSA.	certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Communiqué VII-128.8 on Debt Instruments of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Bank Capital of the BRSA.	certain articles to Turkish Regulations. It is issued within the scope of the Communiqué VII-128.8 on Debt Instruments of the Capital Markets Board and the Regulation on Bank Capital of the BRSA.		
	R	egulatory treatment			
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No		
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated		
Instrument type	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)	Subordinated debt instruments (Notes)		
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in TL million, as of most recent reporting date)	9,307 (31 December 2024: 8,509)	18,894 (31 December 2024: 17,274)	28,341 (31 December 2024: 25,911)		
Nominal value of instrument (TL million)	23,268 (31 December 2024: 25,911)	18,894 (31 December 2024: 17,274)	28,341 (31 December 2024: 25,911)		
Accounting classification of the instrument	34701 – Secondary Subordinated Loans	34701 – Secondary Subordinated Loans	34701 – Secondary Subordinated Loans		
Issuance date of instrument	23.05.2017	28.02.2024	03.12.2024		
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/time)	Time	Time	Time		
Original maturity of the instrument	24.05.2027	28.02.2034	03.01.2035		
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	No	Yes	Yes		
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	-	28.02.2029-USD 500,000,000	03.01.2030 750,000,000		
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-		
	Inte	rest/dividend payment			
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed		
payments Coupon rate and any related index	7.1770%	First five years 8.375%; second five years will be 5Y US Treasury rate + 409 Bps.	First five years 8.125%; second five years Will be 5Y US Treasury rate + 383,6 Bps.		
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	-	-	-		
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	-	-		

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

sanus of Turkish Lira	· //		,
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	-	-	-
Convertible into equity shares	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate If convertible,	-	-	-
mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	-	-	-
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	-	-	-
Write-down feature	Yes	Yes	Yes
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.	Due to the losses incurred, where the Bank is at the point at which the BRSA may determine pursuant to Article 71 of the Banking Law that: (i) its operating license is to be revoked and the Bank is liquidated or (ii) the rights of all of its shareholders (except to dividends), and the management and supervision of the Bank, are to be transferred to the SDIF on the condition that losses are deducted from the capital of existing shareholders (occurrence of either condition means the issuer has become non-viable), or (iii) it is probable that the Issuer will become non-viable; then the bonds can be written-down.
If bond can be written-down, full or partial	Partially or fully	Partially or fully	Partially or fully
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously
If temporary write- down, description of write-up mechanism	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and

for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Current Period		Information about instru	uments included in total cap	pital calculation	
Issuer	responsAbility SICAV (Lux) acting for its sub-funds responsAbility SICAV (Lux) Micro and SME Finance Leaders responsAbility SICAV (Lux) Financial Inclusion Fund	MultiConcept Fund Management S.A. acting in its own name for responsAbility Global Micro and SME Finance Fund	responsAbility SICAV (Lux) acting for its sub- funds responsAbility SICAV (Lux) Micro and SME Finance Leaders responsAbility SICAV (Lux) Financial Inclusion Fund responsAbility SICAV (Lux) Micro and SME Finance Debt Fund	MultiConcept Fund Management S.A. acting in its own name for responsAbility Global Micro and SME Finance Fund	Black Sea Trade and Development Bank
Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	LEI:529900S7V25UG37A2Q19 LEI:5299008N49S2T1SWIP98	LEI:529900J0CQ7V927 1DC81	LEI: 5299008N49S2T1SWIP9 8 LEI: 529900S7V25UG37A2Q 19 LEI: 529900IHHF9LIQY6AH 65	LEI: 529900J0CQ7V9271DC81	LEI: 529900J7FSFACAGZ5042
Governing law (s) of the instrument	The provisions of the Loan Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, without giving effect to any conflicts of law provisions.	The provisions of the Loan Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, without giving effect to any conflicts of law provisions.	The provisions of the Loan Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, without giving effect to any conflicts of law provisions.	The provisions of the Loan Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, without giving effect to any conflicts of law provisions.	The provisions of the Loan Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the England and Wales, without giving effect to any conflicts of law provisions.
		Regula	tory treatment		I
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No	No	No	No	No
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Eligible on consolidated basis	Eligible on consolidated basis	Eligible on consolidated basis	Eligible on consolidated basis	Eligible on consolidated basis
Instrument type	Subordinated debt instruments (Loan Agreement)	Subordinated debt instruments (Loan Agreement)	Subordinated debt instruments (Loan Agreement)	Subordinated debt instruments (Loan Agreement)	Subordinated debt instruments (Loan Agreement)
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in TL million, as of most recent reporting date)	158 (31 December 2024: 105)	126 (31 December 2024: 84)	126 (31 December 2024: 84)	222 (31 December 2024: 147)	316 (31 December 2024: 210)
Nominal value of instrument (TL million)	204 (31 December 2024: 179)	164 (31 December 2024: 143)	164 (31 December 2024: 143)	286 (31 December 2024: 251)	409 (31 December 2024: 359)
Accounting classification of the instrument	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance date of instrument	28.12.2022	28.12.2022	23.02.2023	23.02.2023	29.05.2024
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/time)	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time
Original maturity of the instrument	03.01.2029	03.01.2029	28.02.2029	28.02.2029	29.05.2031
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	-	-	-	-	-

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

mechanism

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

	for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)) Originally Issued in Turkish									
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	-	-	-	-	-					
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	-	-	-	-	-					
	Interest/dividend payment									
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating rate					
Coupon rate and any related index	EURIBOR 6M + 5%	EURIBOR 6M + 5%	EURIBOR 6M + 5%	EURIBOR 6M + 5%	EURIBOR 6M + 4.95%					
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	-	-	-	-	-					
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	-	-	-	-					
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	-	-	-					
Noncumulative or cumulative	-	-	-	-	-					
Convertible into equity shares	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	-	-	-	-	-					
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	-	-	-	-	-					
Write-down feature	-	-	-	-	-					
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)	-	-	-	-	-					
If bond can be written-down, full or partial	-	-	-	-	-					
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent					
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.	There are no any temporary write-up mechanisms.					

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.	In priority of receivables, it comes after the senior obligations of the Issuer.
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is in compliant with Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of Regulation on Bank Capital	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.	Instrument is not in compliant with Article 7 of the Regulation on Bank Capital.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.1.3 Reconciliation of capital items to balance sheet

Current Period	Carrying value	Amount of correction	Value of the capital report	Explanation of differences
Paid-in Capital	4,200,000	772,554	4,972,554	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Capital Reserves	784,434	(772,554)	11,880	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Other Capital Reserves	772,554	(772,554)	-	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	
Share Premium	11,880	-	11,880	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expenses in Shareholders' Equity as per Turkish Account Standards	48,257,177	881,905	49,139,082	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f and Gain on sale of associate/subsidiaries' shares and real estate classified as different in the value of the capital report
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	25,592,697	-	25,592,697	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	22,664,480	881,905	23,546,385	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Profit Reserves	260,870,304	-	260,870,304	
Profit or Loss	25,165,219	-	25,165,219	
Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	69,851	-	69,851	
Current Period Net Profit/Loss	25,095,368	-	25,095,368	
Minority Interest	1,389,825	(664,864)	724,961	Items are calculated as per Regulation's Article 12
Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-)	-		5,515,304	Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Common Equity Tier I Capital	340,666,959		335,368,696	
Subordinated Debts				
Deductions from Tier I Capital (-)				Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Tier I Capital			335,368,696	
Subordinated Debts			57,490,211	
12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)			25,694,876	Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per the Regulation's Article 8
Deductions from Tier II Capital (-)			_	Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation
Tier II Capital			83,185,087	
Deductions from Total Capital (-)			2,553	Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation
Total			418,551,230	

Within the scope of the measures announced by the BRSA on 21 December 2021, in the case of net valuation differences of the securities classified under "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" are negative, these differences are not taken into consideration in capital calculation for capital adequacy ratio.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Carrying value	Amount of correction	Value of the capital report	Explanation of differences
Paid-in Capital	4,200,000	772,554	4,972,554	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital
1 aid-iii Capitai	4,200,000	772,334	4,772,334	according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Capital Reserves	784,434	(772,554)	11,880	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital
Capital Reserves	704,434	(772,334)	11,000	according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Other Capital Reserves	772,554	(772,554)	-	Inflation adjustments included in Paid-in Capital according to Regulation's Temporary Article 1
Bonus Shares of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	
Share Premium	11,880	-	11,880	
Other Comprehensive				Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's
Income/Expenses in Shareholders' Equity as per Turkish Account Standards	45,591,011	1,400,555	46,991,566	Article 9-1-f and Gain on sale of associate/subsidiaries' shares and real estate classified as different in the value of the capital report
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	24,983,291	-	24,983,291	
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit/Loss	20,607,720	1,400,555	22,008,275	Items not included in the calculation as per Regulation's Article 9-1-f
Profit Reserves	187,933,574	-	187,933,574	
Profit or Loss	91,279,430	_	91,279,430	
Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	36,294	_	36,294	
Current Period Net Profit/Loss	91,243,136	-	91,243,136	
Minority Interest	1,620,169	(1,157,647)	462,522	Items are calculated as per Regulation's Article 12
Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital (-)	-		4,526,171	Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Common Equity Tier I Capital	331,408,618		327,125,355	
Subordinated Debts			-	
Deductions from Tier I Capital (-)			-	Deductions from Tier 1 Capital as per the Regulation
Tier I Capital			327,125,355	
Subordinated Debts			53,074,453	
12 Month ECL (Stage 1) and Lifetime				
ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)			22,182,516	Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses added to Tier II Capital as per the Regulation's Article 8
Deductions from Tier II Capital (-)			_	Deductions from Tier II Capital as per the Regulation
Tier II Capital			75,256,969	Dealetons from the frequency as per the regulation
Deductions from Total Capital (-)			8,779	Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation
			,	Deductions from Capital as per the Regulation
Total			402,373,545	

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and

for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.2 Consolidated credit risk

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

4.3 Consolidated currency risk

Foreign currency open position limit is set in compliance with the legal standard ratio of net foreign currency position. As of 31 March 2025, the Bank and its financial subsidiaries' net 'on balance sheet' foreign currency short position amounts to TL 62,210,055 (31 December 2024: TL 16,953,617 short position), net 'off-balance sheet' foreign currency long position amounts to TL 100,630,483 (31 December 2024: TL 44,913,219 long position), while net foreign currency long position amounts to TL 38,420,428 (31 December 2024: TL 27,959,602 long position).

The foreign currency position risk is measured by "standard method" and "value-at-risk (VaR) model". Measurements by standard method are carried out monthly, whereas measurements by VaR are done daily for the Bank. The foreign currency exchange risk is managed through transaction, dealer, desk and stop-loss limits approved by the Board of Directors for the trading portfolio beside the foreign currency net position standard ratio and the VaR limit.

The parent Bank's effective exchange rates at the date of balance sheet and for the last five working days of the period announced by the Bank in TL are as follows:

	EUR	USD
The Parent Bank's foreign currency purchase rate at balance sheet date	40.8970	37.7880
Foreign currency rates for the days before balance sheet date;		
Day 1	40.8970	37.7880
Day 2	40.9520	37.9610
Day 3	40.9640	37.9600
Day 4	40.9990	37.9190
Day 5	40.9810	37.9560
Last 30-days arithmetical average rate	40.0048	37.0539

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The Bank's consolidated currency risk

	EUR	USD	Other FCs	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit,				
Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	46,495,265	79,670,353	68,270,168	194,435,786
Banks	183,537,041	35,685,001	21,744,565	240,966,607
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	309,807	6,382,712	-	6,692,519
Money Market Placements	4,038,097	46,073,030	-	50,111,127
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	34,761,362	36,410,547	1,585,891	72,757,800
Loans (*)	390,394,584	285,060,566	75,025,202	750,480,352
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	27,087	-	426,598	453,685
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	5,600,678	50,284,786	18,888,386	74,773,850
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purpose	82,528	725,794	8,340	816,662
Tangible Assets	1,230,999	1,805	808,941	2,041,745
Intangible Assets	402,631	-	473,991	876,622
Other Assets (**)	(11,226,377)	(233,931)	(654,900)	(12,115,208)
Total Assets	655,653,702	540,060,663	186,577,182	1,382,291,547
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	1,623,865	1,502,339	681,812	3,808,016
Foreign Currency Deposits	418,063,084	455,926,779	106,490,646	980,480,509
Money Market Funds	4,003,987	16,324,488	468	20,328,943
Other Fundings	40,568,818	28,774,559	1,052,276	70,395,653
Securities Issued (***)	836,849	172,951,611	5,795,614	179,584,074
Miscellaneous Payables	5,820,570	9,748,080	1,043,133	16,611,783
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purpose	60,580	82,628	15,857	159,065
Other Liabilities (****)	7,456,865	10,758,187	154,918,507	173,133,559
Total Liabilities	478,434,618	696,068,671	269,998,313	1,444,501,602
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	177,219,084	(156,008,008)	(83,421,131)	(62,210,055)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(161,417,126)	161,749,055	100,298,554	100,630,483
Derivative Assets	81,091,936	351,132,288	111,827,164	544,051,388
Derivative Liabilities	242,509,062	189,383,233	11,528,610	443,420,905
Non-Cash Loans	-	-	-	-
Prior Period				
Total Assets	570,429,820	447,871,119	144,230,531	1,162,531,470
Total Liabilities	405,012,354	561,020,023	213,452,710	1,179,485,087
Net 'On Balance Sheet' Position	165,417,466	(113,148,904)	(69,222,179)	(16,953,617)
Net 'Off-Balance Sheet' Position	(151,454,121)	112,940,395	83,426,945	44,913,219
Derivative Assets Derivative Liabilities	30,531,708 181,985,829	243,402,507 130,462,112	111,946,123 28,519,178	385,880,338 340,967,119
Non-Cash Loans	101,983,829	130,402,112	20,319,178	340,907,119

^(*) The foreign currency-indexed loans amounting TL 229,645 (31 December 2024: TL 231,873) included under TL loans in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented above under the related foreign currency code.

[***] Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

^(***) Includes securities issued as subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL in the balance sheet Other liabilities include gold deposits of TL 152,121,044 (31 December 2024: TL 113,921,219).

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.4 Consolidated interest rate risk

The interest rate risk resulting from balance sheet maturity mismatch presents the possible losses that may arise due to the changes in interest rates of interest sensitive assets and liabilities in the on- and off-balance sheet. Interest sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items is evaluated during the Weekly Assessment Committee and Assets-Liabilities Committee meetings taking into consideration the developments in market conditions.

The Bank's interest rate risk is measured by using, economic value, economic capital, net interest income, income at risk, market price sensitivity of marketable securities portfolio, duration-gap and sensitivity analysis.

The results are supported by the sensitivity and scenario analysis performed periodically against the possible instabilities in the markets. Furthermore, the interest rate risk is monitored according to the limits approved by the Board of Directors.

4.4.1 Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off balance sheet items (based on repricing dates)

Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-Interest Bearing (*)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	211,712,345	-	-	-	-	338,928,747	550,641,092
Banks	194,940,870	1,619,720	224,415	80,244	-	59,269,857	256,135,106
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	541,482	193,977	2,677,991	3,132,343	1,002,405	2,069,959	9,618,157
Money Market Placements	54,986,916	-	-	-	-	65,714	55,052,630
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	14,948,360	5,523,481	29,453,576	46,392,117	34,288,550	41,998,161	172,604,245
Loans	793,469,726	232,983,610	515,055,649	329,468,344	122,903,685	53,400,339	2,047,281,353
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	27,032,273	8,754,106	24,385,078	109,796,761	46,695,619	61,455,813	278,119,650
Other Assets (**)	79,268	708,459	348,368	225,875	-	127,474,608	128,836,578
Total Assets	1,297,711,240	249,783,353	572,145,077	489,095,684	204,890,259	684,663,198	3,498,288,811
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	35,294,166	25,000	421,458	-	-	3,550,863	39,291,487
Other Deposits	1,193,751,681	291,911,182	176,950,009	16,934,385	1,208,752	864,616,340	2,545,372,349
Money Market Funds	20,026,846	10,518,390	7,479,620	10,437	-	890,425	38,925,718
Miscellaneous Payables	791,928	59,464	55,463	-	-	153,993,561	154,900,416
Securities Issued (***)	63,047,954	604,611	39,792,355	25,903,286	47,235,719	3,295,563	179,879,488
Other Fundings	38,522,130	10,863,231	17,426,308	10,828,726	2,317,897	21,475	79,979,767
Other Liabilities	146,000	340,757	908,147	2,732,526	249,193	455,562,963	459,939,586
Total Liabilities	1,351,580,705	314,322,635	243,033,360	56,409,360	51,011,561	1,481,931,190	3,498,288,811
On Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	329,111,717	432,686,324	153,878,698	-	915,676,739
On Balance Sheet Short Position	(53,869,465)	(64,539,282)	-	-	-	(797,267,992)	(915,676,739)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	60,144,105	185,844,878	98,600,848	107,915,493	36,727,303	-	489,232,627
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(51,568,038)	(168,991,635)	(153,904,905)	(78,718,016)	(39,269,150)	-	(492,451,744)
Total Position	(45,293,398)	(47,686,039)	273,807,660	461,883,801	151,336,851	(797,267,992)	(3,219,117)

^(*) Interest accruals are included in non-interest bearing column.

^(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

^(***) Includes securities issued having qualification of subordinated loan presented under subordinated debts and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL in the balance sheet.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-Interest Bearing (*)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	174,310,665	-	-	-	-	189,149,954	363,460,619
Banks	200,188,697	338,164	765,995	81,865	-	37,991,301	239,366,022
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	259,525	2,299,348	1,733,356	5,787,461	949,522	1,097,631	12,126,843
Money Market Placements	20,294,285	-	-	-	-	47,150	20,341,435
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	16,056,354	5,524,290	25,962,062	27,474,717	24,698,735	39,372,687	139,088,845
Loans	762,531,852	182,339,951	455,424,109	272,989,797	109,075,319	43,600,704	1,825,961,732
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	29,423,293	10,987,064	16,789,168	103,813,391	52,317,413	56,742,116	270,072,445
Other Assets (**)	76,138	648,738	350,039	204,197	-	130,882,326	132,161,438
Total Assets	1,203,140,809	202,137,555	501,024,729	410,351,428	187,040,989	498,883,869	3,002,579,379
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	55,293,672	-	43,087	-	-	2,655,369	57,992,128
Other Deposits	892,975,401	263,393,740	144,743,242	13,847,086	1,111,221	780,284,824	2,096,355,514
Money Market Funds	41,503,145	1,897,652	2,401,786	-	-	1,080,249	46,882,832
Miscellaneous Payables	1,123,230	79,509	57,075	-	-	131,082,955	132,342,769
Securities Issued (***)	62,010,673	9,533,158	11,461,299	40,656,606	25,911,719	1,765,682	151,339,137
Other Fundings	24,668,657	7,212,679	24,819,051	10,485,790	1,858,334	136,328	69,180,839
Other Liabilities	75,896	181,840	478,448	1,396,701	223,186	446,130,089	448,486,160
Total Liabilities	1,077,650,674	282,298,578	184,003,988	66,386,183	29,104,460	1,363,135,496	3,002,579,379
On Balance Sheet Long Position	125,490,135	-	317,020,741	343,965,245	157,936,529	-	944,412,650
On Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(80,161,023)	-	-	-	(864,251,627)	(944,412,650)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	56,988,032	87,132,177	105,594,856	64,747,836	38,161,953	-	352,624,854
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(44,692,447)	(97,634,360)	(108,098,149)	(70,847,152)	(33,951,274)	-	(355,223,382)
Total Position	137,785,720	(90,663,206)	314,517,448	337,865,929	162,147,208	(864,251,627)	(2,598,528)

^(*) Interest accruals are included in non-interest bearing column.

^(**) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

^(***) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL and presented under subordinated debts in balance sheet.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.4.2 Average interest rates on monetary financial instruments (%)

Current Period	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	30.90
Banks	2.52-2.42	2.02-4.33	-	41.00-53.00
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	4.95	6.41-6.56	-	34.00-47.04
Money Market Placements	2.33	3.96	-	45.99-48.00
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.13-6.25	0.50-12.06	-	14.90-100.10
Loans (*)	1.08-20.75	3.55-21.55	-	36.07-63.93
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.00-3.47	6.65	-	7.44-21.83
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	2.30-2.50	4.34	-	51.85
Other Deposits	0.10-5.40	0.98-5.25	-	6.25-42.00
Money Market Fundings	2.55-2.57	5.03	-	36.10-56.57
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	5.27	6.88	-	42.00-47.50
Other Fundings	0.94-9.95	1.66-8.40	_	36.35-55.65

Prior Period	EUR	USD	JPY	TL
Assets				
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	37.99
Banks	2.91-3.00	2.28	-	43.50-58.32
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	4.25	5.84-6.67	-	34.00-40.96
Money Market Placements	-	4.17	-	48.73
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.13-6.25	0.50-12.06	-	12.60-100.10
Loans (*)	1.08-25.46	3.17-26.61	-	41.44-89.64
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	4.00	6.67	-	26.33
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	2.75-3.04	4.63	-	62.76
Other Deposits	0.10-5.40	0.18-5.45	-	6.00-46.00
Money Market Fundings	1.75	3.62	-	19.27-52.50
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	2.76	7.08	-	62.47
Other Fundings	0.94-10.21	1.66-8.40	-	39.52-52.50

^(*) Lease receivables and factoring receivables are included.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.5 Consolidated position risk of equity securities

4.5.1 Equity shares in associates and subsidiaries

Accounting policies for equity shares in associates and subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 3.3.

4.5.2 Comparison of carrying, fair and market values of equity shares

Curr	ent Period	Comparison					
Equi	ity Securities (shares)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value			
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	9,908,898	-	573,928			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	573,928			
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	25,557	-				
	Quoted Securities	_	-	-			
3	Investment in Shares- Grade C	822	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-			
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	-	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-			
5	Investment in Shares- Grade E	3,607	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-			
6	Investment in Shares- Grade F	48	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-			

Prio	r Period		Comparison				
Equ	ity Securities (shares)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value			
1	Investment in Shares- Grade A	8,984,627	-	487,901			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	487,901			
2	Investment in Shares- Grade B	25,557	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	-			
3	Investment in Shares- Grade C	822	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	-			
4	Investment in Shares- Grade D	_	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	-			
5	Investment in Shares- Grade E	1,014	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	_	-	-			
6	Investment in Shares- Grade F	48	-	-			
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-			

4.5.3 Realised gains/losses, revaluation surpluses and unrealised gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals

Current Period			Revaluation Surpluses		Unrealized Gains and Losses		
Por	tfolio -	Gains/Losses in Current Period	Total	Amount in Tier I Capital	Total	Amount in Core Capital	Amount in Tier I Capital
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-	176,596	-	176,596
3	Other Shares	-	1,373,445	1,373,445	-	-	-
	Total	-	1,373,445	1,373,445	176,596	-	176,596

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period		~	Revaluation Surpluses Unrealized Gains			ealized Gains and	and Losses	
Por	rtfolio	Gains/Losses in Current Period	Total	Amount in Tier I Capital	Total	Amount in Core Capital	Amount in Tier I Capital	
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-	225,853	-	225,853	
3	Other Shares	-	955,148	955,148	-	-		
	Total	-	955,148	955,148	225,853	-	225,853	

4.5.4 Capital requirement as per equity shares

	Current Period			
	Portfolio	Carrying Value	RWA Total	Minimum Capital Requirement
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-
3	Other Shares	14,299,538	18,587,039	1,486,963
	Total	14,299,538	18,587,039	1,486,963

	Prior Period			
	Portfolio	Carrying Value	RWA Total	Minimum Capital Requirement
1	Private Equity Investments	-	-	-
2	Quoted Shares	-	-	-
3	Other Shares	12,722,452	18,814,793	1,505,183
	Total	12,722,452	18,814,793	1,505,183

4.6 Liquidity risk management, consolidated liquidity coverage ratio and consolidated net stable funding ratio

Liquidity risk is managed by Asset and Liability Management Department (ALMD), Weekly Review Committee and Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) in line with liquidity and funding policies and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors in order to take the necessary measures in a timely and correct manner against possible liquidity shortages that may result from market conditions and balance sheet structure. Under stressed conditions, liquidity risk is managed within the contingency funding plan framework.

The Board of Directors reviews the liquidity risk management policy and approves the liquidity and funding risk management policy, ensures the effective of practice of policies and integrations with the Parent Bank's risk management system. The Board of Directors determines the basic metrics in liquidity risk measurement and monitoring. The Board of Directors establishes risk appetite of the Parent Bank in liquidity risk management and identifies the risk limits in accordance with the risk appetite and reviews it regularly.

ALCO takes necessary decisions which will be executed by related departments by assessing the liquidity risk that the Parent Bank is exposed to and considering the Bank's strategy and conditions of competition and pursues the implementations.

ALMD, performs daily liquidity management by ensuring compliance with regulatory and internal liquidity limits and monitoring related early warning indicators in case of probable liquidity squeezes. The medium and long term liquidity and funding management is performed by ALMD in accordance with ALCO decisions.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Head of Risk management defines the Parent Bank's liquidity risk, measures and monitors the risks with liquidity risk measurement methods that are in compliance with international standards, presents measurement results periodically to related departments, committees and senior management. Head of Risk management coordinates related parties in order to ensure compliance of risk management process in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk profile, operation environment and strategic plan with regulations. Head of Risk management analyses, develops and revises relevant liquidity risk measurement in accordance with changing market conditions and the Parent Bank's structure. Head of Risk Management department reviews assumptions and parameters used in liquidity risk analysis.

The liquidity risk analysis and the important liquidity indicators are reported regularly to related senior management. Additionally, analysis and monitored internal ratios related to liquidity risk are presented in ALCO report. Internal liquidity metrics are monitored with limit and alert levels approved by the Board of Directors/ the Board of Directors Risk Committee and reported regularly to related parties.

Decentralized management approach is adopted in the Parent Bank's liquidity management. Each subsidiary controlled by the Parent Bank performs daily, medium and long term liquidity management independently from the Bank by the authorities in each subsidiary responsible for managing liquidity risk. In addition, within the scope of consolidated risk management, liquidity and funding risk of each subsidiary in control are monitored via the liquidity risk management methods identified by the Parent Bank by considering the operations, risk profile and regulations of the related subsidiary.

The Parent Bank's funding management is carried out in compliance with the ALCO decisions. Funding and placement strategies are developed by assessing liquidity of the Bank.

In liquidity risk management actions that will be taken and procedures are determined by considering normal economic conditions and stress conditions.

Diversification of assets and liabilities is assured so as to be able to continuously meet the obligations, also taking into account the relevant currencies. Funding sources are monitored actively during identification of concentration risk related to funding.

The Parent Bank's funding base of customer deposits, interbank and other borrowing transactions are diversified in order to prevent the concentration of a particular funding source. Factors that could trigger the sudden and significant run off in funds or impair the accessibility of the funding sources are analyzed. Additionally, in order to have a healthy liquidity buffer, most of the securities which are eligible as collateral at CBRT issued by Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance have active secondary market are comprised in the Bank's assets.

In the context of TL and foreign currencies liquidity management, the Parent Bank monitors the cash flows regarding assets and liabilities and forecasts the required liquidity in future periods. In cash flow analysis, stress is applied to items that affect the liquidity by volume and rate of change from a liquidity management point of view.

Liquidity risk exposed by the Parent Bank is managed by establishing risk appetite, risk mitigation according to the liquidity and funding policies (diversification of funding sources, holding high quality liquid assets reserve) and effective control environment and closely monitoring by limits. For those risks that cannot be reduced, the adoption of the current level of risk, reduction or termination of the activities that cause the risk is considered.

In liquidity risk stress testing framework, the level of the Parent Bank's ability to cover cash outflows in liquidity crisis scenario based on the Bank's current cash flow structure, by high quality liquid assets is calculated. Scenario analysis are performed by assessing changing balance sheet structure, liquidity requirements and market conditions.

The results of liquidity risk stress testing are taken into consideration in the assessment of liquidity adequacy and identification of policy regarding liquidity risk and contingency funding plan is prepared within this framework.

There exists "Liquidity Contingency Plan" in the Bank approved by the Board of Directors, including mechanisms to prevent increase in liquidity risk scenarios for different conditions and levels. Available liquidity sources are determined by considering the liquidity squeezes. Within the framework of this plan, the Bank monitors liquidity risk in terms of early warning indicators and probable scenarios where liquidity risk crisis and possible actions that can be taken. Moreover, Liquidity Contingency Plan for each subsidiaries has been documented and approved by their Board of Directors.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

In the scope of contingency plan within the framework of intraday liquidity risk management in liquidity and funding risk procedure, situations requiring the activation of contingency plan and indicating an intraday liquidity stress, and intraday liquidity metrics are monitored and intraday liquidity risk stress testing is performed. Furthermore, "Liquidity Contingency Plan" which is approved by the Board of Directors, is prepared independently in each subsidiary controlled by the Bank.

The Parent Bank's liabilities consist of TL and foreign currency funding, of which a large portion is USD/EUR and Gold. Deposits and capital constitute most of TL funding. Retail customers cannot use foreign currency loans but are able to purchase FX for foreign currency deposits, leading to imbalances in deposit and loan volumes in the TL and FC balance sheet. Long term funding obtained from foreign banks and creditors are mainly in foreign currency. For these reasons overall foreign currency liabilities are usually more than foreign currency assets and unused portion of USD, EURO and gold are used in TL funding via currency swap transactions. Swap transactions which is made for TL funding are made with CBRT, however swap transactions with foreign banks are being made in legal swap limits. Repo lines by open market operations and Borsa Istanbul ("OMO / BİST") are not utilized, unused limits and high quality liquid asset stock is held is kept to use in the case of a liquidity scarcity in market. Also Eurobonds of Republic of Türkiye aren't used to secure funding and kept as reserve to use in the case of a foreign currency liquidity scarcity in market. In TL and foreign currency liquidity management, regulatory ratios, internally set warnings, limits and other liquidity and funding metrics are monitored.

The Parent Bank turns to permanent consumer deposits to increase of weights Consumer/SME deposits in TL deposits which significantly contributes to liquidity metrics such as the internal stress test during 2024.

The Parent Bank keeps a strong liquidity buffer due to possible liquidity risks. Excess liquidity is utilized as overnight reverse repurchase transactions in BİST, in which, the collateral received by the bank is HQLA securities issued by Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

4.6.1 Liquidity coverage ratio

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), aims for the banks having the ability to cover 30 days of liquidity needs with their own cash and high quality liquid assets that are easy to convert to cash during liquidity shortages in the markets. With that perspective and according to "Regulation for Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculations" (the Regulation) terms LCR ratio is calculated by having high quality liquid assets divided by net cash outflows. In both bank-only and consolidated basis, LCR ratio should be at least 80% for foreign currency and 100% for total.

Items in balance sheet and off balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by the coefficients advised in the Regulation. In both bank-only and consolidated LCR calculations cash inflows are limited by 75% of cash outflows and cash inflows from high quality liquid assets aren't included.

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages. High quality liquid assets are composed of 2.90% cash, 61.09% deposits in central banks and 36.01% securities considered as high quality liquid assets.

The Parent Bank's main funding sources are deposits, funds borrowed, money market borrowings and securities issued. Consolidated funding source composition as of report date is 81.20% deposits, 3.68% funds borrowed and money market borrowings, 5.70% securities issued and 9.41% other liabilities.

In consolidated LCR calculations, cash outflows are mainly consisting of deposits, secured and unsecured borrowings, securities issued and off balance sheet items.

The cash flows from derivative financial instruments are included in consolidated LCR calculations according to the Regulation's terms. The Bank also considers changes in fair value of the liabilities that result in margin calls when calculating cash outflows.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Curr	ent Period	Total Unweigh	ted Value (*)	Total Weight	Total Weighted Value (*)		
Curr	em I eriou	TL+FC FC		TL+FC	FC		
High	-Quality Liquid Assets			820,526,614	396,906,908		
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	821,766,688	397,989,591	820,526,614	396,906,908		
Cash	ı Outflows						
	Retail deposits and deposits from small						
2	business customers, of which:	1,442,772,696	578,340,213	127,886,430	57,117,203		
3	Stable deposits	327,816,784	14,336,371	16,390,839	716,819		
4	Less stable deposits	1,114,955,912	564,003,842	111,495,591	56,400,384		
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	802,198,236	382,094,432	486,303,338	209,021,803		
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-		
7	Non-operational deposits	652,461,160	345,778,567	375,381,870	177,528,932		
8	Unsecured funding	149,737,076	36,315,865	110,921,468	31,492,871		
9	Secured wholesale funding	5,516,008	2,385,223	3,717,587	2,385,223		
10	Other cash outflows of which:	2,072,275,363	294,453,017	164,670,591	118,667,857		
	Outflows related to derivative exposures and						
11	other collateral requirements	13,375,855	87,687,410	13,375,855	87,687,410		
12	Outflows related to restructured financial						
	Instruments	-	-	-			
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance						
	sheet commitments granted for debts to						
	financial markets	2,058,899,508	206,765,607	151,294,736	30,980,447		
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet						
	commitments and contractual obligations	26,095,738	24,043,551	1,304,787	1,202,178		
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable						
	off-balance sheet obligations	61,455,110	60,173,718	3,072,759	3,008,686		
16	Total Cash Outflows	4,410,313,151	1,341,490,154	786,955,492	391,402,950		
	n Inflows						
17	Secured receivables	66,505	- 124045 405	-			
18	Unsecured receivables	351,670,567	134,945,486	231,016,185	97,169,573		
19	Other cash inflows	12,248,509	61,239,719	11,781,333	61,186,085		
20	Total Cash Inflows	363,985,581	196,185,205	242,797,518	158,355,658		
				Upper Lir	nit Applied		
21	Total HOLA			820 526 614	Values 396,906,908		
21	Total HQLA Total Net Cash Outflows			820,526,614 544,157,974	233,047,292		
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			153.02%	233,047,292 177.81%		

^(*) The average of last three months' simple averages of daily figures.

The table below presents the first three months' consolidated Liquidity Ratios:

Period	TL+FC	FC
31 January 2025	154.69%	191.15%
28 February 2025	164.23%	184.13%
31 March 2025	140.14%	158.15%

$\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{T\"urkiye Garanti Bankası } \textbf{A}\xspace\$ \ \text{and Its Financial Subsidiaries}$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Total	lity Liquid Assets al high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Total Unweight TL+FC 717,699,584 1,336,877,073 264,042,190 1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844 13,051,158	FC 415,764,703 544,231,192 11,387,672 532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601 33,059,718	Total Weighter TL+FC 717,304,698 717,304,698 120,485,597 13,202,109 107,283,488 381,459,771	FC 415,652,755 415,652,755 415,652,755 53,853,736 569,384 53,284,352 216,061,780 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469 62,321,723
1 Tota Cash Outfl Reta 2 busin 3 Stat 4 Less 5 Uns 6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Seco 10 Oth Out 11 othe 12 Ou Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-t 16 Tota Cash Inflow	al high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) flows ail deposits and deposits from small iness customers, of which: able deposits as stable deposits assecured wholesale funding, of which: arrational deposits an-operational deposits assecured funding cured wholesale funding ther cash outflows of which: atflows related to derivative exposures and are collateral requirements	1,336,877,073 264,042,190 1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	544,231,192 11,387,672 532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	717,304,698 120,485,597 13,202,109 107,283,488 381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	415,652,755 53,853,736 569,384 53,284,352 216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
Cash Outfl Reta 2 busin 3 State 4 Less 5 Uns 6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Sector 10 Oth 12 Out 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 15 Oth off-b Tota Cash Inflow 17	ail deposits and deposits from small iness customers, of which: able deposits as stable deposits ascured wholesale funding, of which: arrational deposits an-operational deposits ascured funding cured wholesale funding ther cash outflows of which: atflows related to derivative exposures and ther collateral requirements	1,336,877,073 264,042,190 1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	544,231,192 11,387,672 532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	120,485,597 13,202,109 107,283,488 381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	53,853,736 569,384 53,284,352 216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
Reta busin	ail deposits and deposits from small iness customers, of which: able deposits as stable deposits as ecured wholesale funding, of which: arrational deposits an-operational deposits as ecured funding cured wholesale funding ther cash outflows of which: atflows related to derivative exposures and ther collateral requirements	264,042,190 1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	11,387,672 532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	13,202,109 107,283,488 381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	569,384 53,284,352 216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
2 busin 3 Stab 4 Less 5 Uns 6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Seco 10 Oth 11 othe 12 Our Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow	iness customers, of which: able deposits as stable deposits assecured wholesale funding, of which: arrational deposits an-operational deposits assecured funding cured wholesale funding ther cash outflows of which: atflows related to derivative exposures and are collateral requirements	264,042,190 1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	11,387,672 532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	13,202,109 107,283,488 381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	569,384 53,284,352 216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
4 Less 5 Uns 6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Secu 10 Oth 11 othe 12 Out 11s 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow	ss stable deposits secured wholesale funding, of which: serational deposits secured funding cured wholesale funding her cash outflows of which: stflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	1,072,834,883 679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	532,843,520 378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	107,283,488 381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	53,284,352 216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
5 Uns 6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Secu 10 Oth Out 11 othe 12 Out Ins: 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow	secured wholesale funding, of which: serational deposits on-operational deposits secured funding cured wholesale funding ther cash outflows of which: ttflows related to derivative exposures and ther collateral requirements	679,957,684 - 559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	378,250,539 - 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	381,459,771 - 295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	216,061,780 - 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
6 Ope 7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Sect 10 Oth 11 othe 12 Out Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota 17 Secu	perational deposits on-operational deposits secured funding cured wholesale funding her cash outflows of which: tflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	559,448,736 120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	- 304,904,952 73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	295,721,696 85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	- 147,537,438 68,524,342 87,469
7 Nor 8 Uns 9 Sect 10 Oth 11 othe 12 Out 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow 17 Secu	sn-operational deposits secured funding cured wholesale funding her cash outflows of which: tflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	68,524,342 87,469
8 Uns 9 Sect 10 Oth Out 11 othe 12 Ou Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow 17 Secu	secured funding cured wholesale funding her cash outflows of which: tflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	120,508,948 2,297,061 1,851,877,844	73,345,587 87,477 224,651,601	85,738,075 2,233,432 150,257,322	68,524,342 87,469
9 Second 10 Oth Out of the Institute of the Institute of the Institute of the Institute of the Institute of the Institute of Institute of the Institute of Instit	cured wholesale funding her cash outflows of which: tflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	2,297,061 1,851,877,844	87,477 224,651,601	2,233,432 150,257,322	87,469
10 Oth Out 11 othe 12 Ou Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow	her cash outflows of which: ttflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements	1,851,877,844	224,651,601	150,257,322	
11 Out 12 Ou 1ss 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow 17 Secu	tflows related to derivative exposures and her collateral requirements				62,321,723
11 other 12 Our Ins 13 Pay she fina 14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflor 17 Secu	ner collateral requirements	13,051,158	33,059,718		
13 Pay she find 14 Oth community 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow 17 Security	utflows related to restructured financial			13,051,158	33,059,718
14 Oth com: 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflow 17 Secu	struments	-	-	-	-
com 15 Oth off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflored 17 Security	yment commitments and other off-balance eet commitments granted for debts to nancial markets	1,838,826,686	191,591,883	137,206,164	29,262,005
off-b 16 Tota Cash Inflo	ner revocable off-balance sheet nmitments and contractual obligations	22,314,823	20,025,525	1,115,741	1,001,276
Cash Inflov	her irrevocable or conditionally revocable balance sheet obligations	59,924,745	57,270,975	2,996,240	2,863,549
17 Secu	al Cash Outflows	3,953,249,230	1,224,517,309	658,548,103	336,189,533
	ows				
	ured receivables	70,667	_	-	
18 Unse	secured receivables	324,596,815	114,984,707	212,453,365	82,031,396
19 Othe	er cash inflows	10,563,417	37,977,653	10,146,487	37,893,858
20 Tota	al Cash Inflows	335,230,899	152,962,360	222,599,852	119,925,254
				Upper Lin	nit Applied
					Values
				717,304,698	415,652,755
22 Tota	al HQLA			435,948,251	216,264,279

 $^{^{(*)}}$ The average of last three months' simple averages of daily figures.

The table below presents the last three months' consolidated Liquidity Ratios of the year 2024:

Period	TL+FC	FC
31 October 2024	181.03%	195.34%
30 November 2024	159.29%	184.82%
31 December 2024	158.02%	209.76%

4.6.2 Contractual maturity analysis of liabilities according to remaining maturities

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and

for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.6.3 Maturity analysis of liabilities according to remaining maturities

	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Undistributed	Total
Current Period								
Assets								
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and Balances with the Central Bank	301,344,536	230,424,350	18,197,753	674,453	-	-	-	550,641,092
Banks	67,866,906	183,330,084	1,899,699	227,701	1,323,798	1,385,961	100,957	256,135,106
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	1,768,892	166,994	34,934	2,668,965	3,456,201	1,496,922	25,249	9,618,157
Money Market Placements	-	55,052,630	-	-	-	-	-	55,052,630
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	3,827,009	4,291,022	9,813,020	20,919,593	81,299,859	52,453,742	-	172,604,245
Loans	12,104,376	538,183,657	258,696,581	588,924,235	471,154,534	89,240,957	88,977,013	2,047,281,353
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	9,123,217	11,127,172	36,242,350	139,117,124	82,509,787	-	278,119,650
Other Assets (*)	30,823,741	12,635,278	1,965,520	4,413,415	5,081,248	2,883,089	71,034,287	128,836,578
Total Assets	417,735,460	1,033,207,232	301,734,679	654,070,712	701,432,764	229,970,458	160,137,506	3,498,288,811
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	2,749,624	36,091,232	26,730	423,901	-	-	-	39,291,487
Other Deposits	958,410,840	1,110,714,459	298,182,414	162,721,189	14,105,962	1,237,485	-	2,545,372,349
Other Fundings	3,961,838	12,642,798	20,327,747	37,235,940	3,246,480	2,564,964	-	79,979,767
Money Market Funds	-	20,460,700	10,797,565	7,667,453	-	-	-	38,925,718
Securities Issued (**)	-	2,223	642,582	43,279,504	27,524,693	108,392,963	37,523	179,879,488
Miscellaneous Payables	145,868,932	1,198,990	998,228	822,447	345,038	317	5,666,464	154,900,416
Other Liabilities (***)	26,115,867	19,095,368	9,323,531	5,471,931	9,802,132	2,474,893	387,655,864	459,939,586
Total Liabilities	1,137,107,101	1,200,205,770	340,298,797	257,622,365	55,024,305	114,670,622	393,359,851	3,498,288,811
Liquidity Gap	(719,371,641)	(166,998,538)	(38,564,118)	396,448,347	646,408,459	115,299,836	(233,222,345)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(5,249,592)	(245,625)	(5,043,019)	4,661,772	3,443,204	48,631	-	(2,384,629)
Derivative Financial Assets	2,368,344	429,527,690	160,621,889	136,263,199	38,334,167	6,333,850	-	773,449,139
Derivative Financial Liabilities	7,617,936	429,773,315	165,664,908	131,601,427	34,890,963	6,285,219	-	775,833,768
Non-Cash Loans	818	173,389,385	25,097,400	20,941,831	42,413,113	11,171,582	2,170,131,185	2,443,145,314
Prior Period								
Total Assets	240,852,961	907,959,348	300,088,134	581,015,546	621,177,715	210,058,491	141,427,184	3,002,579,379
Total Liabilities	989,525,792	971,224,672	302,168,410	211,364,114	48,380,809	103,941,980	375,973,602	3,002,579,379
Liquidity Gap	(748,672,831)	(63,265,324)	(2,080,276)	369,651,432	572,796,906	106,116,511	(234,546,418)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	337,312	(2,546,917)	279,958	(2,565,885)	703,757	-	(3,791,775)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	278,068,974	109,266,097	83,826,062	34,273,804	6,054,051	-	511,488,988
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	277,731,662	111,813,014	83,546,104	36,839,689	5,350,294	-	515,280,763
Non-Cash Loans	717	84,008,635	17,803,480	18,612,595	34,717,452	6,399,287	1,919,280,355	2,080,822,521

^(*) Includes expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

^(**) Includes subordinated securities issued and financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

^(***) Shareholders' Equity is included in "Other Liabilities" line under "Undistributed" column.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

4.6.4 Net Stable Funding Ratio

Net stable funding ratio (NSFR) is calculated by dividing the available stable funding amount by the required stable funding amount. Available stable funding includes the portion of banks' liabilities and capital that are expected to be permanent; and required stable funding refers to the portion of banks' on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities that are expected to be refunded.

Available stable funding amount is calculated by summing the amounts to be found after applying the relevant consideration rates determined within the scope of the legislation to the amounts of banks' liabilities and capital items valued in accordance with TFRS. Required stable funding amount will be found after applying the relevant consideration rates determined within the scope of the legislation to the value calculated by deducting the special provisions set aside in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles on the Classification of Loans and the Provisions from the amounts of the banks' on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities valued in accordance with TFRS.

The three-month simple arithmetic average of the consolidated and unconsolidated NSFR calculated monthly as of capital calculation periods as of March, June, September and December cannot be less than one hundred percent.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	inds of Turkish Lira (TL))	-	b	6		d
Currei	nt Period	a Un	-	ccording to Residual M	ç Maturity	u
		Non Maturity	Residual maturity of less than 6 months	Residual maturity of nine months and longer but less than one year	Residual maturity of one year or more	Total Weighted Amount
Availal	ble stable funding		· *	+	· *	.,
1	Capital Instruments	456,422,119	_ '	_	_	456,422,119
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	456,422,119	_ '	_ !		456,422,119
3	Other Capital Instruments	_ !	- '	_]	_	_
4	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits	698,663,342	924,884,063	29,640,670	4,029,876	1,516,312,065
5	Stable Deposits	224,551,337	257,073,515	14,631,208	62,125	471,502,275
6	Less Stable Deposits	474,112,005	667,810,548	15,009,463	3,967,751	1,044,809,790
7	Other Obligations	263,666,336	669,260,932	91,010,850	64,577,656	438,144,623
8	Operational deposits	4,296,332		_	_	2,148,166
9	Other Obligations	259,370,004	669,260,932	91,010,850	64,577,656	435,996,458
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	-	_ '	_	_	
11	Other Liabilities	_		_	_	22,912,635
12	Derivative liabilities			1,183,526		
13	All other equity not included in the above categories	270,819,573	16,579,523	3,701,543	24,091,899	22,912,635
14	Available stable funding	- !	- '	_ "	_	2,433,791,442
Requir	red stable funding					.,
15	High Quality Liquid Assets	-	_	-	_	96,830,482
16	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational purposes	43	_	_	-	22
17	Performing Loans	146,371,067	1,116,251,524	343,558,973	505,524,753	1,134,667,216
18	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the loan is secured against Level 1 assets Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or	10,762,166	50,520,234	146,846	222,183	17,630,850
19	encumbered loans that are not secured against Level 1 assets	45,384,457	32,403,526	18,744,244	7,651,787	21,993,650
20	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or retail customers, central banks, other than credit agencies and/or financial institutions	85,706,256	1,020,571,524	313,488,645	398,981,013	1,014,880,124
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to %35	_	8,215,972	1,810,584	2,687,938	6,760,119
22	Residential mortgages	-	9,765,556	8,502,557	86,730,274	66,929,677
23	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less than or equal to %35	-	6,415,871	5,192,874	68,094,986	50,488,151
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA and exchange-traded equities	4,518,188	2,990,685	2,676,680	11,939,497	13,232,916
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities	-	!	_	_	-
26	Other Assets	_	_ '	_ !	-	339,890,298
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	25,460,295	_ '	_	-	25,460,295
28	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to central counterparty			1,432,499		1,217,625
29	Derivative Assets			12,657,128		11,826,613
30	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the variation margin			1,059,832		1,059,832
31	Other Assets not included above	265,143,151	70,400,366	_ !	22,078,993	300,325,935
32	Off-balance sheet commitments	ļ	225,438,401	199,182,653	1,906,588,329	128,893,523
33	Total Required stable funding	-	_ !	_	-	1,700,281,542
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)	- '	- '	_ !	_	143.14

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

As of 31 March 2025, consolidated NSFR is calculated as 143.14% (31 December 2024: 140.53%). Considering the amounts to which the consideration rate is applied, Capital items corresponds to 18.8% of Available Stable Funding amount (31 December 2024: 20.6%) and Real Person and Retail Customer Deposits corresponds to 62.3% of Available Stable Funding amount. (31 December 2024: 60.6%), where those two refers to items to which the highest consideration rates are applied within the scope of the legislation.

Performing Receivables, which have the largest share in Required Stable Funding, constitute 66.7% (31 December 2024: 65.6%) of Required Stable Fund amount.

Factors such as the development of major balance sheet items such as Loans and Deposits, the change in balance sheet maturity structure and asset encumbrance are effective in the development of the ratio between the periods.

Consolidated NSFR ratio development in the first quarter of 2025 is shown in the table below.

Period	Ratio
31 January 2025	140.46%
28 February 2025	140.12%
31 March 2025	143.14%
3 Month Average	141.24%

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior P	eriod	a	b	С	ç	d
		Unwe	ighted Amount Aco	cording to Residual	Maturity	
		Non Maturity	Residual maturity of less than 6 months	Residual maturity of nine months and longer but less than one year	Residual maturity of one year or more	Total Weighted Amount
Availab	le stable funding				1	
1	Capital Instruments	433,745,063	-	-	-	433,745,063
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	433,745,063	-	-	-	433,745,063
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits	591,891,666	766,644,551	28,871,184	7,820,777	1,273,472,790
5	Stable Deposits	172,703,021	166,468,148	11,460,911	4,716,514	337,581,164
6	Less Stable Deposits	419,188,645	600,176,403	17,410,272	3,104,263	935,891,625
7	Other Obligations	235,022,743	517,129,251	26,783,107	57,053,102	373,298,077
8	Operational deposits	4,620,950	-	-	-	2,310,475
9	Other Obligations	230,401,793	517,129,251	26,783,107	57,053,102	370,987,602
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	-	-	-	-	-
11	Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-	20,809,471
12	Derivative liabilities	-			2,401,231	-
13	All other equity not included in the above categories	267,237,424	10,343,905	2,524,832	21,382,937	20,809,471
14	Available stable funding	-	-	-	-	2,101,325,400
Require	d stable funding		·			
15	High Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-	83,467,630
16	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational purposes	24	-	-	-	12
17	Performing Loans	110,879,010	983,840,232	301,649,474	405,206,365	981,643,357
18	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the loan is secured against Level 1 assets	10,873,400	20,607,579	28,470	211,112	11,113,023
19	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or encumbered loans that are not secured against Level 1 assets	25,817,624	18,512,353	18,127,614	5,655,229	22,496,328
20	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or retail customers, central banks, other than credit agencies and/or financial institutions	74,135,206	930,815,561	274,107,764	314,319,221	882,187,363
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to %35	-	16,897,081	4,002,311	2,897,669	12,332,864
22	Residential mortgages	-	8,296,408	7,675,733	74,418,606	57,581,577
23	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less than or equal to %35	-	5,853,925	4,458,184	59,077,960	43,931,138
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA and exchange-traded equities	52,780	5,608,332	1,709,893	10,602,196	8,265,066
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities	-	-	-	-	
26	Other Assets	-	-	-	-	317,153,033
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	16,300,705	-	-	-	16,300,705
28	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to central counterparty	-		1,243,193		1,056,714
29	Derivative Assets	-	9,360,748		8,061,192	
30	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the variation margin	-		991,944		991,944
31	Other Assets not included above	232,005,487	65,307,234	-	21,525,833	290,742,478
32	Off-balance sheet commitments	-	213,784,805	148,809,863	1,634,988,956	113,013,870
33	Total Required stable funding	-	-	-	-	1,495,277,901
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)	-	-	-	-	140.53

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Consolidated NSFR ratio development in the last 3 months of 2024 is shown in the table below.

Period	Ratio
31 October 2024	148.14%
30 November 2024	140.69%
31 December 2024	140.53%
3 Month Average	143.12%

4.7 Consolidated leverage ratio

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below.

The Bank's consolidated leverage ratio calculated by taking average of end of month leverage ratios for the last three-month periods, is 5.96% (31 December 2024: 6.27%). While the capital increased by 6.95% mainly as a result of increase in net profits, total risk amount increased by 12.72%. Therefore, the current period leverage ratio decreased by 31 basis points compared to prior period.

		Current Period(***)	Prior Period ^(***)
1	Total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (*) (**)	3,008,751,537	2,617,090,174
2	The difference between total assets prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (*) and total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" (**)	(6,172,158)	335,014
3	The difference between the amounts of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such instruments	(82,210,155)	(77,660,059)
4	The difference between the amounts of securities or commodity financing transactions in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk	142,741,124	129,383,956
5	The difference between the amounts of off-balance items in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	3,494,103	3,665,340
6	Other differences between the amounts in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	-	-
7	Total risk amount	5,672,670,643	5,032,653,807

^(*) Consolidated financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of Article 5 of the Communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements."

^(**) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards as of 31 December 2024 for the current period and 30 June 2024 for the prior period, are considered.

^(***) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

		Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
On	-balance sheet assets		
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	3,289,434,818	2,948,245,184
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I capital)	(5,422,541)	(4,127,235)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	3,284,012,277	2,944,117,949
De	rivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	10,587,060	10,671,624
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	71,623,095	66,988,435
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5)	82,210,155	77,660,059
Sec	curities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	11,862,891	13,514,144
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 and 8)	11,862,891	13,514,144
Otl	ner off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	2,298,079,423	2,001,026,995
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(3,494,103)	(3,665,340)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	2,294,585,320	1,997,361,655
Ca	pital and total risks		
13	Tier I capital	337,326,951	315,395,781
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	5,672,670,643	5,032,653,807
Lev	verage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	5.96%	6.27%

^(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

4.8 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

4.9 Transactions carried out on behalf of customers and items held in trust

None.

4.10 Risk management objectives and policies

The notes under this caption are prepared as per the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures" published in the Official Gazette No. 29511 dated 23 October 2015.

4.10.1 Risk management strategy and weighted amounts

4.10.1.1 Risk management strategy

Risk Management ensures that; risk management policies and principles are applied and adopted throughout the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries and that risk management system is maintained and improved which pursues risk-return relationship, and measures all risks together and which is in compliance with applicable regulation, bank strategies and policies and where limits determined in connection with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors are not breached. Risk Management defines, measures, reports, monitors the risks and ensure the activities executed in order to control these risks thoroughly and timely; also monitors the results.

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Policies and procedures regarding risk management are established for consolidated subsidiaries. Policies and procedures are prepared in compliance with applicable legislations that the subsidiaries subject to and the parent Bank's risk management strategy, reviewed regularly and revised if necessary. The parent Bank ensures that risk management system is applied in subsidiaries where risks are defined, measured, monitored and controlled.

Risk management activities are structured under the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Besides oversight of corporate risk management policies and practices, capital adequacy and planning with liquidity adequacy subjects, management of various risks that the Bank may be exposed to is the responsibility of the Risk Committee, which consists of members of the Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Risk Management, which performs risk management functions, reports to the Board of Directors via the Risk Committee, whereas the Internal Audit Department, performing internal audit functions, the Internal Control Unit, performing internal control functions, and the Compliance Department, which implements compliance controls and performs activities to prevent laundering proceeds of crime, and financing of terrorism, report directly to the Board of Directors. Senior managements responsibility is to report to Board of Directors about the significant risk the Bank encounters, ensure the compliance with the risk management about own duties, eliminate the risks, deficiencies and errors occurring in the units responsible or take the necessary measures, participate in design and implementation of internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP); participate in process of assessing the adequacy and appropriateness of the underlying assumptions, data sources and principles used to measure the assumptions and risks associated with the models.

The Bank's main approach for the implementation of risk management model is establishing risk culture throughout the Bank, and aims that the importance of risk management for maintaining business operations is understood and risk awareness and sensitivity is ensured for decision making and implementation mechanisms process by all employees.

The Bank manages all exposed crisis situations within the framework of business continuity policy and business continuity program formed by strategic goals which designate The Bank's business continuity vision and principles; takes necessary actions.

Compliant with legislation, the Bank measures and monitors risks that exposed to, considering methods suitable with international standards. Risk measuring and reporting are performed via advanced methods and risk management software. Risk based detailed reports are prepared for management of significant risks, in order to determine strategies and take decisions, in this scope, reports are prepared for Board of Directors, relevant committees and senior management.

The Bank's risk appetite framework determines the risk level that the Board of Directors is prepared to accept in order to accomplish the goals and strategies with the consideration of the capacity of the institution to safely absorbs those risks and the Bank monitors regularly risk appetite metrics regarding capital, liquidity, income recurrence and risk based limits. Risks that the Bank is exposed is managed by providing effective control environment and monitoring limits. Unmitigated risks are either accepted with current risk levels or decreasing/ terminating the activity that causes the risk.

The Risk Management function conducts the ICAAP report, to be sent to the BRSA by coordinating relevant parties. Stress test report is also reported to the BRSA, which evaluates how adverse effects on macroeconomic parameters, in the scope of determined scenarios, affect the Bank's three year budget plan and results, and certain ratios, including capital adequacy.

Training programs for employees, risk reports to the Board of Directors, senior management and committees, risk appetite framework established by the Bank and ICAAP generate significant inputs to ensure that risk management culture is widely embraced.

On the other hand, within the scope of the "Regulation on the Precautionary Plans to be Prepared by Systemically Important Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 16 March 2021 and numbered 31425, the Bank prepares a Recovery Plan and reports the Plan to BRSA.

The Recovery Plan describes; the "precautionary measures" to be taken, in case the Recovery Plan indicators such as solvency (capital), liquidity, profitability indicators etc., fall below certain threshold levels. In this plan, besides the measures that can be applied under stress scenarios, information about the bank's structure is also given.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

The main purposes of the Recovery Plan are the following:

- An overview, with a detailed analysis of core business lines, critical economic functions as well as its interconnectedness.
- A detailed explanation of the specific governance arrangements relating to the recovery plan, comprising its development, approval and integration in the overall corporate governance of the Bank.
- A description of the decision-making process regarding the potential adoption of recovery measures, underscoring the escalation process and the role of indicators in this process.
- An identification of feasible recovery measures to be potentially adopted in order to restore the Recovery Plan indicators such as liquidity, solvency (capital), profitability etc., following a substantial deterioration that has potentially led to the implementation of recovery measures. This identification should be accompanied by a financial assessment of each measure, their legal and operational requirements, their potential obstacles, and their time for implementation and, in a second step, their feasibility in different scenarios of financial stress.
- A reference to the communication plan to address both internal and external communication.

The main purpose of including scenarios in the recovery plan is to test the impact and feasibility of the different recovery measures. They also allow for proper identification of the potential impediments or delays in the implementation of the recovery measures in a range of situations. Therefore, it is worth noting that the role of scenarios is noticeably different from the role of scenarios in other supervisory tools, such as capital plans or stress-tests exercises, whereas there should be consistency among all these tools.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

4.10.1.2 Risk weighted amounts

		Risk Weighte	ed Amounts	Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR) (*)	2,031,727,666	1,748,771,899	162,538,213
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	2,031,727,666	1,748,771,899	162,538,213
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	23,366,170	25,735,945	1,869,294
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	23,366,170	25,735,945	1,869,294
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	496,244	93,455	39,700
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	_	_	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	55,719,200	44,101,237	4,457,536
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	55,719,200	44,101,237	4,457,536
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	337,670,689	216,769,358	27,013,655
20	Of which basic indicator approach	337,670,689	216,769,358	27,013,655
21	Of which standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	_
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	2,448,979,969	2,035,471,894	195,918,398

^(*) Excluding equity investments in funds and amounts below the thresholds for deductions from capital.

4.10.2 Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.3 Consolidated credit risk

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.4 Consolidated counterparty credit risk

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.5 Consolidated securitisations

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.6 Consolidated market risk

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.7 Consolidated operational risk

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

4.10.8 Consolidated banking book interest rate risk

Not prepared in compliance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Risk Management Disclosures".

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5 Disclosures and Footnotes on Consolidated Financial Statements

5.1 Consolidated assets

5.1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

5.1.1.1 Cash and balances with Central Bank

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	8,196,917	22,925,313	6,455,145	18,550,380
Central Bank of Türkiye	348,008,389	146,047,460	194,716,186	127,432,845
Others	-	25,463,013	-	16,306,063
Total	356,205,306	194,435,786	201,171,331	162,289,288

Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	202,502,096	1,039,688	115,100,035	5,194
Unrestricted Time Deposits	59,409,000	-	-	-
Restricted Time Deposits	86,097,293	145,007,772	79,616,151	127,427,651
Total	348,008,389	146,047,460	194,716,186	127,432,845

The reserve requirements in TL, FC and gold that maintained in accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements" numbered 2013/15 are included in the table.

As of 31 March 2025, reserve requirement rates for TL denominated liabilities are in between 3% and 33% depending on their original maturity (31 December 2024: between 3% and 33%) and, reserve requirement rates for foreign currency denominated liabilities are in between 5% and 30% depending on their original maturity (31 December 2024: between 5% and 30%).

Also, an additional reserve requirement of 4% is maintained in Turkish Lira for foreign currency denominated deposits (excluding foreign bank deposits and precious metal accounts).

Starting from 20 January 2024, the banks that overshoot the targets namely "Ratio For Renewal and Transition To Turkish Lira" and "Ratio For Transition To Turkish Lira" have been receiving interest gain over reserve requirements maintained for KKM accounts and Turkish Lira deposits accounts. As of 21 December 2024, newly opened and renewed KKM accounts have been excluded from interest gain.

Within the scope of Regulation on Commission Applied To Reserve Requirement Balances, the banks which are below the limits determined by CBRT for two separate targets namely "the Renewal and Conversion rate to TL" and "Conversion Rate to TL and TL denominated deposit share" are required to pay commission over reserve requirement amounts related to foreign currency deposits. As of 20 December 2024, while targets related to commission liability for legal entity TL deposit share has been terminated, targets for real person TL deposit share will continue. Target for TL Conversion Rate will not be applied in the period between 11 April 2025 and 9 May 2025.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.1.2 Banks

	Current Pe	Current Period		riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic banks	10,045,564	1,493,783	8,456,016	1,110,455
Foreign banks	5,122,935	239,472,824	4,016,945	225,782,606
Foreign head office and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	15,168,499	240,966,607	12,472,961	226,893,061

The placements at foreign banks include blocked accounts amounting TL 71,150,285 (31 December 2024: TL 64,734,162) of which TL 60,365,567 (31 December 2024: TL 55,816,981) kept at the central banks of Malta, TL 1,279,731 (31 December 2024: TL 1,143,468) kept at Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus and TL 9,504,987 (31 December 2024: TL 7,773,713) kept at various banks as collateral.

Furthermore, there are restricted deposits at various domestic banks amounting TL 1,585,514 (31 December 2024: TL 1,469,962) as required for insurance activities.

Due from foreign banks

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.1.3 Receivables from reserve repo transactions

	Current Perio	Current Period		d
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Transactions	4,941,503	-	97,970	-
Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Banks	4,941,503	-	97,970	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Foreign Transactions	-	50,111,127	-	20,243,465
Central banks	-	-	-	-
Banks	-	50,111,127	-	20,243,465
Others	-	-	-	_
Total	4,941,503	50,111,127	97,970	20,243,465

5.1.1.4 Expected credit losses for cash and cash equivalents

Current Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at Beginning of Period	597,339	-	-	597,339
Additions during the Period (+)	750,803	-	-	750,803
Disposal (-)	(585,480)	-	-	(585,480)
Transfer to Stage1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	44,023	-	-	44,023
Balances at End of Period	806,685	-	-	806,685

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at Beginning of Period	1,938,327	-	-	1,938,327
Additions during the Period (+)	2,739,300	1	-	2,739,301
Disposal (-)	(4,191,436)	(2)	-	(4,191,438)
Transfer to Stage1	3	(3)	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(4)	4	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	111,149	-	-	111,149
Balances at End of Period	597,339	-	-	597,339

5.1.2 Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss

5.1.2.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Assets	133,883	2,270,503	178,027	2,217,508
Assets Subject to Repurchase Agreements	73,581	-	67,594	-
Total	207,464	2,270,503	245,621	2,217,508

5.1.2.2. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Government Securities	1,486,977	5,320,602	4,575,298	5,767,257	
Equity Securities	1,124,618	143,334	414,244	117,338	
Other Financial Assets (*)	314,043	1,228,583	198,724	1,053,982	
Total	2,925,638	6,692,519	5,188,266	6,938,577	

^(*) Loans whose contractual conditions are inconsistent with a basic lending agreement (consideration for the time value of money and credit risk are typically the most significant elements of interest) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. As of 31 March 2025, loans with a fair value of TL 284,389 (31 December 2024: TL 54,062) have been classified under other financial assets.

5.1.3 Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

5.1.3.1 Financial assets subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked

	Current	Period	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Collateralised/Blocked Assets	12,316,503	16,173,854	12,766,813	9,481,770	
Assets subject to Repurchase Agreements	460	17,144,924	2,943,284	15,220,097	
Total	12,316,963	33,318,778	15,710,097	24,701,867	

5.1.3.2 Details of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	134,029,258	100,432,402
Quoted at Stock Exchange	134,029,258	100,432,402
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	-	-
Common Shares/Investment Fund	31,394	28,069
Quoted at Stock Exchange	4,491	4,491
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	26,903	23,578
Value Increase/Impairment Losses (-)	38,543,593	38,628,374
Total	172,604,245	139,088,845

Expected losses of TL 219,718 (31 December 2024: TL 189,193) are accounted under shareholders' equity for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.4 Derivative financial assets

5.1.4.1 Positive differences on derivative financial assets measured at FVTPL

	Current Pe	eriod	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	1,278,223	419,327	884,181	163,955
Swap Transactions	7,020,658	7,378,808	3,536,101	8,514,578
Futures	105	639	-	452
Options	626,060	69,193	202,447	20,993
Others	_	4,440	_	264
Total	8,925,046	7,872,407	4,622,729	8,700,242

5.1.4.2 Positive differences on derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose

Derivative Financial Assets Held for	Current Pe	riod	Prior Period	
Hedging Purpose	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	-	785,543	-	239,994
Cash Flow Hedges	138,562	281,481	31,949	365,095
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	138,562	1,067,024	31,949	605,089

As of 31 March 2025, the face values and the net fair values, recognised in the balance sheet, of the derivative financial instruments held for hedging purpose, are summarized below:

		Current Period		Prior Period		
	Face Value	Asset	Liability	Face Value	Asset	Liability
Interest Rate Swaps	136,323,681	981,711	105,971	72,469,088	610,545	193,919
-TL	7,210,338	116,020	37,400	1,526,241	14,438	5,771
-FC	129,113,343	865,691	68,571	70,942,847	596,107	188,148
Cross Currency Swaps	14,715,133	219,887	498,383	11,974,093	21,617	832,098
-TL	8,242,253	22,542	313,306	6,698,012	17,511	521,469
-FC	6,472,880	197,345	185,077	5,276,081	4,106	310,629
Currency Forwards	2,821,071	3,988	128,926	4,337,675	4,876	321,907
-TL	1,624,252	-	-	2,375,910	-	-
-FC	1,196,819	3,988	128,926	1,961,765	4,876	321,907
Total	153,859,885	1,205,586	733,280	88,780,856	637,038	1,347,924

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.4.3 Fair value hedge accounting

Current Period								
				Net Fair Val	ue Change of	Income Statement		
				Hedgir	ng Item	Effect (gains/losses		
			Fair Value			from derivative		
			Change of			financial		
Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Hedged Item	Asset	Liability	instruments)		
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	(2,174)	6,844	(43,927)	(39,257)		
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	(82,719)	161,096	(53,956)	(69,492)		
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities issued	Interest rate risk	(2,374,727)	617,603	-	(1,667,513)		

Prior Period				Net Fair Value Change of Hedging Item		Income Statement Effect (gains/losses
Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item	Asset	Liability	from derivative financial instruments)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate commercial loans	Interest rate risk	(15,107)	-	(407)	(15,514)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities	Interest rate risk	(124,161)	239,994	(90,396)	(82,039)
Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed-rate securities issued	Interest rate risk	7,692	-	(97,316)	(89,611)

5.1.4.4 Cash flow hedge accounting

Current Period	!						
Hadaina Itam	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item		Gains/Losses Accounted under Shareholders'	Gains/Losses Accounted	Ineffective Portion (net)
neuging item	rieugeu item	Type of Kisk	Asset	Liability	Equity in the Period	under Income Statement in the Period	Accounted under Income Statement
Interest Rate Swaps	funds	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	-	(12)	-	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	196,168	(8,076)	(127,860)	1,633	-
Cross Currency Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	17,473	(113,139)	(112,825)	-	-
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	202,414	(385,244)	269,228	(280,469)	-
Currency Forwards	Mile payments	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-
Currency Forwards	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	3,988	(128,926)	135,342	(125,650)	-
Currency Swaps	Expected investment /Operational expenses	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	-	-	-

In the current period, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL 382,529 and the amount recognized in equity is TL 290,263.

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and

for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period							
II - J I4	II	Towns of Pink	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item		Gains/Losses Accounted under Shareholders'	Gains/Losses Accounted under Income	Ineffective Portion (net)
Heaging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Asset	Liability	Equity in the Period	Statement in the Period	Accounted under Income Statement
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	63,413	-	(174,864)	20,451	-
Interest Rate Swaps	Floating-rate deposit	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates	307,138	-	146,362	77,402	24,699
Cross Currency Swaps	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	-	(5,800)	29,954	27,207	-
Cross Currency Swaps	Fixed-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	17,511	-	(93,547)	-	-
Currency Forwards	Mile payments	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	4,106	(832,098)	68,546	(75,893)	-
Currency Forwards	Floating-rate funds borrowed	Cash flow risk resulted from change in market interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates	4,876	(321,907)	59,116	(55,371)	-
Currency Swaps	Expected investment /Operational expenses	Cash flow risk resulted from foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	(292,869)	-	-

As of 31 December 2024, the amount reclassified from the shareholders' equity to the statement of profit or loss due to the ceased hedging transactions is TL (1,141,212) and the amount recognized in equity is TL (4,949).

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5 Loans

5.1.5.1 Loans and advances to shareholders and employees of the Bank

	Currei	nt Period	Prior Period	
	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans
Direct Lendings to Shareholders	-	7,756,137	-	4,004,844
Corporates	-	7,756,137	-	4,004,844
Individuals	-	-	_	-
Indirect Lendings to Shareholders	303,540	-	226,373	-
Loans to Employees	2,913,512	1,758	2,588,364	1,523
Total	3,217,052	7,757,895	2,814,737	4,006,367

5.1.5.2 Performing loans and loans under follow-up including restructured loans, and provisions allocated for such loans

Loans measured at amortised cost

Current Period	Current Period		Loans under Follow-up				
	Performing Loans		Restruc	tured			
Cash Loans (*)	•	Non-restructured	Revised Contract Terms	Refinanced			
Loans	1,727,767,641	151,135,986	53,564,789	4,638,319			
Working Capital Loans	227,606,293	11,732,608	324,403	1,158,165			
Export Loans	151,876,941	6,409,801	62,619	35,990			
Import Loans	1,878,890	-	-	-			
Loans to Financial Sector	63,290,398	3,079,445	-	-			
Consumer Loans	310,357,070	38,948,514	4,406,873	40,215			
Credit Cards	383,343,433	37,674,390	19,168,382	-			
Others	589,414,616	53,291,228	29,602,512	3,403,949			
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-			
Other Receivables	55,321,947	2,986,514	2,344,345	10,624			
Total	1,783,089,588	154,122,500	55,909,134	4,648,943			

^(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

Prior Period		Loans under Follow-up				
	Performing Loans		Restructured			
Cash Loans (*)		Non-restructured	Revised Contract Terms	Refinanced		
Loans	1,534,245,147	154,143,972	46,181,553	3,964,446		
Working Capital Loans	182,030,024	11,096,873	326,238	870,671		
Export Loans	151,051,140	7,801,254	30,426	30,058		
Import Loans	7,622,936	-	-	-		
Loans to Financial Sector	55,057,724	4,533,503	-	-		
Consumer Loans	273,034,280	43,529,741	3,278,089	36,206		
Credit Cards	369,665,219	35,899,152	16,267,012	-		
Others	495,783,824	51,283,449	26,279,788	3,027,511		
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-		
Other Receivables	43,639,552	2,597,632	2,033,223	10,338		
Total	1,577,884,699	156,741,604	48,214,776	3,974,784		

^(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Current Period	•	Commercial ans	Consume	r Loans		ncial ase	Facto	oring	Tota	ıl
	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	506,602,370	596,934,239	582,392,136	41,849,515	8,069,820	28,433,726	16,299,984	2,507,798	1,113,364,310	669,725,278
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	56,247,678	62,755,896	82,353,464	7,981,985	668,668	4,655,037	17,849	-	139,287,659	75,392,918
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	562,850,048	659,690,135	664,745,600	49,831,500	8,738,488	33,088,763	16,317,833	2,507,798	1,252,651,969	745,118,196
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	5,825,871	18,360,094	8,302,295	836,016	91,507	783,685	20,453	1,017	14,240,126	19,980,812
Total Non-performing Loans	16,042,703	3,076,351	27,710,812	1,243,110	480,459	813,050	144,703	-	44,378,677	5,132,511
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	10,596,083	1,979,096	17,863,560	1,046,795	319,840	590,234	132,676	-	28,912,159	3,616,125

Prior Period	•	Commercial ans	Consume	r Loans		ncial ease	Facto	oring	То	tal
	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC	TL	FC
Performing Loans (Stage 1)	460,027,037	498,487,861	542,640,385	33,108,124	8,135,925	22,524,894	10,691,913	2,268,560	1,021,495,260	556,389,439
Loans under Follow-up (Stage 2)	57,741,038	56,278,135	82,814,764	7,456,035	606,277	4,032,072	2,843	-	141,164,922	67,766,242
Total Stage 1 and 2 Loans	517,768,075	554,765,996	625,455,149	40,564,159	8,742,202	26,556,966	10,694,756	2,268,560	1,162,660,182	624,155,681
Expected Credit losses-Stage 1-2 (-)	5,608,580	18,755,035	8,685,470	701,837	73,829	773,372	12,940	1,329	14,380,819	20,231,573
Total Non-performing Loans	22,941,859	2,855,144	10,974,960	1,038,474	500,531	713,134	121,767	-	34,539,117	4,606,752
Expected Credit losses-Stage 3 (-)	15,417,623	1,859,381	7,060,301	879,273	351,794	513,597	116,222	-	22,945,940	3,252,251

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Performing Loans	Loans Under Follow-Up	Performing Loans	Loans Under Follow-Up
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	9,680,721	-	8,918,792	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	-	24,540,217	-	25,693,600

As of 31 March 2025, loans amounting to TL 8,613,354 (31 December 2024: TL 7,752,182) are benefited as collateral under funding transactions.

Collaterals received for loans under follow-up

Current Period	Corporate / Commercial Loans	Consumer Loans	Credit Cards	Total
Loans Collateralized by Cash	6,238,688	16,499	-	6,255,187
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages / Shares/ Credit Guarantee Fund Sureties	43,916,999	9,768,266	-	53,685,265
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	9,715,780	723,880	-	10,439,660
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	495,795	3,927	-	499,722
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	43,476,980	22,308,813	-	65,785,793
Unsecured Loans	10,597,961	10,574,217	56,842,772	78,014,950
Total	114,442,203	43,395,602	56,842,772	214,680,577

	Corporate /	Consumer		
Prior Period	Commercial Loans	Loans	Credit Cards	Total
Loans Collateralized by Cash	8,446,967	18,168	-	8,465,135
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages / Shares/ Credit Guarantee Fund Sureties	36,544,623	11,170,517	-	47,715,140
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	8,732,596	1,055,947	-	9,788,543
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	581,522	4,120	-	585,642
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	43,584,871	24,692,205	-	68,277,076
Unsecured Loans	12,030,385	9,903,079	52,166,164	74,099,628
Total	109,920,964	46,844,036	52,166,164	208,931,164

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL)) Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Delinquency periods of loans under follow-up

Current Period	Corporate / Commercial Loans	Consumer Loans	Credit Cards	Total
31-60 days	4,081,183	5,247,697	6,764,287	16,093,167
61-90 days	1,442,339	1,237,713	3,265,661	5,945,713
Other	108,918,681	36,910,192	46,812,824	192,641,697
Total	114,442,203	43,395,602	56,842,772	214,680,577

	Corporate /	Consumer		
Prior Period	Commercial Loans	Loans	Credit Cards	Total
31-60 days	1,407,907	5,249,222	6,327,297	12,984,426
61-90 days	761,184	2,120,282	2,882,994	5,764,460
Other	107,751,873	39,474,532	42,955,873	190,182,278
Total	109,920,964	46,844,036	52,166,164	208,931,164

5.1.5.3 Maturity analysis of cash loans

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.4 Consumer loans, retail credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards

Current Period	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Consumer Loans – TL	85,768,767	144,589,658	230,358,425
Housing Loans	186,085	69,450,296	69,636,381
Automobile Loans	8,358,575	4,450,124	12,808,699
General Purpose Loans	77,224,107	70,689,238	147,913,345
Others	-	-	-
Consumer Loans – FC-indexed	-	87,822	87,822
Housing Loans	-	87,822	87,822
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	_	_	_
Consumer Loans – FC	11,869,926	34,181,535	46,051,461
Housing Loans	1,171,597	19,503,062	20,674,659
Automobile Loans	461	36,570	37,031
General Purpose Loans	4,479,564	14,595,927	19,075,491
Others	6,218,304	45,976	6,264,280
Retail Credit Cards – TL	337,807,570	14,447,989	352,255,559
With Installment	130,559,850	14,447,989	145,007,839
Without Installment	207,247,720	14,447,707	207,247,720
Retail Credit Cards – FC	3,529,432	32,480	3,561,912
With Installment	3,527,452	52,400	3,301,712
Without Installment	3,529,432	32,480	3,561,912
Personnel Loans – TL	904,979	430,152	1,335,131
Housing Loan	-	10,195	10,195
Automobile Loans	172	357	529
General Purpose Loans	904,807	419,600	1,324,407
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed	_	_	_
Housing Loans	-	_	_
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Personnel Loans – FC	19,995	130,853	150,848
Housing Loans	5,415	73,670	79,085
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	12,103	57,081	69,184
Others	2,477	102	2,579
Personnel Credit Cards – TL	1,260,150	11,038	1,271,188
With Installment	418,526	11,038	429,564
Without Installment	841,624	_	841,624
Personnel Credit Cards – FC	58,061	633	58,694
With Installment	-		-
Without Installment	58,061	633	58,694
Deposit Accounts— TL (Real Persons)	75,671,334	-	75,671,334
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	97,651	_	97,651
Deposit Accounts – FC (Real Persons)	-	_	_
Total	516,987,865	193,912,160	710,900,025

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Consumer Loans – TL	90,696,042	121,594,349	212,290,391
Housing Loans	191,306	60,222,958	60,414,264
Automobile Loans	7,849,356	5,183,762	13,033,118
General Purpose Loans	82,655,380	56,187,629	138,843,009
Others	-	-	-
Consumer Loans – FC-indexed	-	89,462	89,462
Housing Loans	-	89,462	89,462
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	_	-	-
Others	_	_	
Consumer Loans – FC	8,822,926	28,416,063	37,238,989
Housing Loans	988,446	16,558,159	17,546,605
Automobile Loans	_	52,191	52,191
General Purpose Loans	3,613,560	11,688,668	15,302,228
Others	4,220,920	117,045	4,337,965
Retail Credit Cards – TL	326,603,294	11,834,811	338,438,105
With Installment	132,684,816	11,834,811	144,519,627
Without Installment	193,918,478	-	193,918,478
Retail Credit Cards – FC	3,081,084	30,170	3,111,254
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	3,081,084	30,170	3,111,254
Personnel Loans – TL	795,063	283,354	1,078,417
Housing Loan	-	4,544	4,544
Automobile Loans	18	334	352
General Purpose Loans	795,045	278,476	1,073,521
Others	_	_	_
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed		_	_
Housing Loans		-	-
Automobile Loans	-	-	_
General Purpose Loans		-	_
Others	-	-	_
Personnel Loans – FC	18,094	122,965	141,059
Housing Loans	4,452	68,705	73,157
Automobile Loans		-	-
General Purpose Loans	10,799	54,016	64,815
Others	2,843	244	3,087
Personnel Credit Cards – TL	1,207,429	10,568	1,217,997
With Installment	394,424	10,568	404,992
Without Installment	813,005	_	813,005
Personnel Credit Cards – FC	48,484	555	49,039
With Installment		_	-
Without Installment	48,484	555	49,039
Deposit Accounts— TL (Real Persons)	68,937,585	-	68,937,585
Deposit Accounts- TL (Personnel)	102,413	_	102,413
Deposit Accounts – FC (Real Persons)		-	_
Total	500,312,414	162,382,297	662,694,711

$\label{thm:continuous} T\ddot{u}rkiye\ Garanti\ Bankası\ A\+\S\ and\ Its\ Financial\ Subsidiaries$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.5 Installment based commercial loans and corporate credit cards

Current Period	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Installment-based Commercial Loans – TL	16,558,940	108,575,701	125,134,641
Real Estate Loans	13,241	1,783,853	1,797,094
Automobile Loans	3,959,080	54,200,330	58,159,410
General Purpose Loans	12,586,619	52,591,518	65,178,137
Others	-	_	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed	-	22,271	22,271
Real Estate Loans	-	21,816	21,816
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	455	455
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans – FC	23,323,258	34,598,627	57,921,885
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	24,162	3,443,636	3,467,798
General Purpose Loans	12,923	52,796	65,719
Others	23,286,173	31,102,195	54,388,368
Corporate Credit Cards – TL	80,364,985	2,268,499	82,633,484
With Installment	21,599,168	2,268,499	23,867,667
Without Installment	58,765,817	-	58,765,817
Corporate Credit Cards – FC	405,368	_	405,368
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	405,368	-	405,368
Deposit Accounts— TL (Corporates)	17,319,490	-	17,319,490
Deposit Accounts—FC (Corporates)	-	-	-
Total	137,972,041	145,465,098	283,437,139

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Installment-based Commercial Loans – TL	20,596,042	93,764,846	114,360,888
Real Estate Loans	25,666	1,280,447	1,306,113
Automobile Loans	4,222,240	46,203,473	50,425,713
General Purpose Loans	16,348,136	46,280,926	62,629,062
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans - FC-indexed	-	21,964	21,964
Real Estate Loans	-	21,122	21,122
Automobile Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	842	842
Others	-	-	-
Installment-based Commercial Loans – FC	20,434,525	28,639,320	49,073,845
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Automobile Loans	33,545	3,148,070	3,181,615
General Purpose Loans	17,936	42,923	60,859
Others	20,383,044	25,448,327	45,831,371
Corporate Credit Cards – TL	77,178,974	1,542,587	78,721,561
With Installment	23,122,088	1,542,587	24,664,675
Without Installment	54,056,886	-	54,056,886
Corporate Credit Cards – FC	293,427	-	293,427
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	293,427	-	293,427
Deposit Accounts— TL (Corporates)	14,635,069	-	14,635,069
Deposit Accounts—FC (Corporates)	-	-	_
Total	133,138,037	123,968,717	257,106,754

5.1.5.6 Allocation of loans by customers (*)

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.5.7 Allocation of domestic and foreign loans (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	1,775,030,096	1,602,040,172
Foreign Loans	222,740,069	184,775,691
Total	1,997,770,165	1,786,815,863

^(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.5.8 Loans to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct Lending	8,379,319	7,731,340
Indirect Lending	-	-
Total	8,379,319	7,731,340

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.9 Provision allocated for non-performing loans (Stage 3)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Substandard Loans- Limited Collectability	9,878,320	7,481,373
Doubtful Loans	10,600,751	7,112,567
Uncollectible Loans	12,049,213	11,604,251
Total	32,528,284	26,198,191

5.1.5.10 Non-performing loans (NPLs) (net)

Non-performing loans and loans restructured from this category

	Group III Substandard Loans	Group IV Doubtful Loans	Group V Uncollectible Loans
	Substandard Loans	Doubtiui Loans	Unconecuble Loans
Current Period			
(Gross amounts before provisions)	3,972,152	2,521,581	6,998,902
Restructured Loans and Receivables	3,972,152	2,521,581	6,998,902
Prior Period			
(Gross amounts before provisions)	2,334,309	1,627,488	5,681,237
Restructured Loans and Receivables	2,334,309	1,627,488	5,681,237

Movements in non-performing loan groups

	Group III	Group IV	Group V Uncollectible Loans	
Current Period	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans		
Balances at End of Prior Period	12,833,812	10,901,927	15,410,130	
Additions during the Period (+)	17,729,615	140,625	688,029	
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	49,073	10,627,812	2,089,169	
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	10,646,633	2,112,840	6,581	
Collections during the Period (-)	2,941,877	1,532,711	1,047,998	
Write down /Write-offs (-) (*)(**)	21,972	16,568	134,868	
Debt Sale (-) (***)	29,762	1,848,905	1,160,667	
Corporate and Commercial Loans	9,301	312,688	53,915	
Retail Loans	16,588	461,176	521,283	
Credit Cards	3,873	1,075,041	585,469	
Other	-	-	-	
Foreign Currency Differences	187,259	55,600	299,519	
Balances at End of Period	17,159,515	16,214,940	16,136,733	
Provisions (-)	9,878,320	10,600,751	12,049,213	
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	7,281,195	5,614,189	4,087,520	

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Prior Period	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
Balances at End of Prior Period	8,265,265	4,301,581	13,591,760
Additions during the Period (+)	37,402,208	226,228	1,910,195
Transfer from Other NPL Categories (+)	102,259	23,972,742	10,318,648
Transfer to Other NPL Categories (-)	25,887,197	8,436,151	70,301
Collections during the Period (-)	6,717,049	3,385,600	3,696,400
Write down / Write-offs (-)(*) (**)	3,052	134,356	3,333,660
Debt Sale (-) (***)	575,806	5,695,915	3,688,322
Corporate and Commercial Loans	12,001	235,263	244,324
Retail Loans	306,504	2,391,677	1,980,313
Credit Cards	257,301	3,068,975	1,463,685
Other (****)	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	247,184	53,398	378,210
Balances at End of Period	12,833,812	10,901,927	15,410,130
Provisions (-)	7,481,373	7,112,567	11,604,251
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	5,352,439	3,789,360	3,805,879

^(*) Includes loans for which 100% provision is provided during the corresponding period.

Non-performing loans in foreign currencies

	Group III	Group IV	Group V Uncollectible Loans and Receivables	
	Substandard Loans and Receivables	Doubtful Loans and Receivables		
Current Period				
Balance at End of Period	1,997,252	560,511	7,807,990	
Provisions (-)	1,269,832	395,110	5,712,148	
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	727,420	165,401	2,095,842	
Prior Period				
Balance at End of Period	1,439,359	455,830	7,845,470	
Provisions (-)	956,032	301,202	5,802,849	
Net Balance at Balance Sheet	483,327	154,628	2,042,621	

^(**) As of 31 March 2025, Bank's and consolidated subsidiaries, has also written down "Group V Loan" (Loans Classified as Loss) amounting to TL 17,773,162 (31 December 2024: TL 17,811,603). During the period, the non-performing loan ratio of the Group calculated as 2.42% (31 December 2024: 2.14%) by taking into account the written-off loans in accordance with the amendment on the relevant Provisions Regulation instead of 3.26% (31 December 2024: 3.09%).

^(***) Consists of sale of non-performing loans.

^(****) As of 31 December 2024, includes receivables which have been reclassified to non-defaulted status.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Gross and net non-performing loans as per customer categories

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	7,281,195	5,614,189	4,087,520
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	16,950,583	16,200,996	15,996,048
Provision (-)	9,713,290	10,588,870	11,926,745
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	7,237,293	5,612,126	4,069,303
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	208,932	13,944	140,685
Provision (-)	165,030	11,881	122,468
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	43,902	2,063	18,217
Prior Period (Net)	5,352,439	3,789,360	3,805,879
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Gross)	12,641,984	10,861,044	15,303,568
Provision (-)	7,338,581	7,087,108	11,503,626
Loans to Individuals and Corporates (Net)	5,303,403	3,773,936	3,799,942
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	191,828	40,883	106,562
Provision (-)	142,792	25,459	100,625
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	49,036	15,424	5,937

Interest accruals, valuation differences and related provisions calculated for non-performing loans

	Group III Substandard Loans	Group IV Doubtful Loans	Group V Uncollectible Loans	
Current Period (Net)	1,029,231	913,091	460,601	
Interest accruals and valuation differences	2,391,329	2,666,951	1,518,988	
Provision (-)	1,362,098	1,753,860	1,058,387	
Prior Period (Net)	800,417	579,206	386,699	
Interest accruals and valuation differences	1,881,665	1,691,928	1,279,166	
Provision (-)	1,081,248	1,112,722	892,467	

$\label{thm:continuous} T\ddot{u}rkiye\ Garanti\ Bankası\ A\S\ and\ Its\ Financial\ Subsidiaries$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Collaterals received for non-performing loans

Current Period	Corporate/ Commercial Loans	Consumer Loans	Credit Cards	Total
Loans Collateralized by Cash	138,495	507	-	139,002
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	9,100,186	325,710	-	9,425,896
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,542,269	38,843	-	1,581,112
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	67,232	1,543	-	68,775
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	5,142,557	8,545,903	-	13,688,460
Unsecured Loans	2,570,032	4,432,581	17,605,330	24,607,943
Total	18,560,771	13,345,087	17,605,330	49,511,188

	Corporate/			
Prior Period	Commercial Loans	Consumer Loans	Credit Cards	Total
Loans Collateralized by Cash	121,086	524	-	121,610
Loans Collateralized by Mortgages	7,047,751	296,880	-	7,344,631
Loans Collateralized by Pledged Assets	1,512,658	36,939	-	1,549,597
Loans Collateralized by Cheques and Notes	77,361	1,449	-	78,810
Loans Collateralized by Other Collaterals	4,813,958	6,817,550	-	11,631,508
Unsecured Loans	2,320,286	3,215,790	12,883,637	18,419,713
Total	15,893,100	10,369,132	12,883,637	39,145,869

5.1.5.11 Expected credit loss for loans

Current Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at End of Prior Period	8,918,792	25,693,600	26,198,191	60,810,583
Additions during the Period (+)	4,830,349	6,281,924	7,763,950	18,876,223
Disposal (-)	(5,011,962)	(5,571,542)	(2,652,120)	(13,235,624)
Debt Sale (-)	(8)	(330)	(2,249,952)	(2,250,290)
Write-offs (-)	-	-	(173,408)	(173,408)
Transfer to Stage1	2,460,564	(2,440,888)	(19,676)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(1,808,886)	1,840,740	(31,854)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(37,862)	(3,274,749)	3,312,611	-
Foreign Currency Differences	329,734	2,011,462	380,542	2,721,738
Balances at End of Period	9,680,721	24,540,217	32,528,284	66,749,222

Prior Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at End of Prior Period	5,851,076	27,784,054	17,730,763	51,365,893
Additions during the Period (+)	15,860,561	39,026,601	14,782,501	69,669,663
Disposal (-)	(18,651,763)	(29,213,307)	(5,565,049)	(53,430,119)
Debt Sale (-)	(7,278)	(16,212)	(7,006,233)	(7,029,723)
Write-offs (-)	-	-	(3,471,068)	(3,471,068)
Transfer to Stage1	10,037,645	(9,978,523)	(59,122)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(4,398,150)	4,989,930	(591,780)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(65,037)	(9,836,973)	9,902,010	-
Foreign Currency Differences	291,738	2,938,030	476,169	3,705,937
Balances at End of Period	8,918,792	25,693,600	26,198,191	60,810,583

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.5.12 Liquidation policy for uncollectible loans

Loans and other receivables Classified as Loss are collected through legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash.

5.1.5.13 Write-off policy

5.1.5.13.1 Disclosures on write down policy

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.5.13.2 Disclosures on write-off policy

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.6 Lease receivable (Net)

5.1.6.1 Financial lease receivables according to remaining maturities (*)

	Current Period		Prior Period		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 Year	22,493,118	18,741,655	20,087,794	16,649,993	
Between 1-5 Years	25,277,936	22,635,642	20,466,568	18,255,678	
Longer than 5 Years	467,990	467,990 449,954 411,503		393,497	
Total	48,239,044 41,827,251		40,965,865	35,299,168	

^(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.6.2 Net financial lease receivables (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross Financial Lease Receivables	48,239,044	40,965,865
Unearned Income on Financial Lease Receivables (-)	(6,411,793)	(5,666,697)
Terminated Lease Contracts (-)	-	-
Net Financial Lease Receivables	41,827,251	35,299,168

^(*) Non-performing loans are not included.

5.1.6.3 Financial lease agreements

Criteria applied for financial lease agreements

The customer applied for a financial lease is evaluated based on the lending policies and criteria taking into account the legal legislation. A "customer analysis report" according to the type and amount of the application is prepared for the evaluation of the customer by the Credit Committee and certain risk rating models such as "customer risk rating" and "equipment rating/scoring" are applied.

In compliance with the legal legislation and the authorization limits of the General Manager, Credit Committee and Board of Directors, it is decided whether the loan will be granted considering the financial position and the qualitative characteristics of the customer and the criteria mentioned above. In case of compliance with these factors it is assessed which conditions will be applied. At this stage, collaterals such as bank guarantees, mortgages, asset pledges, promissory notes or personal or corporate guarantees, may be required depending on the creditworthiness of the customer and the characteristics of the product to be sold.

The sectoral, equipment type and pledged asset concentration of the customers are monitored regularly.

Details monitored subsequent to signing of financial lease agreements

Subsequent to granting of loan, the fulfillment of monetary aspects such as lending procedures and timely collection of rental payments are monitored. Furthermore, updated information on the performance of companies is reported by the Credit Monitoring Unit even for the performing customers.

The reports prepared by the Credit Monitoring Unit for the performing companies and the assessments made by the administration follow-up and the legal units for the problematic companies, are presented to the top management following the assessments made by the related internal committees and the necessary actions are taken.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.7 Factoring receivables

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.8 Financial assets measured at amortised cost

5.1.8.1 Financial assets subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked

	Current Period		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Collateralised/Blocked Investments	43,219,356	19,848,630	33,478,190	23,246,915	
Investments subject to Repurchase Agreements	3,650,942	16,232,077	14,155,329	17,882,404	
Total	46,870,298	36,080,707	47,633,519	41,129,319	

5.1.8.2 Government securities measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	240,823,154	232,042,406
Treasury Bills	900,735	873,644
Other Government Securities	9,115,996	9,526,726
Total	250,839,885	242,442,776

5.1.8.3 Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	216,544,172	213,208,028
Quoted at Stock Exchange	215,755,677	212,425,816
Unquoted at Stock Exchange	788,495	782,212
Valuation Increase / (Decrease)	61,575,478	56,864,417
Total	278,119,650	270,072,445

5.1.8.4 Movement of financial assets measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balances at Beginning of Period	270,072,445	216,382,865
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	7,508,949	12,638,374
Purchases during the Period	10,810,313	85,037,890
Disposals through Sales/Redemptions	(14,983,118)	(63,187,327)
Valuation Effect	4,711,061	19,200,643
Balances at End of Period	278,119,650	270,072,445

5.1.8.5 Expected credit loss for financial assets measured at amortised cost

Current Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at End of Prior Period	412,408	-	-	412,408
Additions during the Period (+)	20,795	-	-	20,795
Disposal (-)	(46,493)	-	-	(46,493)
Transfer to Stage1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	10,065	-	-	10,065
Balances at End of Period	396,775	-	-	396,775

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at End of Prior Period	1,044,702	-	-	1,044,702
Additions during the Period (+)	402,340	1,629	-	403,969
Disposal (-)	(1,074,531)	(310)	-	(1,074,841)
Transfer to Stage 1	1,380	(1,380)	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(61)	61	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Differences	38,578	-	-	38,578
Balances at End of Period	412,408	-	-	412,408

5.1.9 Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations

5.1.9.1 Movement of assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations

	Current Period	Prior Period
End of Prior Period		
Cost	3,809,304	2,143,274
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(2,220)	(2,220)
Net Book Value	3,807,084	2,141,054
End of Current Period		
Additions (*)	187,910	1,919,721
Disposals (Cost)	(224,085)	(247,312)
Disposals (Accumulated Depreciation)	368	-
Reversal of Impairment / Impairment Losses	3,185	(9,148)
Depreciation Expense for Current Period (-)	_	-
Currency Translation Differences on Foreign Operations	4,664	2,769
Cost	3,780,978	3,809,304
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	(1,852)	(2,220)
Net Book Value	3,779,126	3,807,084

^(*) In the prior period, it includes the recalassification of investment properties with a net book value of TL 63,883 and properties in use with a net book value of TL 392,423.

5.1.9.2 Investments in subsidiaries and associates to be disposed

None

5.1.10 Investments in associates

5.1.10.1 Unconsolidated investments in associates

	Associates	Address (City/ Country)	Parent Bank's Share – If Different, Voting Rights (%)	Bank Risk Group's Share (%)
1	Emeklilik Gözetim Merkezi AŞ ⁽¹⁾	İstanbul/Türkiye	-	6.25
2	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	4.98	4.98
3	Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	0.77	0.77
4	İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	4.95	4.97
5	Borsa İstanbul AŞ ⁽²⁾	İstanbul/Türkiye	0.30	0.34
6	Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ ("KKB") (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	9.09	9.09
7	Türkiye Cumhuriyet Merkez Bankası AŞ (2)	Ankara/Türkiye	2.48	2.48
8	Kredi Garanti Fonu AŞ (1)	Ankara/Türkiye	1.49	1.49
9	JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	2.86	2.86
10	Birleşik İpotek Finansmanı AŞ (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	8.33	8.33
11	İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. (İGE) (1)	İstanbul/Türkiye	0.95	0.95

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets (*)	Interest Income	Income on Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Company 's Fair Value
1	211,620	116,590	53,394	22,670	132	6,932	4,371	-
2	6,495,333	5,471,614	1,430,697	1,644,112	-	1,621,939	1,956,660	-
3	9,287,985	1,239,172	220,817	117,765	9,692	129,603	161,424	-
4	192,684,735	13,727,837	518,343	8,467,834	804,527	8,273,951	3,639,129	-
5	211,783,090	29,627,947	6,007,032	2,495,402	-	12,595,644	6,319,881	-
6	3,789,368	1,053,022	979,432	389,527	3,085	736,117	204,592	-
7	6,923,835,943	(799,836,149)	1,501,756	243,921,120	42,282,548	(818,182,864)	72,021,888	-
8	6,650,754	2,822,494	57,473	578,452	-	651,984	463,127	-
9	657,834	527,809	22,455	143,119	15,916	216,472	148,440	-
10	196,973	182,114	5,079	6,763	133,762	29,471	(20,564)	-
11	13,307,834	12,929,322	27,901	4,401,131	-	4,263,184	1,916,637	-

- (1) Financial information is as of 31 December 2023
- (2) Financial information is as of 31 December 2024.
- (3) Financial information is as of 30 September 2024.
- (*) Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Unconsolidated investments in associates sold during the current period

None.

Unconsolidated investments in associates acquired during the current period None.

5.1.10.2 Consolidated investments in associates

None

5.1.10.3 Movement of consolidated investments in associates

None.

Valuation methods of consolidated investments in associates

None.

Sectoral distribution of consolidated investments and associates

None.

Quoted consolidated investments in associates

None.

Investments in associates sold during the current period

None

Investments in associates acquired during the current period

None.

$\label{thm:continuous} T\ddot{u}rkiye\ Garanti\ Bankası\ A\S\ and\ Its\ Financial\ Subsidiaries$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.11 Investments in subsidiaries (net)

Information on capital adequacy of major subsidiaries

Current Period	Garanti Bank International NV	Garanti Holding BV	Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ	Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	5,600,939	17,949,244	357,848	517,159	205,423
Share Premium	-	530,596	-	-	-
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Reserves	8,139,693	3,339,897	11,222,047	2,295,361	9,721,149
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	21,721,136	130,923	-	39,173	-
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	1,033,125	307,367	1,193,881	1,492,536	1,153,672
Minority interest	_	-	-	-	87,887
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	36,494,893	22,258,027	12,773,776	4,344,229	11,168,131
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	-	_	-	-	-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	56,811	2,250,382	9,477	25,161	11,013
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	-	2,038	-	-	595
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	402,631	2,525,356	103,035	241,636	135,739
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	459,442	4,777,776	112,512	266,797	147,347
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	36,035,451	17,480,251	12,661,264	4,077,432	11,020,784
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total Tier I Capital	36,035,451	17,480,251	12,661,264	4,077,432	11,020,784
TIER II CAPITAL	-	947,996	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	36,035,451	18,428,247	12,661,264	4,077,432	11,020,784

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Prior Period	Garanti Bank International NV	Garanti Holding BV	Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ	Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL					
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	4,909,917	15,732,855	357,848	517,159	205,423
Share Premium	-	465,078	-	-	-
Share Cancellation Profits	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Reserves	4,614,440	2,351,261	7,333,214	1,432,864	5,245,542
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	17,969,966	104,362	-	76,558	-
Current and Prior Periods' Profits	3,513,228	908,361	3,888,832	4,362,497	4,475,606
Minority interest	-	-	-	-	84,073
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	31,007,551	19,561,917	11,579,894	6,389,078	10,010,644
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	-	_	-	-	-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	65,890	2,374,097	9,964	30,955	11,013
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	-	1,787	-	2	694
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes (-)	336,496	2,236,302	87,307	201,105	123,996
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	_	-	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	402,386	4,612,186	97,271	232,062	135,703
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	30,605,165	14,949,731	11,482,623	6,157,016	9,874,941
Total Deductions From Tier I Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total Tier I Capital	30,605,165	14,949,731	11,482,623	6,157,016	9,874,941
TIER II CAPITAL	-	947,547	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	30,605,165	15,897,278	11,482,623	6,157,016	9,874,941

The Parent Bank does not have any capital requirement for its subsidiaries included in the calculation of its consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.11.1 Unconsolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Subsidiaries	Address (City/ Country)	Parent Bank's Share – If Different, Voting Rights (%)	Bank Risk Group's Share (%)
1	Garanti Kültür A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
2	Garanti Konut Finansmanı Danışmanlık Hiz. A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
3	Trifoi Real Estate Company	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00
4	Motoractive Multi Services SRL	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00
5	Garanti Filo Yönetim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	-	100.00
6	Garanti Filo Sigorta Aracılık Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	-	100.00
7	Garanti BBVA Finansal Teknoloji A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
8	Garanti BBVA Kripto Varlık Alım Satım Platformu A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	-	100.00
9	Ralfi IFN SA	Bükreş/Romanya	-	100.00

The financial information presented in the below table is as of 31 March 2025.

	Total Assets	Shareholders 'Equity	Total Fixed Assets (*)	Interest Income	Income on Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Company's Fair Value	Amount of Equity Require ment
1	15,907	3,683	2,384	-	-	459	(474)	-	-
2	2,967	1,548	-	410	-	-	(525)	-	-
3	48,659	39,974	48,642	-	-	(24)	(7)	-	-
4	391,036	191,817	269,833	1,078	-	897	6,016	-	-
5	29,651,584	8,193,278	27,164,202	68,842	-	602,655	796,970	-	-
6	79,847	76,449	-	7,341	-	13,102	7,796	-	-
7	1,314,122	1,314,089	-	444	-	292	234	-	-
8	1,272,138	1,028,473	563,398	45,945	-	(72,700)	(58,377)	-	-
9	257,423	234,748	18,270	2,392	-	(4,931)	(27,963)	-	-

 $^{(\}sp{*})$ Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Unconsolidated subsidiaries, reasons for not consolidating such investments and accounting treatments applied for such investments

The companies which are not included within the scope of consolidation due to not being financial subsidiaries are accounted for equity method as defined in TAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures".

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.11.2 Movement of consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period	
Balances at Beginning of Period	78,607,473	56,344,559	
Movements During the Period	10,466,098	22,262,914	
Acquisitions (*)	595,000	400,000	
Bonus Shares Received (**)	50,000	260,263	
Dividends from Current Year Profit	5,832,024	18,925,595	
Sales/Liquidations	_	-	
Reclassifications (***)	_	107,300	
Value Increase/Decrease (****)	(2,641,884)	(1,876,034)	
Currency Differences on Foreign Subsidiaries	6,630,958	4,445,790	
Reversal of Impairment Losses / Impairment Losses (-)	_	-	
Balances at End of Period	89,073,571	78,607,473	
Capital Commitments	-	_	
Share Percentage at the End of Period (%)	_	_	

^(*) Capital of Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to TL 255,000 has been increased to TL 655,000 through paid-in capital increase with the Board of Directors Decision No. 2024/4 dated 16 May 2024. The Parent Bank has participated the total of paid-in capital increase in exchange for 400,000,000 shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (full amount) amounting to TL 400,000 corresponding to its share in the capital. As a result of paid-in capital increase, the Parent Bank's share capital in Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. has increased to 80.53%

Capital of Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. amounting to TL 655,000 has been increased to TL 1,250,000 through paid-in capital increase with the Board of Directors Decision No. 2025/3 dated 10 February 2025. The Parent Bank has participated the total of paid-in capital increase in exchange for 595,000,000 shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (full amount) amounting to TL 595,000 corresponding to its share in the capital. As a result of paid-in capital increase, the Parent Bank's share capital in Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. has increased to 89.80%

Valuation methods of consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Valued at Cost	-	-
Valued at Fair Value (*)	89,073,571	78,607,473

^(*) The amounts recognized in the equity accounting application are included in the unconsolidated financial statement of the Bank.

Sectoral distribution of consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	36,705,310	30,933,040
Insurance Companies	3,667,445	5,403,794
Factoring Companies	2,931,555	2,596,458
Leasing Companies	12,968,672	11,729,905
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Subsidiaries	32,800,589	27,944,276

Quoted consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted at Domestic Stock Exchanges	2,940,958	2,606,959
Quoted at International Stock Exchanges	-	-

^(**)Garanti Portföy Yönetim A.Ş. amounting to TL 50,000 has been increased to TL 100,000 through paid-in capital increase with the Board of Directors Decision No. 2025/5 dated 24 January 2025

^(***) Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. has been included in the scope of consolidation in the prior period.

^(****) Except for quoted subsidiaries, value increases / (decreases) are based on the results of equity accounting application.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Other information on consolidated investments in subsidiaries

	Subsidiaries	Address (City/ Country)	Parent Bank's Share – If Different, Voting Rights (%)	Shares of Other Consolidated Subsidiaries (%)	Method of Consolidation
1	Garanti Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
2	Garanti Faktoring AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	81.84	-	Full Consolidation
3	Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
4	Garanti Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
5	Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	84.91	-	Full Consolidation
6	Garanti Bank International NV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
7	Garanti Holding BV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
8	G Netherlands BV	Amsterdam/the Netherlands	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
9	Garanti Bank SA	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
10	Motoractive IFN SA	Bucharest/Romania	-	100.00	Full Consolidation
11	Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	-	3.61	Full Consolidation
12	Garanti Ödeme Sistemleri AŞ	Istanbul/Türkiye	100.00	-	Full Consolidation
13	Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri AŞ ^(*)	Istanbul/Türkiye	89.80	100.00	Full Consolidation

^(*) Garanti Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş. has been included in the scope of consolidation in the current period.

The financial information presented in the below table is as of 31 March 2025.

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets (**)	Interest Income	Income on Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Company's Fair Value
1	42,618,686	12,963,687	123,689	1,471,277	-	1,193,888	1,096,264	-
2	19,533,973	3,581,932	135,118	1,647,691	-	409,462	278,993	-
3	12,813,837	11,081,406	276,073	1,453,141	48,780	1,152,936	1,122,462	-
4	2,573,571	2,065,881	87,099	207,359	-	474,719	153,602	-
5	23,711,942	4,319,068	277,718	948,915	220,341	1,492,536	881,770	-
6	342,972,745	36,705,303	1,634,612	6,681,080	161,307	1,033,106	903,752	-
7	16,086,467	16,084,177	-	-	-	(900)	(754)	-
8	13,208,300	13,201,965	-	-	-	(1,872)	(1,434)	-
9	141,198,869	17,823,876	3,358,511	1,629,726	364,813	276,179	250,658	-
10	9,214,375	1,962,864	62,857	169,665	-	39,897	33,989	-
11	90,866	87,530	1,726	1,893	1,080	3,752	5,812	260,480
12	1,140,465	850,450	49,367	78,801	-	125,596	75,211	-
13	1,014,390	948,505	249,596	39,395	194	(68,293)	-	-

 $^{^{(*)}}$ Total fixed assets include tangible and intangible assets.

Garanti Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ that Garanti Yatırım participated by 3.61%, is consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements under full consolidation method due to the company's right to elect all the members of the Board of Directors as resulted from its privilege in election of board members.

Consolidated investments in subsidiaries disposed during the current period None.

Consolidated investments in subsidiaries acquired during the current period None.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.12 Investments in joint-ventures (net)

None.

5.1.13 Tangible assets

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.14 Intangible assets

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.1.15 Investment property

	Current Period	Prior Period 1,590,712	
Net Book Value at Beginning of Period	2,416,949		
Additions	3,162	-	
Disposals	-	(8,375)	
Transfers	-	(63,883)	
Fair Value Change	-	898,495	
Net Currency Translation Differences on Foreign Subsidiaries	-	-	
Net Book Value at End of Period	2,420,111	2,416,949	

The investment property is held for operational leasing purposes. The Bank and its financial subsidiaries account their investment property based on the fair value model in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) "Investment Property". Accordingly, for all investment properties registered in the ledger, valuation studies are performed by independent expertise firms every year.

5.1.16 Deferred tax asset

As of 31 March 2025, on a consolidated basis the Bank has a deferred tax asset of TL 20,976,861 (31 December 2024: TL 20,728,048) calculated as the net amount remaining after netting of tax deductible timing differences and taxable timing differences in its consolidated financial statements.

As of 31 March 2025, deferred tax assets of TL 27,058,620 (31 December 2024: TL 26,350,725) calculated on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts and the taxable amounts of assets and liabilities on the financial statements that will be considered in the calculation of taxable earnings in the future periods and on tax losses, which is presented as netted-off in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, with a deferred tax liability of TL 6,081,759 (31 December 2024: TL 5,622,677).

For the cases where the differences between the carrying values and the taxable values of assets subject to tax are related with certain items on the shareholders' equity accounts, the deferred taxes are charged or credited directly to these accounts.

	Currei	ıt Period	Prior Period	
	Tax Base	Deferred Tax Amount	Tax Base	Deferred Tax Amount
Provisions ^(*)	10,418,594	3,081,554	9,761,815	2,897,336
Stages 1&2 Credit Losses	38,434,041	11,468,976	39,054,837	11,663,118
Differences between the Carrying Values and Taxable Values of Financial Assets (**)(****)	1,184,385	440,715	3,621,931	1,140,378
Revaluation Differences on Real Estates (***)(****)	6,521,902	2,384,337	4,466,827	1,819,004
Differences Between Book Value and Tax Value of Fixed Assets (***)(****)	6,334,699	1,900,253	5,965,035	1,789,359
Other	5,808,473	1,701,026	4,891,137	1,418,853
Deferred Tax Asset	68,702,094	20,976,861	67,761,582	20,728,048

^(*) Consists of reserve for employee benefits, provision for promotion expenses of credit cards and other provisions.

^(**) Calculations are performed at the relevant tax rates applicable in the country of the foreign branches and subsidiaries' financial assets.

^(***) Includes deferred tax assets resulting from inflation adjustments within the scope of the provisions of Provisional Article 33. of the Tax Procedure Law.

^{****)} The Deferred tax effect arising from differences between inflation-adjusted tax value and book value is included...

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial SubsidiariesConsolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.1.17 Other assets

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Derivative Assets (Derivative Guarantees)	914,639	2,748,729	385,236	1,447,733	
Receivables From Clearing Transactions	27,055,228	189,261	43,759,697	965,905	
Prepaid Expenses (*)	47,444,870	175,852	41,451,212	263,158	
Cash Guarantees Given	395,336	306,578	459,125	289,016	
Receivables From Forward Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-	
Other (**)	14,341,021	3,141,084	11,360,577	2,472,861	
Total	90,151,094	6,561,504	97,415,847	5,438,673	

^(*) The related item mainly includes salary promotion payments.

^(**) As of 31 March 2025, the foreign exchange valuation differences amounting to TL 1,828,623 (31 December 2024: TL 586,764) calculated as of the balance sheet date related to the foreign exchange protected deposit accounts opened within the scope of the "Communiqué on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 numbered 31696 and by the Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance dated 24 December 2021 are included in other assets.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2 Consolidated liabilities

5.2.1 Maturity profile of deposits

Current Period	Demand	7 Days Notice	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	158,095,040	-	19,129,927	473,323,454	195,250,338	36,769,140	29,757,960	1,062	912,326,921
Foreign Currency Deposits	552,686,320	-	187,007,018	126,179,813	42,916,560	46,588,304	24,096,856	42,267	979,517,138
Residents in Türkiye	423,077,803	-	127,593,049	62,587,340	8,595,284	3,774,667	1,767,344	42,200	627,437,687
Residents in Abroad	129,608,517	-	59,413,969	63,592,473	34,321,276	42,813,637	22,329,512	67	352,079,451
Public Sector Deposits	3,637,397	-	1,506,870	341,493	328	12	4,136	-	5,490,236
Commercial Deposits	91,750,895	-	156,312,714	93,329,335	44,034,787	65,984,822	9,037,886	-	460,450,439
Others	1,949,705	-	1,715,251	6,296,637	1,964,729	4,136,289	19,412,544	-	35,475,155
Precious Metal Deposits	150,291,483	-	-	514,789	413,833	72,410	819,945	-	152,112,460
Bank Deposits(*)	2,749,624	-	36,091,223	-	440,032	10,608	-	-	39,291,487
Central Bank of Türkiye	8,583	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,583
Domestic Banks	129,580	-	33,304,804	-	-	-	-	-	33,434,384
Foreign Banks	2,607,146	-	2,786,419	-	440,032	10,608	-	-	5,844,205
Special Financial Institutions	4,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,315
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total(**)	961,160,464	-	401,763,003	699,985,521	285,020,607	153,561,585	83,129,327	43,329	2,584,663,836

Total(**)	961,160,464		401,763,003	699,985,521	285,020,607	153,561,585	83,129,327	43,329	2,584,003,830
Prior Period	Demand	7 Days Notice	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	114,572,171	-	17,216,637	377,608,985	173,929,352	29,315,182	53,818,636	917	766,461,880
Foreign Currency Deposits	500,981,509	-	90,206,523	93,810,521	33,235,620	39,996,453	26,304,377	37,914	784,572,917
Residents in Türkiye	377,822,788	-	53,212,825	47,810,052	6,210,749	4,285,183	1,465,302	37,219	490,844,118
Residents in Abroad	123,158,721	-	36,993,698	46,000,469	27,024,871	35,711,270	24,839,075	695	293,728,799
Public Sector Deposits	16,134,707	-	1,562	202,363	270	12	-	-	16,338,914
Commercial Deposits	71,066,735	-	119,013,120	115,692,245	33,756,166	33,309,842	11,026,003	-	383,864,111
Others	2,090,860	-	2,171,150	7,125,842	1,553,591	4,737,052	13,524,658	-	31,203,153
Precious Metal Deposits	112,667,112	-	-	285,398	259,547	36,918	665,564	-	113,914,539
Bank Deposits(*)	2,154,923	-	55,794,118	-	10,986	32,101	-	-	57,992,128
Central Bank of Türkiye	6,679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,679
Domestic Banks	80,247	-	54,710,347	-	-	-	-	-	54,790,594
Foreign Banks	2,041,295	-	1,083,771	-	10,986	32,101	-	-	3,168,153
Special Financial Institutions	26,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,702
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total(**)	819,668,017	-	284,403,110	594,725,354	242,745,532	107,427,560	105,339,238	38,831	2,154,347,642

^(*) Includes Interbank precious metal accounts.

^(***) As of 31 March 2025, the Bank has a total of TL 115,033,470 (31 December 2024: TL 164,989,263) foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument of which TL 115,033,470 (31 December 2024: TL 164,989,263) within the scope of the "Communiqué on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and The Bank has no Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 31696, current period none (31 December 2024: None) opened within the scope of the announcement of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance ("Treasury") dated 24 December 2021. Foreign exchange revaluation differences amounting to TL 1,828,623 (31 December 2024: TL 586,764) regarding the foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument calculated as of the balance sheet date and is not the liability of the Bank are included in deposits..

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.1.1 Saving deposits insured by Saving Deposit Insurance Fund

Information on deposits covered by deposit insurance and exceeding insurance coverage limit:

Saving Deposits	Covered by Depos Deposit Insura		Over Deposit Insurance Limit		
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Saving Deposits	354,946,875	238,200,143	551,682,398	524,525,015	
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	269,059,948	226,913,756	250,586,444	216,940,066	
Other Saving Deposits	79,396,012	59,171,175	66,028,219	49,991,980	
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	3,813,847	3,379,899	4,172,712	3,547,375	
Off-Shore Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-	

Commercial Deposits (**)	Covered by Depos Deposit Insura		Over Deposit Insurance Limit		
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Commercial Deposits	50,908,959	38,946,190	456,048,800	383,784,173	
Foreign Currency Commercial Deposits	25,441,442	19,548,870	417,221,044	311,536,548	
Other Commercial Deposits	399,884	268,377	6,002,023	4,353,752	
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-	
Off-Shore Branches' Deposits Under Foreign Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-	

Saving deposits at domestic branches of foreign banks in Türkiye under the coverage of foreign insurance 5.2.1.2 None.

5.2.1.3 Deposits not covered by insurance limits

Saving Deposits	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits and Other Accounts held at Foreign Branches	4,313,496	3,749,339
Deposits and Other Accounts held by Shareholders and their Relatives	-	_
Deposits and Other Accounts of the Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Senior Executive Officers and their Relatives	2,152,341	695,741
Deposits and Other Accounts held as Assets subject to the Crime defined in the Article 282 of the Turkish Criminal Code No. 5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Deposits at Depository Banks established for Off-Shore Banking Activities in Türkiye	-	-

Commercial Deposits	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits and Other Accounts held at Foreign Branches	15,010,663	13,850,939
Deposits and Other Accounts held by Main Shareholder with Qualified Shareholders and Corporates Under Their Control	14,451,159	10,573,507
Official Institutions Deposits and Other Accounts	5,571,297	15,932,467
Credit and Financial Institutions Deposits	361,500,090	255,806,791

^(*) The amount of deposits subject to insurance is TL 950 for the current period (31 December 2024: TL 650).

(**) With the regulation published in the Official Gazette dated 27 August 2022 and numbered 31936, commercial deposits were included in the scope

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.2 Funds borrowed

Information on funds borrowed is as follows;

	Current	Current Period		· Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Central Bank of Türkiye	1,558,316	-	1,500,000	-
Domestic Banks and Institutions	3,816,896	7,225,253	2,931,744	6,269,856
Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	4,208,902	61,535,501	3,690,923	53,724,250
Total	9,584,114	68,760,754	8,122,667	59,994,106

5.2.2.1 Maturities of funds borrowed

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	6,933,271	13,196,168	6,112,840	9,451,929
Medium and Long-Term	2,650,843	55,564,586	2,009,827	50,542,177
Total	9,584,114	68,760,754	8,122,667	59,994,106

5.2.2.2 Disclosures for concentration areas of bank's liabilities

The Parent Bank finances its ordinary banking activities through deposits and funds borrowed. Its deposit structure has a balanced TL and foreign currency concentration. The Parent Bank's other funding sources specifically consist of foreign currency funds borrowed from abroad, TL funds obtained through repurchase transactions, and TL and foreign currency securities issued.

5.2.3 Money market funds

Information on obligations under repurchase agreements classified in money market funds is as follows;

	Current Po	eriod	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Transactions	4,592,221	-	687,539	23,869,839
Financial Institutions and Organizations	4,393,291	-	536,529	23,869,839
Other Institutions and Organizations	93,101	-	84,431	-
Individuals	105,829	-	66,579	-
Foreign Transactions	7,892,439	20,328,943	11,655,200	8,670,789
Financial Institutions and Organizations	7,890,790	20,328,943	11,653,286	8,670,789
Other Institutions and Organizations	817	-	1,349	-
Individuals	832	-	565	-
Total	12,484,660	20,328,943	12,342,739	32,540,628

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.4 Securities issued

	Т	L	F	С
Current Period	Short-Term	Short-Term Medium and Long-Term		Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	353,400	-	5,290,320	40,546,985
Cost	288,869	-	5,290,320	40,539,321
Carrying Value	295,414	-	5,329,555	41,065,200

	T	L	F	C
Prior Period	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	12,399	-	11,837,911	15,782,578
Cost	732	-	11,837,911	15,775,860
Carrying Value	732	-	12,052,200	16,056,569

5.2.5 Information about financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

	Current Period		Prior I	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Securities Issued	-	60,503,344	-	57,223,084
Total	-	60,503,344	-	57,223,084

In accordance with TFRS 9, the Parent Bank classified a part of borrowings obtained through DPR amounting to USD 1,555,312,500 (31 December 2024: USD 1,573,750,000) as financial liability at fair value through profit/loss at the initial recognition in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch.

As of 31 March 2025, the accumulated fair value change of the related financial liability amounted to TL 271,227 (31 December 2024: TL (1,267,178)) and the corresponding gain/loss recognised in the statement of profit/loss amounted to TL 1,538,405 (31 December 2024: TL (1,676,904)). The carrying value of the related financial liability amounted to TL 59,856,791 (31 December 2024: TL 57,223,084).

5.2.6 Derivative financial liabilities

5.2.6.1 Negative differences on derivative financial liabilities measured at FVTPL

Information on negative differences on derivative financial liabilities measured at FVTPL classified in derivative financial liabilities is as follows;

	Current Po	eriod	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transaction	1,007,032	80,506	1,019,168	77,858
Swap Transactions	9,458,229	5,028,956	8,494,470	3,688,746
Futures	-	-	201	-
Options	715,901	187,243	434,417	60,339
Others	-	1,463	-	824
Total	11,181,162	5,298,168	9,948,256	3,827,767

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.6.2 Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging purpose

Information on negative differences on derivative financial liabilities held for hedging purposes classified in derivative financial liabilities is as follows;

Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for	Current I	Current Period		riod
Hedging Purpose	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	37,394	60,489	-	188,119
Cash Flow Hedges	313,312	322,085	527,240	632,565
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	350,706	382,574	527,240	820,684

Please refer to Note 5.1.4.2 for financial liabilities resulted from derivatives held for hedging purpose.

5.2.7 Factoring payables

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.2.8 Lease payables

5.2.8.1 Operational and financial lease agreements

	Current Pe	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 Year	2,447,540	1,598,879	1,435,365	946,465	
Between 1-5 Years	4,600,628	3,053,329	2,414,460	1,619,991	
Longer than 5 Years	697,038	437,884	621,850	382,836	
Total	7,745,206	5,090,092	4,471,675	2,949,292	

As of 31 March 2025, the weighted average of the incremental borrowing interest rates applied to TL, EUR, USD and RON lease liabilities presented in the statement of financial position of the Group are 33.1%, 3.0%, 2.9% and 3.7% (31 December 2024: 34.2%, 3.0%, 2.9% and 3.7%), respectively.

5.2.9 Provisions

5.2.9.1 Reserve for employee severance indemnity

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balances at Beginning of Period	2,915,185	2,349,462
Expenses During the Period	303,164	950,132
Actuarial Gain/Loss	_	33,185
Payments During the Period	(63,733)	(417,594)
Balances at End of Period	3,154,616	2,915,185

5.2.9.2 Provisions for foreign exchange differences on foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables

None.

5.2.9.3 Expected credit losses (Stage 3) for non-cash loans that are not indemnified or converted into cash

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.9.4 Other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Benefits	8,782,987	8,143,233
Insurance Technical Provisions, Net	9,450,375	7,656,033
Provision for Promotion Expenses of Credit Cards	1,625,778	1,523,213
Provision for Lawsuits	1,028,926	776,169
Provision for Non-Cash Loans	7,788,099	7,650,271
Other Provisions	523,602	708,308
Total	29,199,767	26,447,227

Recognized Liability for Defined Benefit Plan Obligations

The Bank obtained an actuarial report dated 31 December 2024 from an independent actuary reflecting the principles and procedures on determining the application of transfer transactions in accordance with the Law and it is determined that the assets of the Plan are above the amount that will be required to be paid to transfer the obligation and the asset surplus amounts to TL 22,436,684 at 31 December 2024 as details are given in the table below.

Furthermore, an actuarial report was prepared as of 31 December 2024 as per the requirements of the Law explained in Note 3.17, the accounting policies related with "employee benefits" for the benefits transferable to the SSF and other benefits not transferable to the SSF and arising from other social rights and payments covered by the existing trust indenture of the Fund and medical benefits provided for employees. Based on the actuary's report, the asset surplus over the fair value of the plan assets to be used for the payment of the obligations also fully covers the benefits not transferable and still a surplus of TL 4,516,257 remains as of 31 December 2024 as details are given in the table below.

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Transferable Pension and Medical Benefits:		
Net present value of pension benefits transferable to SSF	(21,854,813)	(10,106,552)
Net present value of medical benefits and health premiums transferable to SSF	8,500,676	4,156,378
General administrative expenses	(690,987)	(361,006)
Present Value of Pension and Medical Benefits Transferable to SSF (1)	(14,045,124)	(6,311,180)
Fair Value of Plan Assets (2)	36,481,808	23,155,630
Asset Surplus over Transferable Benefits ((2)-(1)=(3))	22,436,684	16,844,450
Non-Transferable Benefits:		
Other pension benefits	(9,104,789)	(5,440,430)
Other medical benefits	(8,815,638)	(6,413,552)
Total Non-Transferable Benefits (4)	(17,920,427)	(11,853,982)
Asset Surplus over Total Benefits ((3)-(4))	4,516,257	4,990,468

Movement of recognized liability for asset shortage over the Bank's defined benefit plan:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at Beginning of Period	-	-
Actual contributions paid during the period	(566,611)	(1,417,697)
Total expense recognized in the income statement	86,854	263,232
Amount recognized in the shareholders' equity	479,757	1,154,465
Balance at End of Period	-	-

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

The major actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of other benefits not transferable to SSF are as follows:

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
	%	%
Discount Rate (*)	31.02	25.60
Inflation Rate (*)	26.30	21.94
Estimated Real Salary/Limit Increase Rate	1.50	1.50
Medical Cost Trend Rate	30.50	26.14
Future Pension Increase Rate (*)	26.30	21.94

^(*) The above rates are effective rates, whereas the rates applied for the calculation differ according to the employees' years in service.

The sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation of excess liabilities and retirement indemnities of the Bank are as follows:

Defined Benefit Obligation	Pension Benefits Effect	Medical Benefits Effect	Overall Effect
Assumption change	%	%	%
Discount Rate +0.5%	(5.80)	(7.10)	(7.90)
Discount Rate -0.5%	6.60	8.00	9.10
Medical Inflation +0.5%	-	8.10	8.10
Medical Inflation -0.5%	_	(7.20)	(7.20)

Retirement Indemnities	Sensitivity of Past Service Liability	Sensitivity of Normal Cost
Assumption change	%	%
Discount Rate +0.5%	(6.30)	(7.30)
Discount Rate -0.5%	6.80	8.00
Inflation Rate +0.5%	7.00	(3.70)
Inflation Rate -0.5%	(6.50)	8.20

5.2.10 Tax liability

5.2.10.1 Current tax liability

5.2.10.1.1 Tax liability

As of 31 March 2025, the corporate tax liability amounts to TL 15,217,486 (31 December 2024: TL 9,155,089) after offsetting with prepaid taxes. If the differences arising between the book value and the tax base value of the assets subject to the current tax liability are related to the shareholders' equity account group, the current tax asset or liability is netted off by the relevant accounts in this group.

As of 31 March 2025, TL 6,789,545 (31 December 2024: TL 29,929,461) of total current period tax expense amounting to TL 8,934,984 (31 December 2024: TL 32,962,532) has been classified in the statement of profit or loss and TL (2,145,439) (31 December 2024: TL (3,033,071)) has been classified in equity.

5.2.10.1.2 *Taxes payable*

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Taxes Payable	15,217,486	9,155,089
Taxation on Securities Income	5,238,781	3,608,101
Taxation on Real Estates Income	25,687	20,300
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax	4,247,157	4,408,473
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	137,004	59,424
Value Added Tax Payable	521,269	362,776
Others	1,077,128	1,031,785
Total	26,464,512	18,645,948

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.10.1.3 Premiums payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employees	78,223	44,569
Social Security Premiums-Employer	39,079	33,831
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employees	719	430
Bank Pension Fund Premium-Employer	1,055	559
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employees	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employees	20,680	15,588
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	45,662	38,319
Others	1,009	424
Total	186,427	133,720

5.2.10.2 Deferred tax liability

As of 31 March 2025, the deferred tax liability amounts to TL 255,028 (31 December 2024: TL 186,841).

5.2.11 Liabilities for assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations

None.

5.2.12 Subordinated debts

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.2.13 Other liabilities

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Payables From Credit Card Transactions	114,883,193	943,032	109,815,357	878,879
Payables From Clearing Transactions	25,404,246	72,324	40,429,442	840,019
Other (*)	33,723,834	20,704,673	19,233,429	14,736,210
Total	174,011,273	21,720,029	169,478,228	16,455,108

^(*) Includes the share of profit to be paid to shareholders amounting to TL 11,173,803 from net profit of the year 2024.

5.2.14 Shareholders' equity

5.2.14.1 Paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Shares	4,200,000	4,200,000
Preference Shares	_	-

5.2.14.2 Registered share capital system

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling per Registered Share Capital
Registered Shares	4,200,000	25,000,000

5.2.14.3 Capital increases in current period

None.

5.2.14.4 Capital increases from capital reserves in current period

None.

5.2.14.5 Capital commitments for current and future financial periods

None.

5.2.14.6 Possible effect of estimations made for the Parent Bank's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties

None.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.2.14.7 Information on privileges given to stocks representing the capital

None

5.2.14.8 Securities value increase fund

Information on securities value increase fund classified as a part of income/expenses from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI in the statement of changes in shareholders' equity, is as follows;

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	-	-	-	-
Exchange Rate Difference	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	(2,790,487)	885,942	(23,492)	715,646
Valuation Difference	(3,993,274)	885,942	(1,054,977)	715,646
Exchange Rate Difference	1,202,787	-	1,031,485	-
Total	(2,790,487)	885,942	(23,492)	715,646

5.2.14.9 Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Movables	1,502,099	1,117,322	1,398,568	767,944
Real Estates	25,699,817	435,155	25,261,265	381,386
Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	(3,161,696)	-	(2,825,872)	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	24,040,220	1,552,477	23,833,961	1,149,330

5.2.14.10 Bonus shares of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures

	Current Period	Prior Period
İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş.	36,704	36,704
Bankalararası Kart Merkezi A.Ş.	5,782	5,782
JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş.	2,827	2,827
Yeni Gimat Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	860	860
Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ	481	481
Kömür İşletmeleri A.Ş.	745	745
Dati Yatırım Holding A.Ş.	148	148
Doğuş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	22	22
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ	2,602	9
Total	50,171	47,578

5.2.14.11 Legal reserves

	Current Period	Prior Period
I. Legal Reserve	1,982,001	1,917,654
II. Legal Reserve	5,217,800	3,395,300
Special Reserves	97,400	85,362
Total	7,297,201	5,398,316

$\label{thm:continuous} T\"{u}rkiye\ Garanti\ Bankası\ A\S\ and\ Its\ Financial\ Subsidiaries$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.2.14.12 Extraordinary and other profit reserves

	Current Period	Prior Period
Legal Reserves allocated in compliance with the Decisions Made on the Annual General Assembly	253,573,103	182,535,258

5.2.14.13 Minority interest

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at Beginning of Period	1,620,169	920,327
Profit Share of Subsidiaries Net Profits	303,331	935,750
Prior Period Dividend Payment	(528,035)	(241,387)
Increase/(Decrease) in Minority Interest due to Sales	-	-
Others	(5,640)	5,479
Balance at End of Period	1,389,825	1,620,169

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.3 Consolidated off-balance sheet items

5.3.1 Off-balance sheet contingencies

5.3.1.1 Irrevocable credit commitments

The Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries have term asset purchase and sale commitments of TL 103,443,323 (31 December 2024: TL 71,218,325), commitments for cheque payments of TL 19,694,692 (31 December 2024: TL 14,208,207) and commitments for credit card limits of TL 1,272,873,015 (31 December 2024: TL 1,106,975,371).

5.3.1.2 Possible losses and commitments resulted from off-balance sheet items

	Current Period	Prior Period	
Letters of Guarantee in Foreign Currency	207,347,057	170,290,959	
Letters of Guarantee in TL	351,397,038	311,772,179	
Letters of Credit	71,211,112	58,671,180	
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	9,414,714	8,433,493	
Endorsements	21,913,600	19,617,000	
Other Guarantees	4,181,590	3,539,092	
Total	665,465,111	572,323,903	

Expected losses for non-cash loans and irrevocable commitments

Current Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Balances at Beginning of Period	2,628,100	2,652,026	2,370,145	7,650,271
Additions during the Period (+)	1,418,031	759,720	167,975	2,345,726
Disposal (-)	(1,251,494)	(1,161,108)	(141,719)	(2,554,321)
Sales	-	-	-	-
Write-off	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 1	527,700	(488,197)	(39,503)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(203,965)	205,675	(1,710)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(394)	(20,882)	21,276	-
Foreign Currency Differences	54,660	82,004	209,759	346,423
Balances at End of Period	3,172,638	2,029,238	2,586,223	7,788,099

Prior Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Balances at Beginning of Period	2,020,918	4,811,362	3,451,985	10,284,265	
Additions during the Period (+)	4,226,833	4,502,917	406,486	9,136,236	
Disposal (-)	(6,473,378)	(4,285,771)	(1,867,180)	(12,626,329)	
Sales	-	-	-	-	
Write-off	-	-	-	-	
Transfer to Stage 1	3,383,932	(3,375,617)	(8,315)	-	
Transfer to Stage 2	(592,568)	688,251	(95,683)	-	
Transfer to Stage 3	(6,969)	(76,728)	83,697	-	
Foreign Currency Differences	69,332	387,612	399,155	856,099	
Balances at End of Period	2,628,100	2,652,026	2,370,145	7,650,271	

Lifetime expected credit loss (Stage 3) of TL 4,792,246 (31 December 2024: TL 4,256,973) is made for unliquidated non-cash loans of TL 2,568,223 (31 December 2024: TL 2,370,145) recorded under the off-balance sheet items.

The detailed information for commitments, guarantees and sureties are provided under the statement of "off-balance sheet items".

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.3.1.3 Non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-Cash Loans against Cash Risks	140,710,532	117,960,544
With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less	26,366,339	17,030,679
With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year	114,344,193	100,929,865
Other Non-Cash Loans	524,754,579	454,363,359
Total	665,465,111	572,323,903

5.3.1.4 Other information on non-cash loans

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.3.1.5 Non-cash loans classified under Stage I and II:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.3.2 Financial derivative instruments

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.3.3 Credit derivatives and risk exposures on credit derivatives

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.3.4 Contingent liabilities and assets

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.3.5 Services rendered on behalf of third parties

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4 Consolidated statement of profit or loss

5.4.1 Interest income

5.4.1.1 Interest income from loans (*)

	Current Period		Prior Per	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Income from Loans				
Short-term loans	68,937,023	4,751,098	46,554,785	4,096,001
Medium and long-term loans	40,507,479	7,457,069	18,380,883	6,541,761
Loans under follow-up	1,836,616	49,422	597,796	43,567
Interest Received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	111,281,118	12,257,589	65,533,464	10,681,329

^(*) Includes also fees and commissions income on cash loans.

5.4.1.2 Interest income from banks

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Central Bank of Türkiye	8,029,709	-	1,463,416	24,519
Domestic Banks	1,586,770	947	233,821	3,952
Foreign Banks	93,980	1,188,464	4,266	1,352,450
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	9,710,459	1,189,411	1,701,503	1,380,921

5.4.1.3 Interest income from securities portfolio

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	253,638	60,454	182,424	55,504
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	6,936,084	714,987	5,102,051	525,315
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	10,710,711	1,218,284	9,686,829	1,201,234
Total	17,900,433	1,993,725	14,971,304	1,782,053

As disclosed in the accounting policies, the Bank values the CPI indexed government bonds in the securities portfolio according to the reference index at the issue date and the index calculated according to the expected inflation rate. The inflation rate used in the valuation is updated during the year when deemed necessary. As of 31 March 2025, the valuation of such securities has been calculated according to the annual inflation forecast of 28%. In case the CPI forecast increases or decreases by 1%, profit before taxes as of 31 March 2025 will increase or decrease by approximately TL 223,931.

5.4.1.4 Interest income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Received from Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	956,850	726,654

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.2 Interest expenses

5.4.2.1 Interest expenses on funds borrowed (*)

	Current Period		Prior Per	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	795,455	392,613	68,428	854,645
Central Bank of Türkiye	103,409	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	273,046	89,225	68,428	224,035
Foreign Banks	419,000	303,388	-	630,610
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	1,255,569	-	1,370,009
Total	795,455	1,648,182	68,428	2,224,654

^(*) Also includes fees and commissions expenses on borrowings.

5.4.2.2 Interest expenses paid to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Paid to Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries	111,437	18,595

5.4.2.3 Interest expenses on securities issued

$\label{thm:continuous} T\ddot{u}rkiye\ Garanti\ Bankası\ A\+\S\ and\ Its\ Financial\ Subsidiaries$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.2.4 Maturity structure of interest expense on deposits

		Time Deposits						
Current Period	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	Over 1 Year	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	1,265	4,914,815	-	-	-	-	-	4,916,080
Saving Deposits	4,621	1,219,097	43,504,519	18,886,363	3,307,881	3,874,778	-	70,797,259
Public Sector Deposits	-	25,797	33,592	17	1	237	-	59,644
Commercial Deposits	605	12,988,441	12,362,916	4,366,749	4,482,564	980,696	-	35,181,971
Others	-	204,426	1,017,533	175,948	437,285	1,685,203	-	3,520,395
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	6,491	19,352,576	56,918,560	23,429,077	8,227,731	6,540,914	-	114,475,349
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	415,616	758,418	839,975	335,562	275,169	133,480	36	2,758,256
Bank Deposits	4,528	7,127	6	11,808	16	7	-	23,492
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	6	59	2	30	-	97
Total FC	420,144	765,545	839,987	347,429	275,187	133,517	36	2,781,845
Grand Total	426,635	20,118,121	57,758,547	23,776,506	8,502,918	6,674,431	36	117,257,194

		Time Deposits						
Prior Period	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	Over 1 Year	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	638	61,390	-	-	-	-	-	62,028
Saving Deposits	3,365	769,090	16,877,507	18,665,826	14,079,508	4,310,251	-	54,705,547
Public Sector Deposits	-	832	2,336	13,592	-	-	-	16,760
Commercial Deposits	187	6,530,995	2,984,444	2,720,552	2,845,713	1,289,618	-	16,371,509
Others	-	81,668	330,711	42,449	44,146	477,884	-	976,858
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total TL	4,190	7,443,975	20,194,998	21,442,419	16,969,367	6,077,753	-	72,132,702
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	325,894	733,270	314,171	241,315	328,341	56,375	74	1,999,440
Bank Deposits	1,887	8,554	21	-	-	6	-	10,468
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	47
Total FC	327,781	741,824	314,192	241,315	328,341	56,428	74	2,009,955
Grand Total	331,971	8,185,799	20,509,190	21,683,734	17,297,708	6,134,181	74	74,142,657

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.2.5 Interest expense on money market transactions

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.4.2.6 Lease expenses

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.4.2.7 Interest expenses on factoring payables

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.4.3 Dividend income

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.4.4 Trading income/losses (net)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Income	225,713,042	136,440,948
Trading Account Income	2,869,074	954,088
Derivative Financial Instruments	23,354,304	13,256,470
Foreign Exchange Gain	199,489,664	122,230,390
Losses (-)	221,522,991	130,985,251
Trading Account Losses	1,134,905	958,322
Derivative Financial Instruments	24,116,660	14,729,222
Foreign Exchange Losses	196,271,426	115,297,707
Total	4,190,051	5,455,697

TL 7,543,006 (31 March 2024: TL 4,085,607) of foreign exchange gains and TL 9,120,082 (31 March 2024: TL 8,157,989) of foreign exchange losses are resulted from the exchange rate changes of derivative transactions.

5.4.5 Other operating income

The items under "other operating income" generally consists of collection or reversals of prior year expected credit losses, banking services related costs recharged to customers and income on custody services.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior Year Reversals	14,629,066	11,739,956
Stage 1	5,423,945	5,284,483
Stage 2	6,048,434	2,836,669
Stage 3	2,823,389	3,235,505
Others	333,298	383,299
Income from term sale of assets	300,816	982,240
Others (*)	4,916,928	2,554,004
Total	19,846,810	15,276,200

^(*) Premium income from insurance business amounting to TL 4,064,977 (31 March 2024: TL 1,813,817) which is included in other operating income in the accompanying financial statements is presented in "others" line item.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.6 Expected credit losses and other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Losses	23,811,824	15,971,476
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	6,499,960	4,891,957
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	6,837,757	5,791,101
Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	10,474,107	5,288,418
Other Provisions	253,384	39,785
Impairment Losses on Securities	57,486	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	57,486	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint-ventures (business partnership)	-	-
Others	195,898	39,785
Total	24,065,208	16,011,261

5.4.7 Other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	302,721	209,856
Defined Benefit Plan Obligations	-	-
Impairment Losses on Tangible Assets	735	809
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Assets	687,681	411,098
Impairment Losses on Intangible Assets	-	_
Impairment Losses on Goodwill	-	_
Amortisation Expenses of Intangible Assets	334,784	163,068
Decrease in Value of Equity Accounting Shares	-	-
Impairment Losses on Assets to be Disposed	922	-
Depreciation Expenses of Right-of-use Assets	312,864	211,126
Impairment Losses on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Assets	1,519	-
Other Operating Expenses	14,368,678	8,193,428
Operational Lease related Expenses (*)	180,620	137,437
Repair and maintenance expenses	188,602	158,732
Advertisement expenses	1,358,558	529,975
Other expenses	12,640,898	7,367,284
Loss on Sale of Assets	94,233	1,956
Others (**)	5,975,168	3,947,689
Total	22,079,305	13,139,030

 $^{^{(\}ast)}$ $\,$ Includes lease related expenses out of the scope of TFRS 16.

5.4.8 Information on profit/loss before taxes from continued and discontinued operations

^(**) Includes Saving Deposits Insurance Fund related expenses of TL 1,292,531 (31 March 2024: TL 860,035) and insurance-business claim losses of TL 2,053,012 (31 March 2024: TL 895,952) in the current period.

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.4.9 Information on provision for taxes for continued and discontinued operations

For the period ended 31 March 2025, on a consolidated basis, the Bank recorded a current tax expense of TL 8,934,894 (31 March 2024: TL 8,399,106) and a deferred tax expense of TL 251,266 (31 March 2024: TL 2,611,991 tax income).

There is no amount from discontinued operations.

Deferred tax benefit/charge on timing differences

Deferred tax (benefit)/charge on timing differences	Current Period	Prior Period
Increase in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (+)	(1,525,585)	(2,325,662)
Decrease in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (-)	1,356,646	832,566
Increase in Taxable Timing Differences (-)	823,628	649,471
Decrease in Taxable Timing Differences (+)	(403,423)	(1,768,366)
Total	251,266	(2,611,991)

Deferred tax benefit/charge in the income statement arising on timing differences, tax losses and tax deductions and exemptions

Deferred tax (benefit)/charge arising on timing differences, tax losses and tax deductions and exemptions	Current Period	Prior Period
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Deductible Timing Differences (net)	(168,939)	(1,493,096)
(Increase)/Decrease in Taxable Timing Differences (net)	420,205	(1,118,895)
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Losses (net)	-	-
(Increase)/Decrease in Tax Deductions and Exemptions (net)	-	-
Total	251,266	(2,611,991)

5.4.10 Net operating profit/loss after taxes including net profit/loss from discontinued operations

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.4.11 Net profit/loss

5.4.11.1 Any further explanation on operating results needed for better understanding of bank's performance None.

5.4.11.2 Any changes in estimations that might have a material effect on current and subsequent period results None.

5.4.11.3 Minority interest's profit/loss

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Profit/(Loss) of Minority Interest	303,331	189,317

5.4.12 Components of other items in income statement

The items in others under "Fees and commissions received" and "Fees and commissions paid" in the consolidated income statement include mainly fees and commissions related with credit card transactions and other banking services.

5.5 Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.6 Consolidated statement of cash flows

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.7 Related party risks

5.7.1 Transactions with Parent Bank's risk group;

5.7.1.1 Loans and other receivables

Current Period:

Bank's Risk Group	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Components in Risk Group	
Loans and Other Receivables	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Balance at beginning of period	15,783,416	752,580	256,834	4,004,845	300,178	21,959
Balance at end of period	18,511,417	946,073	306,941	7,756,137	399,909	24,365
Interest and Commission Income	956,963	-	5,425	-	9,994	-

Prior Period: -

Bank's Risk Group	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Components in Risk Group	
Loans and Other Receivables	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Balance at beginning of period	5,132,114	73,259	636,221	3,877,104	323,370	20,995
Balance at end of period	15,783,416	752,580	256,834	4,004,845	300,178	21,959
Interest and Commission Income	78,955	11	9,113	-	1,617	-

5.7.1.2 *Deposits*

Bank's Risk Group	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Components in Risk Group	
Deposits	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	813,736	553,605	68,988	183,626	18,390,219	10,504,227
Balance at end of period	1,480,409	813,736	153,490	68,988	22,089,964	18,390,219
Interest Expenses	111,437	18,595	1,516	548	1,836,553	773,284

5.7.1.3 Derivative transactions

Bank's Risk Group	Associates, Sub Joint-Ve					mponents in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Transactions at Fair Value Through Profit/(Loss)							
Balance at beginning of period	11,210,436	12,009,441	149,843,168	76,674,283	-	-	
Balance at end of period	12,935,710	11,210,436	275,956,858	149,843,168	-	429,005	
Total Profit/(Loss)	-	-	(201,140)	443,036	(4,847)	441	
Transactions for Hedging							
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Profit/(Loss)	-	-	-	121	-	-	

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

5.7.2 Bank's risk group

5.7.2.1 Relations with companies in risk group of/or controlled by the Bank regardless of nature of current transactions

Transactions with the risk group, are held under arm's-length conditions; terms are set according to the market conditions and in compliance with the Banking Law. The Bank's policy is to keep the balances and transaction volumes with the risk group at reasonable levels preventing any high concentration risk on balance sheet.

5.7.2.2 Concentration of transaction volumes and balances with risk group and pricing policy

The cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 8,682,859 (31 December 2024: TL 7,957,714) compose 0.44% (31 December 2024: 0.45%) of the Bank's total consolidated cash loans and 0.25% (31 December 2024: 0.27%) of the Bank's total consolidated assets. The total loans and similar receivables amounting TL 19,218,267 (31 December 2024: TL 16,340,428) compose 0.55% (31 December 2024: 0.54%) of the Bank's total consolidated assets. The non-cash loans of the risk group amounting TL 8,726,575 (31 December 2024: TL 4,779,384) compose 1.31% (31 December 2024: 0.84%) of the Bank's total consolidated non-cash loans TL 23,723,863 (31 December 2024: TL 19,272,942) compose 0.92% (31 December 2024: 0.89%) of the Bank's total consolidated deposits. There are no funds borrowed by the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries from their risk group of the Bank's total consolidated funds borrowed. The pricing in transactions with the risk group companies is set on an arm's-length basis.

A total rent income of TL 1,929 (31 March 2024: TL 1,191) was recognized for the real estates rented to the related parties.

Other income of TL 29,333 (31 March 2024: TL 10,399) for the IT services rendered and banking services fee income of TL 35,559 (31 March 2024: TL 14,564) were recognized from the related parties.

Operating expenses of TL 39,198 (31 March 2024: TL 26,743) for operational leasing services rendered by the related parties were recognized as expenses.

Including the payments related to resigners, the net payment provided or to be provided to the key management of the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries amounts to TL 259,508 (31 March 2024: TL 181,053).

5.7.2.3 Other matters not required to be disclosed

None.

5.7.2.4 Transactions accounted for under equity method

None.

5.7.2.5 All kind of agreements signed like asset purchases/sales, service rendering, agencies, leasing, research and development, licenses, funding, guarantees, management services

The Bank has agency contracts with Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler AŞ and Garanti Emeklilik ve Hayat AŞ. Accordingly, all the branches of the Bank serve as agencies to sell the insurance products to customers. Agency services for trading of securities on behalf of the Bank's customers are rendered by specialized branches (Investment Centers).

Purchase of equipment for internal use are partly arranged through leasing.

5.8 Domestic, foreign and off-shore branches or equity investments, and foreign representative offices of Parent Bank

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

5.9 Matters arising subsequent to the balance sheet date

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.10 Other disclosures on activities

5.10.1 Information on international risk ratings

5.10.1.1 Parent Bank's international risk ratings

MOODY'S (July 2024)

Outlook	Positive
Long-Term FC Deposit	Ba3(Positive)
Long-Term TL Deposit	Ba3(Positive)
Short-Term FC Deposit	Not Prime
Short-Term TL Deposit	Not Prime
Baseline Credit Assessment - BCA	b1
Adjusted BCA	ba3
Senior Unsecured Rating (Regular Bond)	B2 (hyb)
Senior Unsecured Rating (Medium-Term Note Program)	(P) Ba3
National Scale Rating (NSR) Long Term Deposit	Aaa.tr
National Scale Rating (NSR) Short Term	TR-1

FITCH RATINGS (September 2024)

Long-Term FC	BB- / (Stable)
Short-Term FC	В
Long-Term TL	BB- / (Stable)
Short-Term TL	В
Viability Rating	bb-
Shareholder Support	bb-
Long term senior unsecured notes	BB-
Short term senior unsecured notes	В
Subordinated notes	B+

JCR EURASIA RATINGS (September 2024)

Long-Term National	AAA (tr) Stable Outlook	
Short-Term National	J1+ (tr) / Stable Outlook	
Long-Term International FC	BBB- / Stable Outlook	
Short-Term NSR	BBB / Stable Outlook	

$\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{T\"urkiye Garanti Bankası } \textbf{A}\xspace\$ \ \text{and Its Financial Subsidiaries}$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.10.1.2 International risk ratings of Garanti Bank International NV, a consolidated subsidiary

MOODY'S (June 2024) (*)

Long-Term FC Deposit	Baa2
Short-Term FC Deposit	P-3
Baseline Credit Assessment	ba1
Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment	baa3
Outlook	Positive
Long-Term Counterparty Risk Assessment	A3(cr)
Short-Term Counterparty Risk Assessment	P-2(cr)
Long-Term Counterparty Risk Rating	A3
Short-Term Counterparty Risk Rating	P-2

^(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

5.10.1.3 International risk ratings of Garanti Faktoring, a consolidated subsidiary

FITCH RATINGS (February 2025) (*)

Foreign Currency	
Long-Term	BB-
Short-Term	В
Outlook	Stable
Turkish Lira	
Long-Term	BB-
Short-Term	В
Outlook	Stable
National	AA (tur)
Outlook	Stable
Support	-
Shareholder Support Ratings	bb-

^(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

5.10.1.4 International risk ratings of Garanti Leasing, a consolidated subsidiary

FITCH RATINGS (February 2025) (*)

Foreign Currency	
Long-Term	BB-
Short-Term	В
Outlook	Stable
Turkish Lira	
Long-Term	BB-
Short-Term	В
Outlook	Stable
National	AA (tur)
Outlook	Stable
Support	-
Shareholder Support Ratings	bb-

^(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

5.10.1.5 International risk ratings of Garanti Bank SA, a consolidated subsidiary

FITCH RATINGS (March 2025) (*)

Foreign Currency	
Long-Term IDR	BB
Short-Term IDR	В
Support Rating	bb-
Viability Rating	bb
Outlook	Stable

^{*)} Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

5.10.1.6 International risk ratings of Garanti Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler A.Ş., a consolidated subsidiary

JCR EURASIA RATINGS (May 2024) (*)

Long-Term International FC	BB
Long-Term International TL	BB
Short-Term NSR	J1+(tr) (Stable)
Long-Term NSR	AAA (tr) (Stable)

^(*) Latest date in risk ratings or outlooks

5.10.2 Dividends

As per the decision made at the annual general assembly of shareholders of the Parent Bank on 27 March 2025, the distribution of the net profit of the year 2024, was as follows;

2024 PROFIT DISTRIBUTION TABLE		
2024 Net Profit	92,174,994	
A- I. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/1) at 5%		
Undistributable funds	(13,856)	
B- First dividend at 5% of the paid-in capital	(210,000)	
C- Extraordinary reserves at 5% after above deductions	(4,598,250)	
D- Second dividend to the shareholders	(18,224,999)	
E- Extraordinary reserves	(67,305,389)	
F- II. Legal reserve (Turkish Commercial Code 519/2)	(1,822,500)	

5.10.3 Other disclosures

None.

6 Limited Review Report

6.1 Disclosure on limited review report

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its financial subsidiaries as of 31 March 2025, have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (a member firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited) and a limited review report dated 28 April 2025, is presented before the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

6.2 Disclosures and footnotes prepared by independent auditors

None.

Türkiye Garanti Bankası AŞ and Its Financial Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025

(Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

7 Interim Activity Report

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

7.1 Summary financial information regarding the operating results for the current period, the comments of the chairman of the board of directors and the CEO

Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş., announced its financial statements dated 31 March 2025. Based on the consolidated financials, the Bank's **net income** in the first 3 months of the year recorded as TL 25 billion 398 million 699 thousand. **Asset size** realized at TL 3 trillion 498 billion 288 million 811 thousand and the Bank's contribution to the economy through **cash and non-cash loans** was TL 2 trillion 602 billion 582 million 394 thousand. Actively managing the funding base, customer deposits continued to be the main funding source; 72.8% of assets are funded via customer deposits. **Customer deposit** base reached to TL 2 trillion 545 billion 380 million 977 thousand with 21.4% growth in the first 3 months of the year. Preserving the strong capital stance, Bank's capital adequacy ratio was realized at 16.2%*. The Bank delivered an **ROAE** (Return on Average Equity) of 30.5% and an **ROAA** (Return on Average Assets) of 3.2%.

*Calculated without the forbearance introduced by BRSA

Commenting on the topic, **Garanti BBVA**, **Chairman Süleyman Sözen** stated that Global economy experienced a volatile quarter, shaped by US tariffs, geopolitical issues, global central banks' decisions. In Turkiye, we saw a quarter of mixed sentiment. Strong economy activity and declining inflation trend was pointing out rebalancing in the economy in the beginning of the year. However, local and global developments dent the sentiment, starting from mid-March. Potential change of trade flows following the US tariffs can strengthen Türkiye's importance even more given our country's geopolitical location and relatively limited direct impacts of the tariffs. Domestically, as a response to market imbalances, CBRT acted swiftly and took market-friendly actions. We believe their tight stance will help to restore confidence in the market.

In this environment, as Garanti BBVA, we continued to navigate uncertainties given our operational strength and agility. We kicked off 2025 with a solid performance. Our capital generative growth strategy continued to support the solvency and we maintained sector-high capital ratio even after 20% dividend payout. Our assets reached 3.5bn \$ and we solidified our strong presence in TL lending via gaining market shares in consumer loans and micro-SMEs. More than 1pp market share gain among private banks in TL and FC deposits reflect the customers' preference to position us as their main bank. I would like to thank all my colleagues who contributed to this success with their contributions and efforts, our valued customers our shareholders and all our stakeholders. who accompanied us with their trust."

Providing information on the topic, Garanti BBVA CEO Mahmut Akten; "We began 2025 with a balanced macroeconomic outlook; however, starting in March, we observed a rise in volatility driven by both domestic and global developments. In this context, we believe the Central Bank's timely and tight monetary policy stance will help restoring confidence in the period ahead. In the first quarter, declining inflation, robust domestic demand, and policy measures supporting financial stability created a favorable environment for the banking sector. During this period, we delivered a strong performance backed by our solid financial position and customer-centric approach. With this solid start to the year, our capital strength and agile balance sheet management—capabilities we have demonstrated time and again—will enable us to successfully navigate the uncertainties ahead. We strengthened our leadership position in Turkish lira lending by gaining market share in consumer and micro-SME loans among private banks. Additionally, we achieved over one percentage point market share gain in both TL and FX customer deposits. This performance reflects our strong focus on customer experience, as well as our leadership in relationship banking and digital channels.

Referring to the Bank's vision for technology and innovation, Akten provided the following overview of the initiatives undertaken within this scope: With nearly 17 million active mobile customers in the first quarter of 2025, we continue to be one of the most preferred mobile banking platforms in Türkiye. To continuously enhance the customer experience, we have redesigned the Garanti BBVA Mobile. With its new design, our mobile application now offers a simplified and user-friendly interface, enhancing financial management through personalized insights and timely reminders. The customizable menu structure enables users to tailor the app to their individual needs, creating a more efficient and time-saving experience. In addition, our intelligent assistant Ugi within Garanti BBVA Mobile has been upgraded with large language model (LLM)-based AI technology. Rather than offering generic answers, Ugi scans the bank's data sources to deliver dynamic, highly personalized solutions tailored to each customer's needs.

$\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{T\"urkiye Garanti Bankası A\$} \ \textbf{and Its Financial Subsidiaries}$

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Going forward, Ugi will continue to evolve, functioning increasingly like a true personal assistant—offering smarter, more relevant responses in real time. Our goal is to deliver a personalized experience that best meets our customers' needs and expectations."

Highlighting the bank's strategic priorities, Akten added: "For 2025, we have set out four key strategic priorities: Sustainable and Strong Growth, Best-in-Class Customer Experience, Sustainability, and Our People. We are reshaping all our business processes in line with these priorities, with a continued focus on creating value for our customers. Backed by our robust capital structure and sustainable growth strategy, we will continue to contribute to Türkiye's economic and social development. I would like to thank all my colleagues whose efforts contributed to our first-quarter results, as well as our valued stakeholders for their continued trust and support."

You may access Garanti BBVA earnings presentations regarding the BRSA consolidated financial results from Garanti BBVA Investor Relations website at www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com

7.1.1 Selected Figures of Consolidated Financial Statements

Selected Balance Sheet Items (TL Thousand)	Current Period 31.03.2025	Prior Period 31.12.2024	Change %
Total Assets	3,498,288,811	3,002,579,379	16.5%
Loans*	1,985,190,259	1,776,363,816	11.8%
- Performing Loans	1,937,117,283	1,738,553,379	11.4%
- Non-Performing Loans	48,072,976	37,810,437	27.1%
Customer Deposits	2,545,380,977	2,096,355,514	21.4%
Shareholders' Equity	340,666,959	331,408,618	2.8%

^{*} Excludes Leasing and Factoring receivables

Selected P&L Items (TL Thousand)	Current Period 31.03.2025	Prior Period 31.03.2024	Change %
Net Interest Income	39,321,741	24,939,752	57.7%
Operating Expenses	35,645,369	21,779,664	63.7%
- HR Cost	13,561,064	8,640,634	56.9%
- Other Operating Expenses	22,084,305	13,139,030	68.1%
Net Fees&Commissions	30,383,178	19,626,300	54.8%
Net Income	25,398,699	22,479,583	13.0%

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Selected Financial Ratios	Current Period 31.03.2025	Prior Period 31.12.2024	Change bps
Performing Loans/Assets	55.4%	57.9%	(253)
Deposits/Assets	72.8%	69.8%	294
Return on Average Equity	30.5%	32.5%	(203)
Return on Average Assets	3.2%	3.5%	(35)
Non-Performing Loans Ratio	2.4%	2.1%	27
Capital Adequacy Ratio*	16.2%	18.2%	(191)

^{*} without BRSA's forbearance

Market Shares*	Current Period 31.03.2025	Prior Period 31.12.2024	Change bps
Performing Loans	11.0%	11.1%	(10)
TL Performing Loans	12.4%	12.5%	(11)
FC Performing Loans	8.6%	8.7%	(4)
Customer Deposits	11.3%	10.2%	106
TL Customer Deposits	11.6%	10.4%	114
FC Customer Deposits	10.8%	10.0%	83

^{*}Market Shares are calculated per bank-only financials, for fair comparison

Garanti BBVA with Numbers ¹	Current Period 31.03.2025	Prior Period 31.12.2024	Change %
Branch Network	797	795	0.3%
Number of Employees	19,880	19,810	0.4%
ATM	5,909	5,820	1.5%
POS*	842,251	864,055	(2.5%)
Number of Customers	28,187,814	27,717,447	1.7%
Number of Digital Customers**	17,030,884	16,718,413	1.9%
Number of Credit Card Customers	12,157,333	11,825,995	2.8%

¹ Subsidiaries are not included

7.2 The amendments in the Articles of Association during period of 01.01.2025-31.03.2025

There is no change during the period.

7.3 Announcements regarding important developments in the period of 01.01.2025-31.03.2025

Garanti BBVA's Annual Report, documents regarding ordinary general meeting of shareholders, information on board of directors and senior management, ratings and disclosures regarding important developments and other disclosures were announced and the disclosures were uploaded to the Public Disclosure Platform. Disclosures and all of the announcements are available at www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com.

^{*}Includes shared and virtual POS.

^{**} Active customers only -- min. 1 login or call per quarter

Consolidated Financial Report as of and for the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2025 (Thousands of Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish

7.4 Assessment of financial information and risk management

You may find information regarding the assessment of financial position, profitability and debt payment capability, risk management explanations and ratings in the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2025. Additionally, you may find detailed information in the earnings presentation regarding financial results of the related period published on Garanti BBVA Investor Relations website at www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com.

You may find financial information on Garanti BBVA for the most recent five year period in the 2024 Integrated Annual Report that was published on the Public Disclosure Platform, the Bank's website, Garanti BBVA Investor Relations website and at https://www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com/en/images/pdf/GarantiBBVA-2024-integrated-annual-report.pdf .

7.5 Information regarding management and corporate governance practices

You may access information about the activities of the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee,

the Credit Committee and the committees that are established pursuant to the Regulation on the Internal Systems of Banks under the framework of the risk management systems and are organized under the Board of Directors or to support the Board of Directors, chairman and members of the committees' names and surnames, fundamental duties and their attendance to the meetings from Garanti BBVA Investor Relations website at www.garantibbyainvestorrelations.com under the Committees section.

You may access the Corporate Governance Principles Compliance Report from Garanti BBVA Investor Relations website at www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com under the Corporate Governance section.

7.6 Forward looking statements regarding the expectations

As per the Article 10 of the "Communiqué on Material Events Disclosure" (II-15.1) of Capital Markets Board, T. Garanti Bankası A.Ş. has announced it's forward looking statements regarding the expectations for the year 2025. You may access the related presentation that was published on the Public Disclosure Platform, the Bank's website and Garanti BBVA Investor Relations' website at www.garantibbvainvestorrelations.com in Operating Plan Guidance Presentations section.