GarantiBank

BRSA Consolidated Earnings Presentation

December 31, 2008

4Q 2008: Extremely complex environment

Volatile markets – hectic parameters…

- *Benchmark bond rate hit 25% in October - closed the year at 16.4%*
- *USD/TL started 4Q at 1.2 and hit 2006 level 1.7 by mid-November and closed the year at 1.5*
- *Libor rates hit over 4% in October, finished the year less than 1.5%*

As the impact of the financial crisis became more pronounced…

- *3Q GDP growth rate 0.5% – the lowest growth rate since 1Q 2002*
- *Sharp contraction in exports and imports – C/A deficit narrowed*
- *Falling oil prices and weak demand eased inflationary pressures*

Growth estimates deteriorated.

- *GDP growth expectation down to 1% for 2008 vs. 3.9% anticipated in the beginning of 4Q -- No growth expected for 2009*

Accordingly,

- *CBT and BRSA took imperative steps to allay the tight liquidity conditions in the banking sector*
    - *CBT cut policy rate from 16.75% to 15% (Nov. 50 bps followed by Dec. 125 bps)*

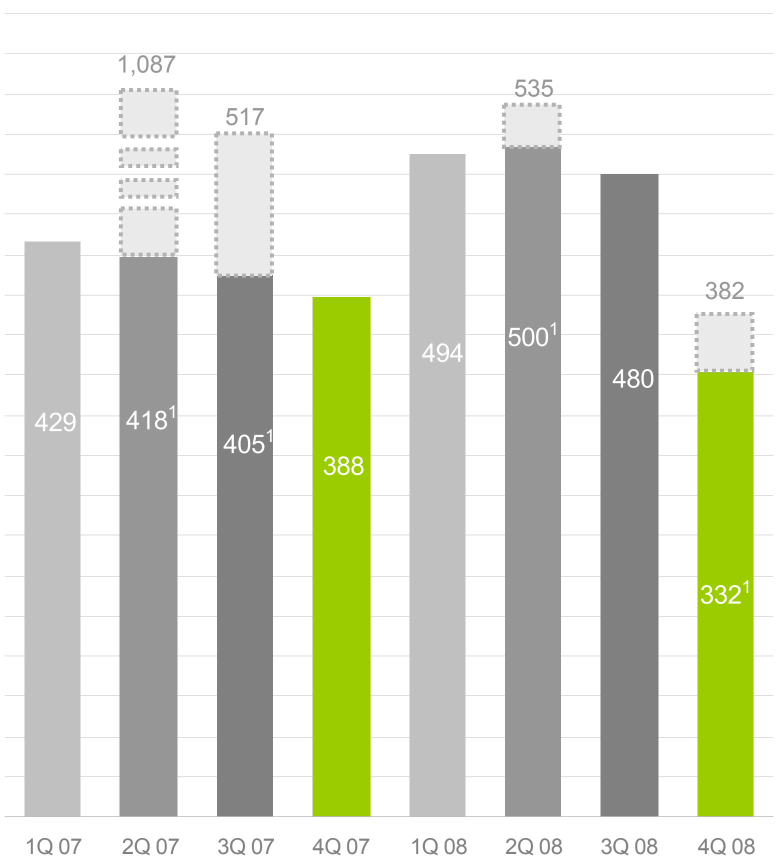
2008 – Garanti Highlights

- *Focused execution on resilient income generation -- even in this complex environment Net Income[1] growth 10%, ROAE[1] 22%*
- *Solid & timely steps taken to sustain healthy B/S -- "liquid, low risk, well capitalized"*
  - *Migrating assets into higher yielding TL*
  - *Position securities for prolonged benefit of higher yields*
  - *Proactively manage risk to maintain sound asset quality*
  - *Robust deposit growth -- easing loans-to-deposits ratio to 90%*
  - *Solid capital base further reinforced by effective capital management -- CAR at 14.9%*
- *Highest level of fee income generation capacity*
  - *Net fees & commissions coverage of Opex 59% vs Sector's 39%[2]*
- *Stricter cost management in keeping with the current economic cycle*
- *Stronger retail network -- increased critical mass*
  - *Y-o-y net increase in*
    - *# of branches[3]: 138 branches*
    - *# of customers[3]: 1.2 million*
    - *Demand deposits: TL 1.7 billion or 20%*

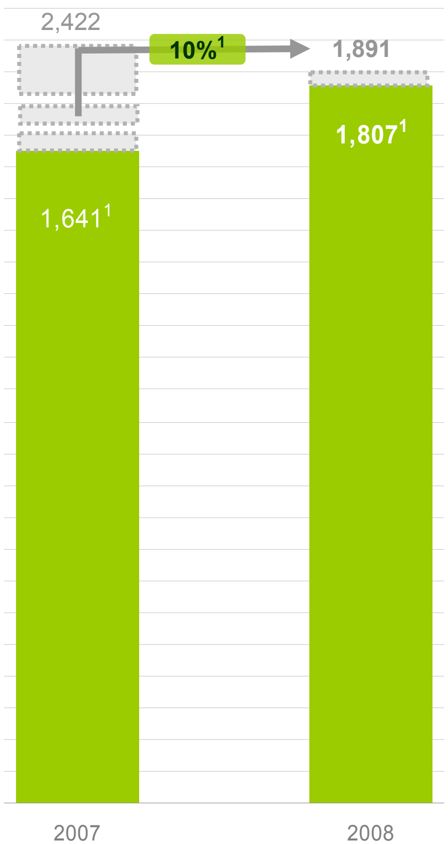
1 Normalized
2 As of 3Q 08
3 Bank-only

Resilient earnings capability in an extremely complex environment -- Sustainable ROAE over 20%

Quarterly Normalized Net Income[1]



Normalized Net Income[1]



Earnings[1]
Y-o-Y

10%

ROAE[1]

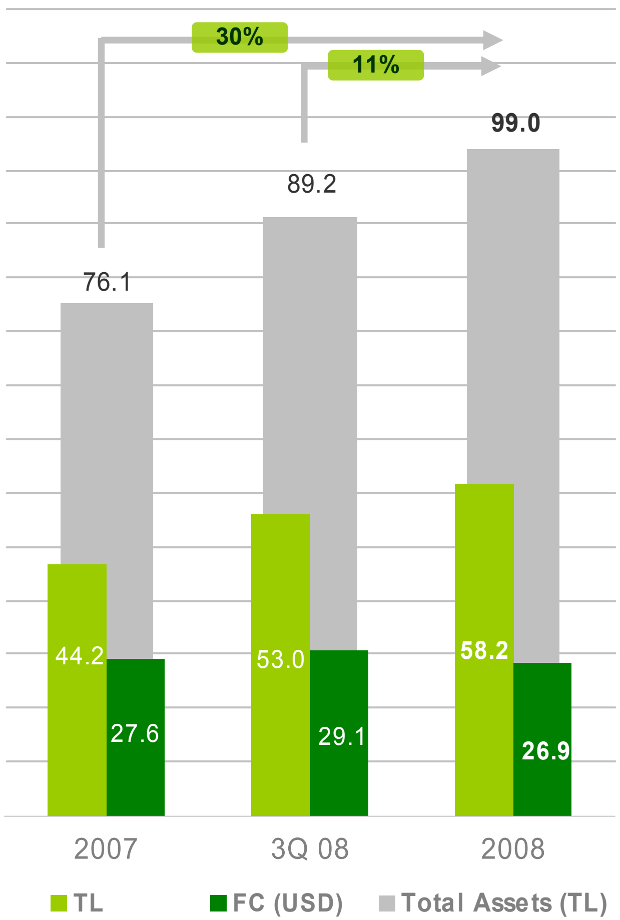
22%

1 Please refer to Slide 23 for breakdown of non-recurring items

Migrating assets into higher yielding TL

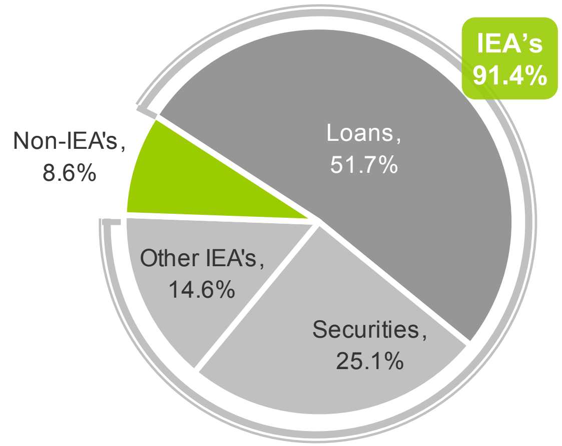
Total Assets

TL / USD Billion

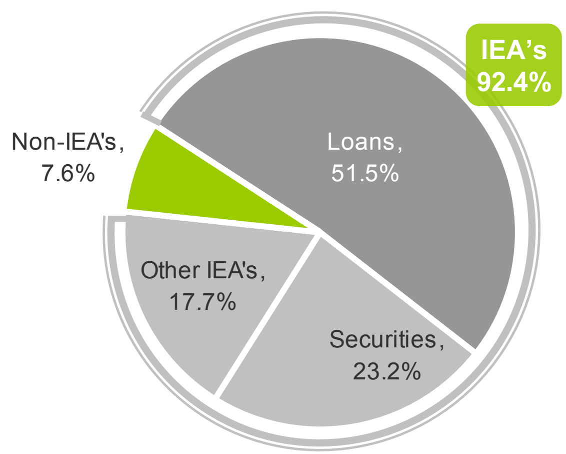


Composition of Assets[1]

2008



2007



Ytd Growth in:

TL Assets

32%

FC Assets

~Flattish

Total Loans

32%

Securities

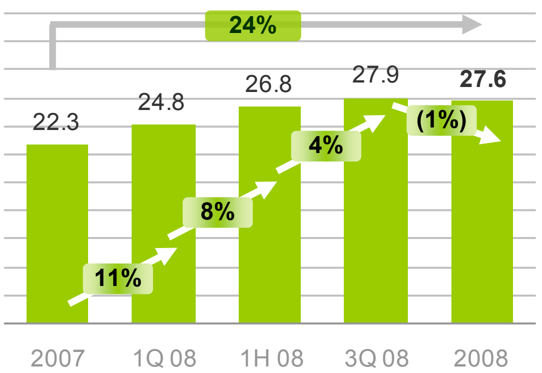
42%

1 Accrued interest on B/S items are shown in non-IEAs
2 Other IEA's include factoring and leasing receivables

Timely managed asset mix benefiting from changing environment

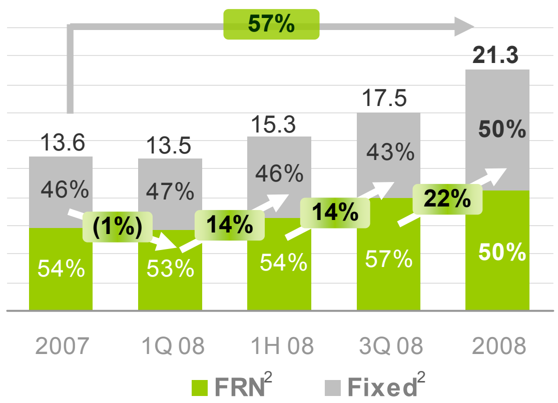
TL Loans[1]

TL Billion



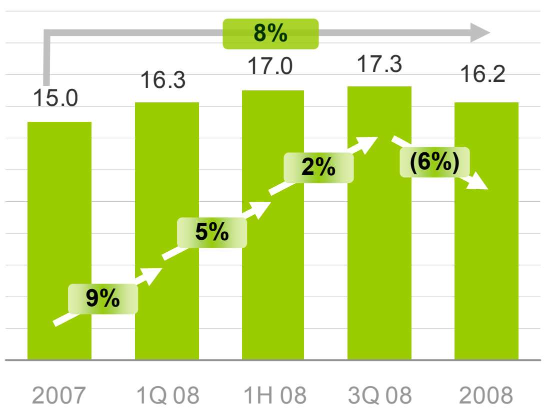
TL Securities

TL Billion



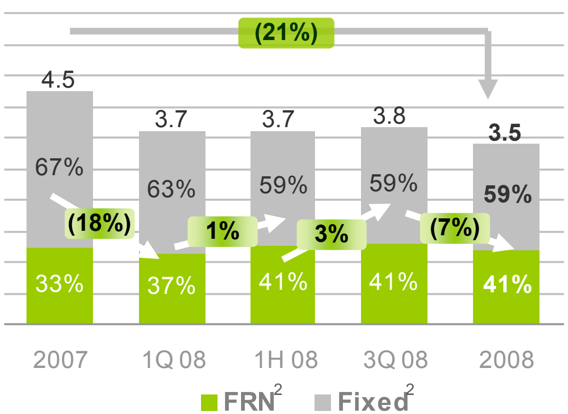
FC Loans[1]

US$ Billion



FC Securities

US$ Billion



TL weight in loans & securities -- 53% & 80% , respectively

2.5 bn TL

Net increase in Fixed Rate Securities in 4Q 08

Securities:

69% AFS

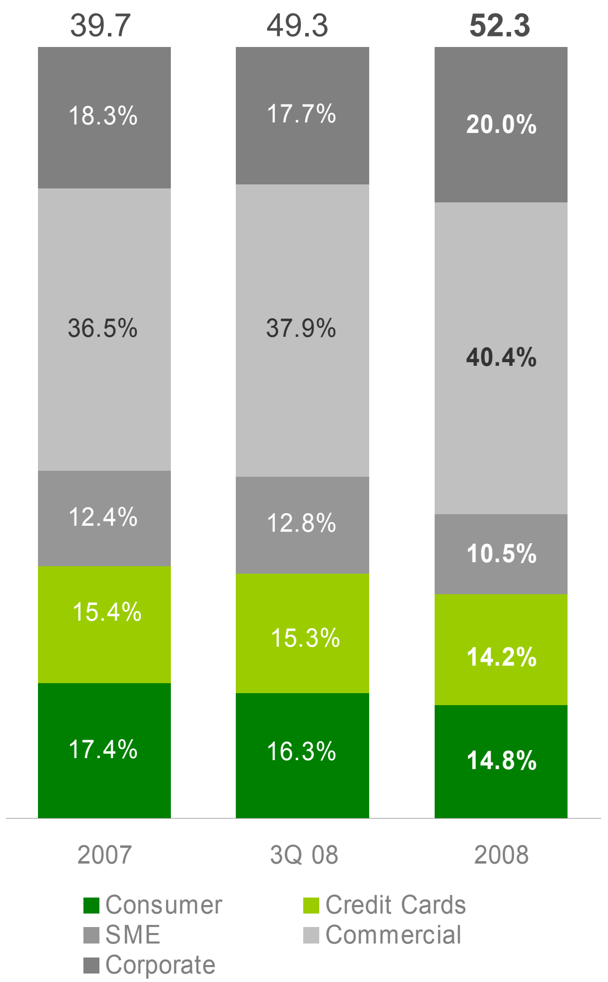
29% HTM

1 Performing cash loans
2 Based on bank-only MIS data

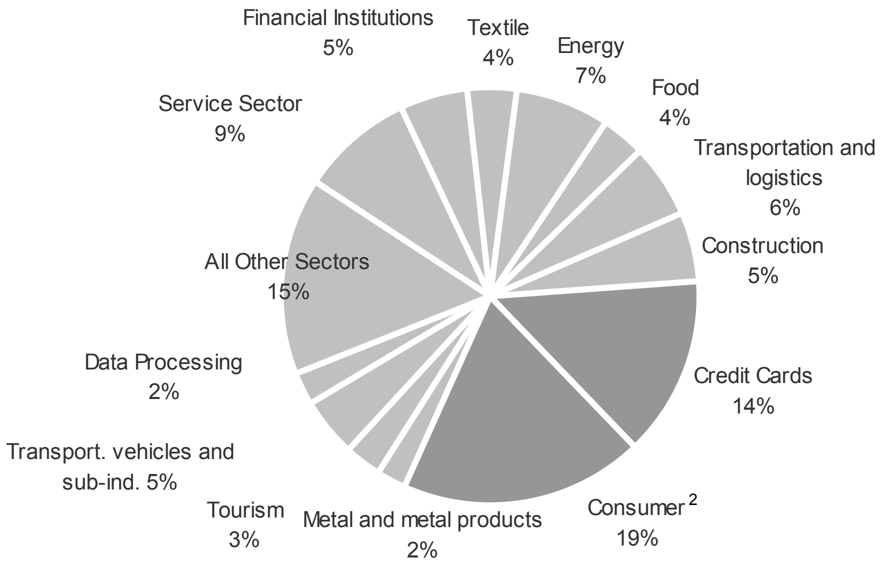
Actively managed risk-return balance through well diversified loan book

Loans by LOB[1]

TL Billion



Loans by Sectoral Breakdown[1]



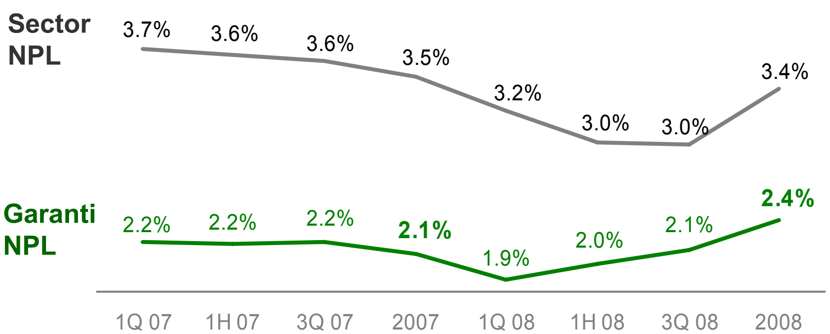
32% Ytd loan growth mainly driven by Corporate and Commercial Banking

1 Based on bank-only MIS data
2 Consumer includes SME owners' personal loans

Sound asset quality -- advantage with competitors

NPL Ratio & Coverage[1]

Coverage Ratio	2007	2008
Sector	89%	81%
Garanti	64%	64%

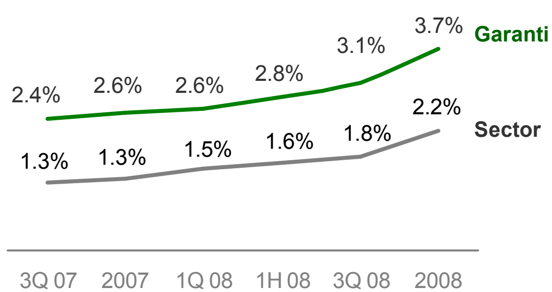


- *New NPL generation lowest among peers*
  - ✓ *Centralized approval*
  - ✓ *Established strong risk culture*
  - ✓ *More selective origination in higher risk segments*
  - ✓ *Closer monitoring of cash flow cycles of customers*
  - ✓ *Enhanced collection capability*
- *Strong collateralization*
- *Limited write-offs & NPL sales*

NPL Categorisation[1 2]

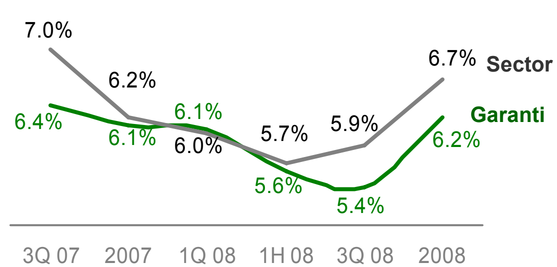
Retail Banking (Consumer & SME Personal)

19% of Garanti's Total Loans



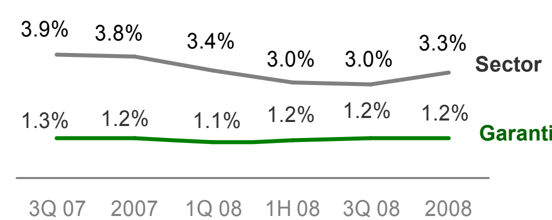
Credit Cards

14% of Garanti's Total Loans



Business Banking (Including SME)

67% of Garanti's Total Loans

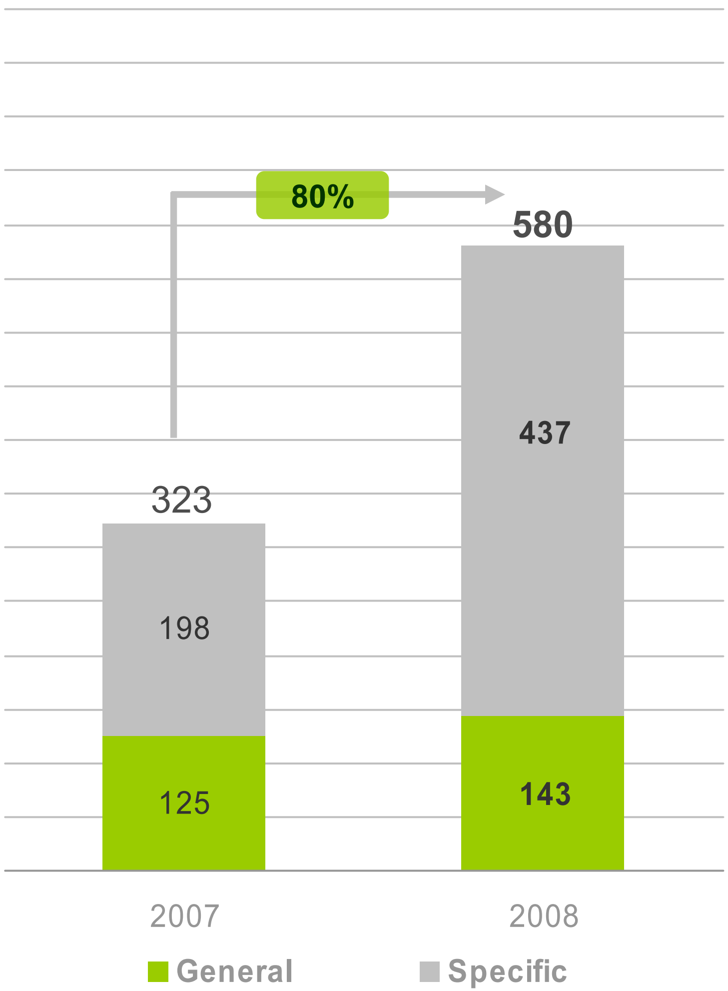


1 Sector figures are per BRSA bank-only data
2 Garanti NPL categorisation based on bank-only data

Prudent provisioning

Loan-Loss Provisions

TL Million



*Despite BRSA's new amendments**

easing provisioning requirements,

higher provisions absorbed

due to environment worsening

***Cost of risk** (LLP / Avg. Total Loans)*

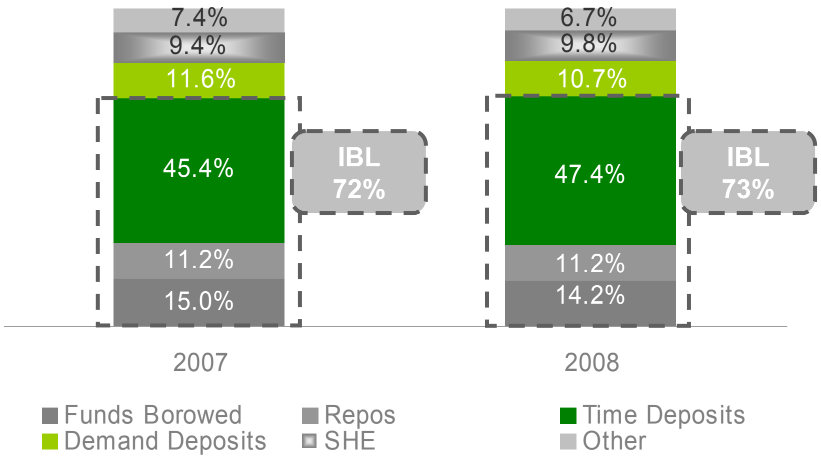
up by ~30bps to

125bps

* Loans delayed less than 30 days are now classified as "performing" and general provisioning requirement for those loans are half of the "loans under watch" (Group 2)

Solid funding structure reinforced with robust growth in deposits

Composition of Liabilities[1]



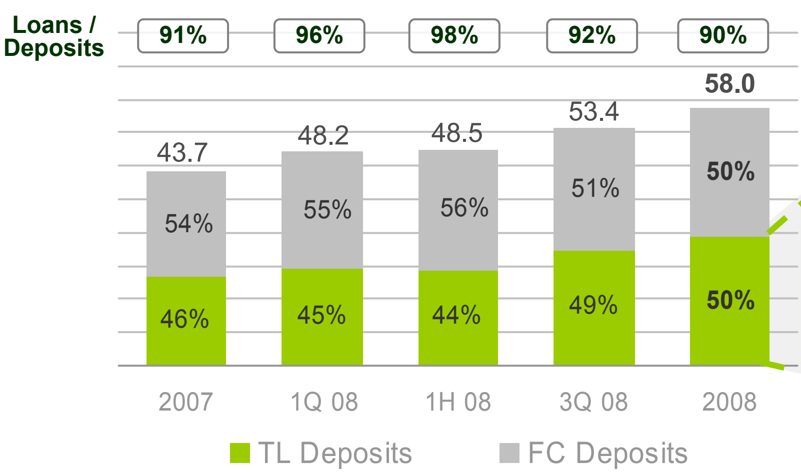
Total Deposits

Ytd

33%

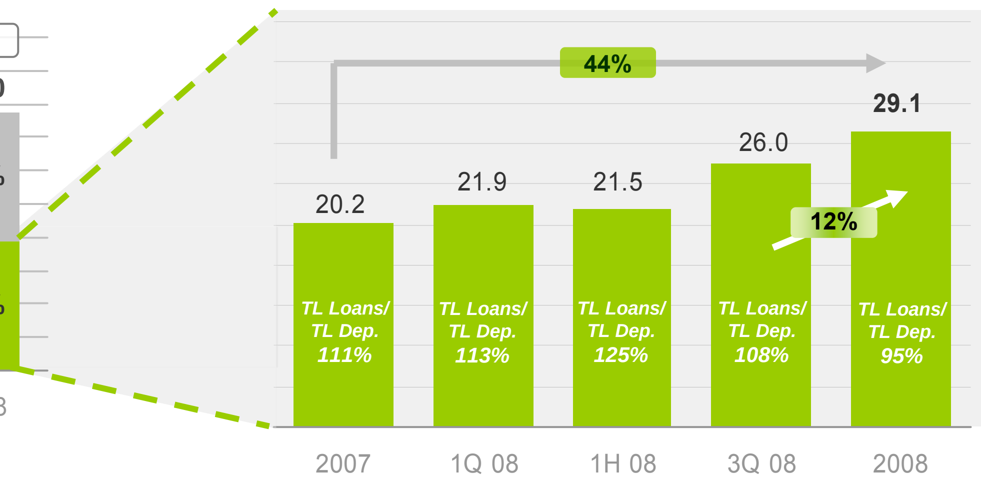
Total Deposits

TL Billion



TL Deposits

TL Billion

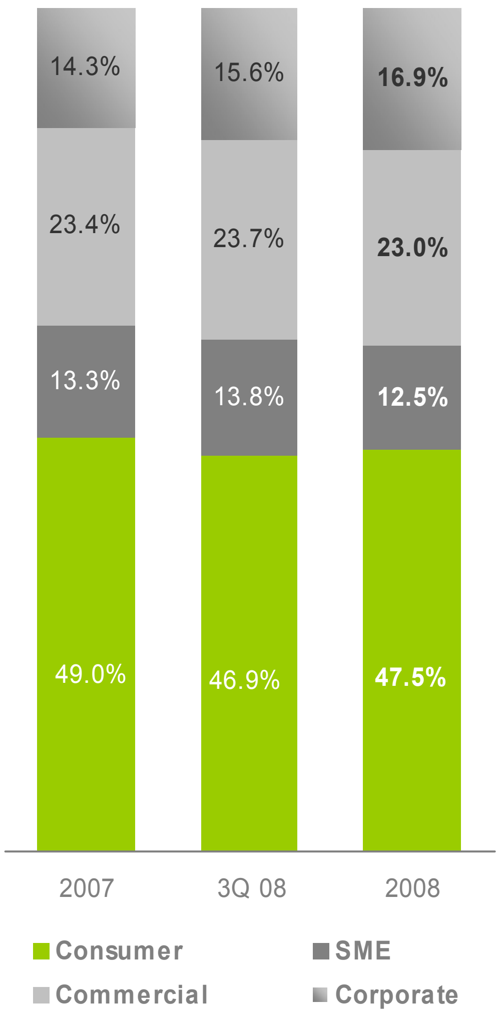


1 Excluding accruals

Significant share of demand deposits eased the pressure on increased deposit costs

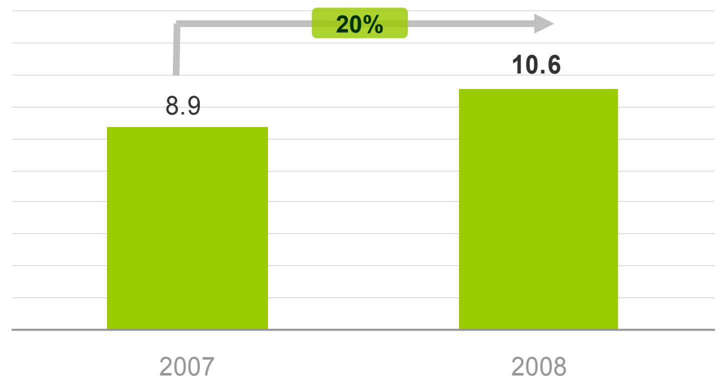
Deposits by LOB[1]

(Excluding bank deposits)



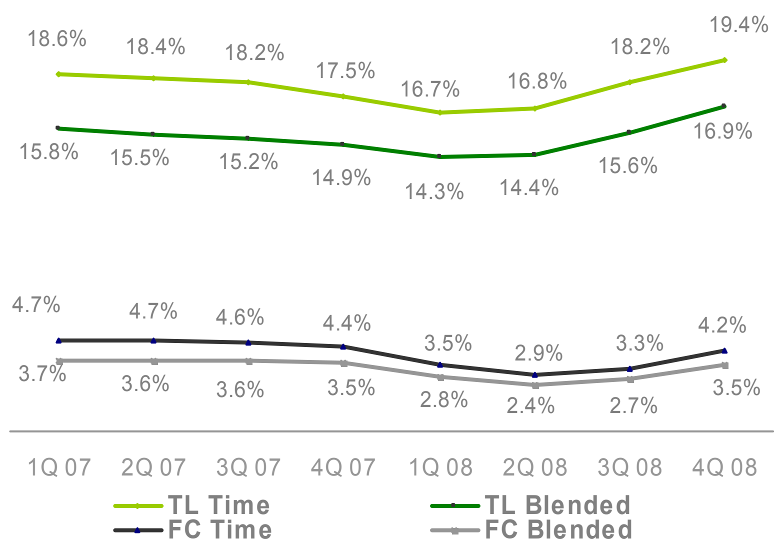
Demand Deposits

TL Billion



Cost of Deposits[1]

Quarterly Averages



Demand Deposits

Ytd Growth

20%

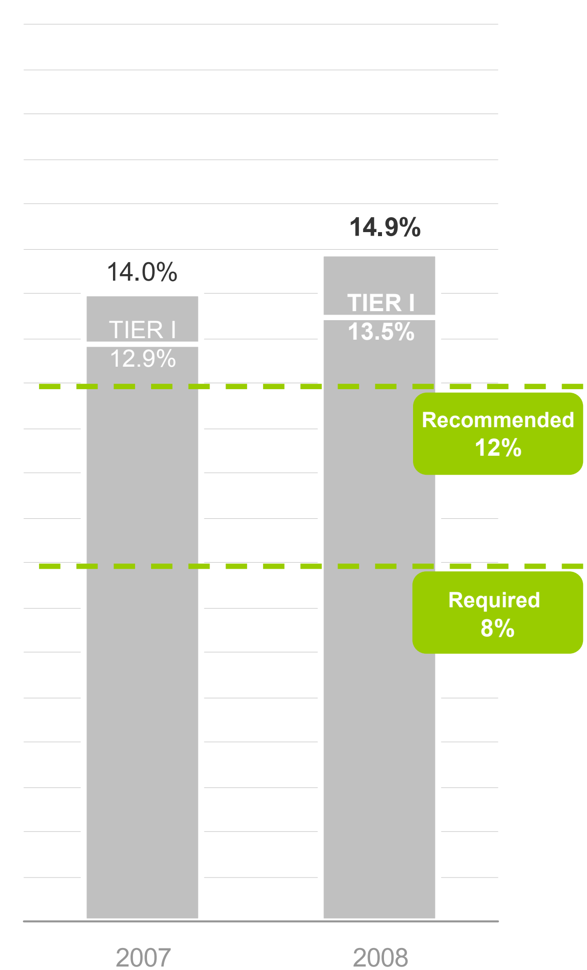
Demand Deposit Market Share[2]

14%

1 Based on bank-only MIS data
2 Sector figures are per BRSA weekly data. Excluding bank deposits

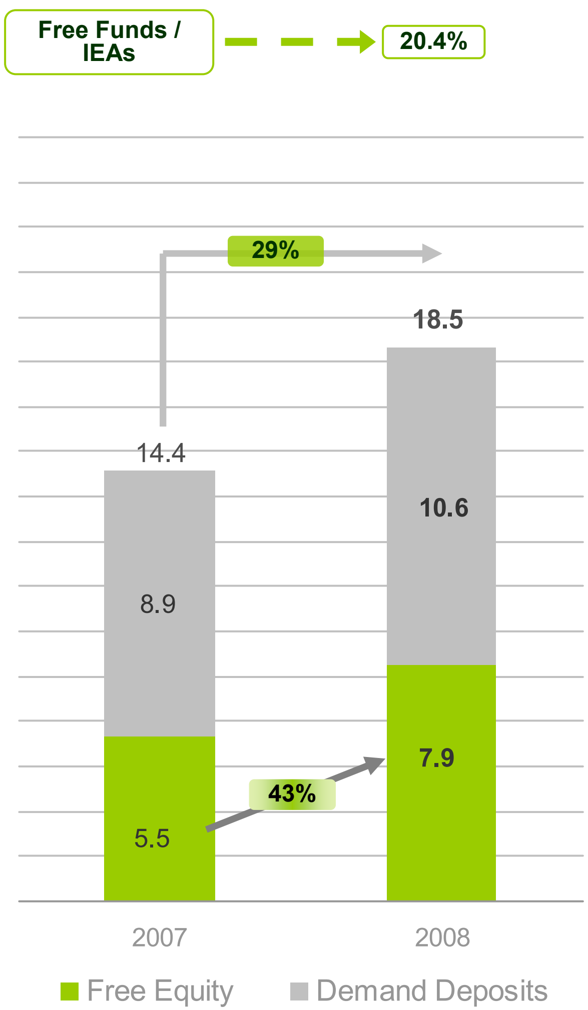
Lift solvency levels -- strengthened by effective capital management

CAR



Free Funds

TL Billion (Free Funds = Free Equity + Demand Deposits)



- *Resilient earnings stream*
- *Strong demand deposit base*
- *Non-core asset divestments*
- *Timely increase in capital*
- *Optimum security mix against market fluctuations*
- *Fully retained 2007 earnings*

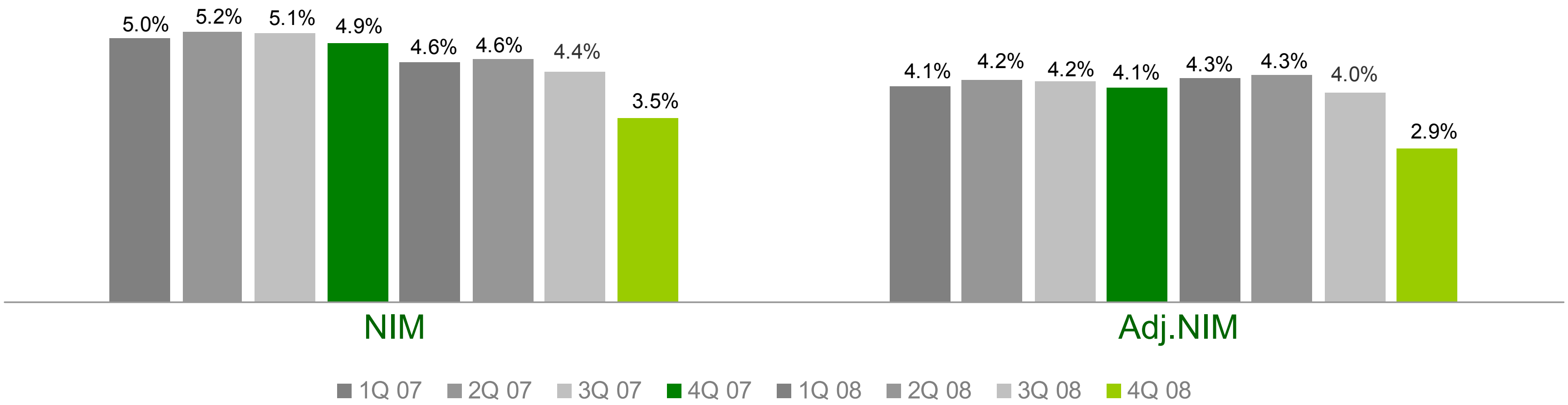
Leverage Ratio

9x

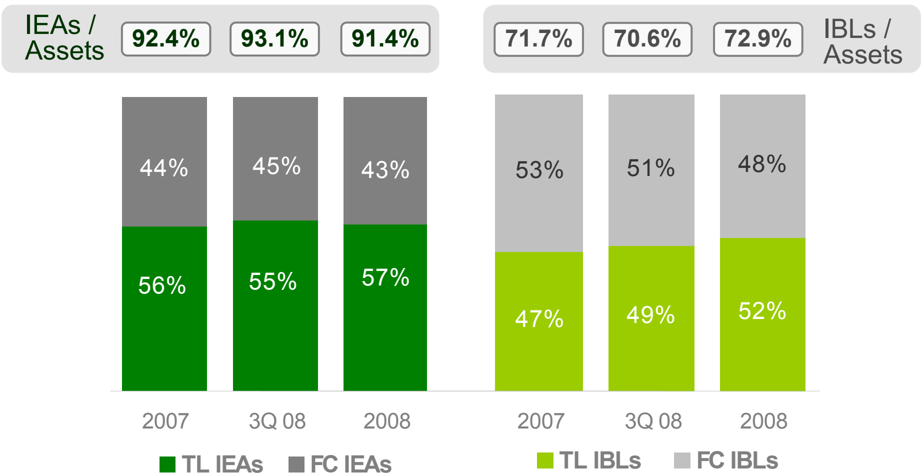
B/S ready for the challenging environment

Despite expansion in asset yields and effective management of funding costs, margins pressured via higher volume growth in TL funding

NIM (Net Interest Income / Average IEAs)



Composition of IEAs & IBLs



In 4Q 08:

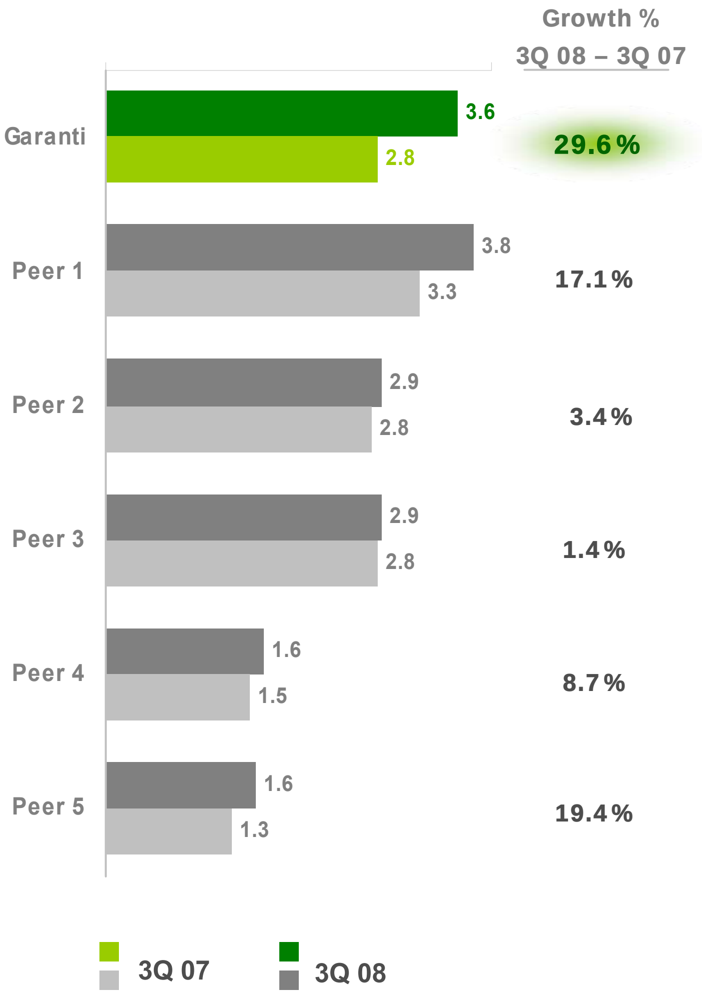
- *Expanding asset yields' impact on margin +95 bps*
- *Increasing funding costs, increase in TL weight and the slower growth in demand deposits weighed on the margin by -180 bps*
- *Adjusted NIM suppression due to higher provisions partially offset by trading & FX gains*

Adjustments to NIM: Net Interest Income/ Average IEA adjusted by FX gain/loss, provision for loans and securities, and net trading income/loss

Focus remains on resilient revenue streams...

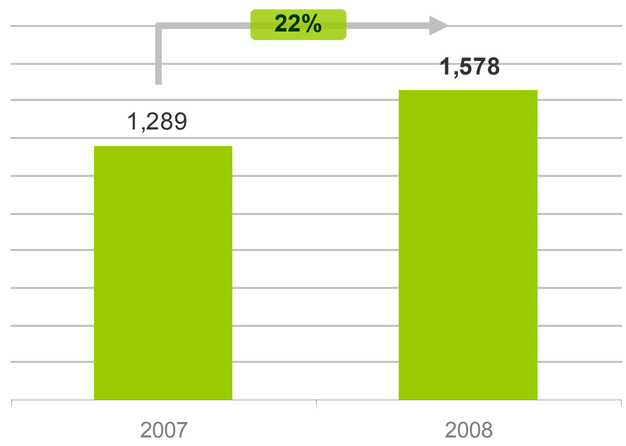
Ordinary Banking Income[1] Generation

TL Billion

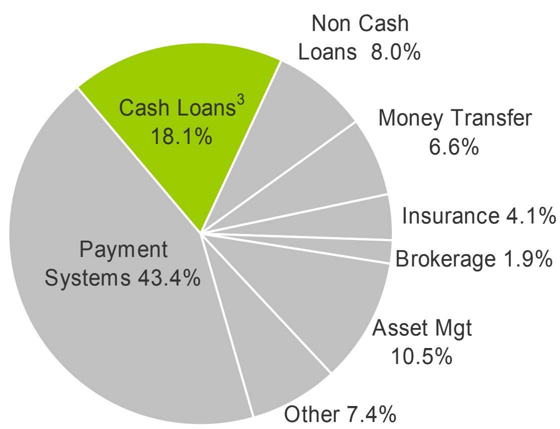


Net Fees & Commissions[2]

TL Million



Net Fees & Commissions Breakdown[4]

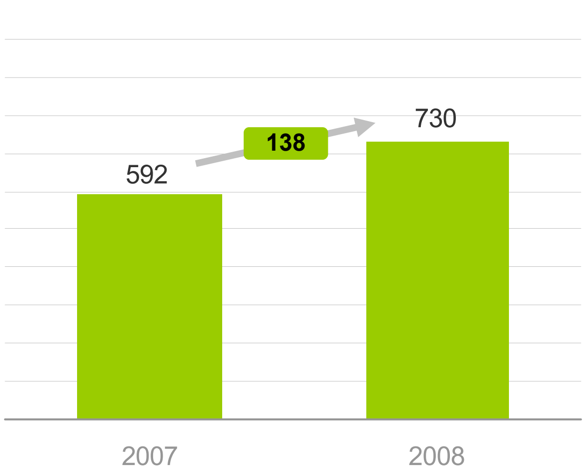


Garanti recorded the highest ordinary banking income growth rate among peers

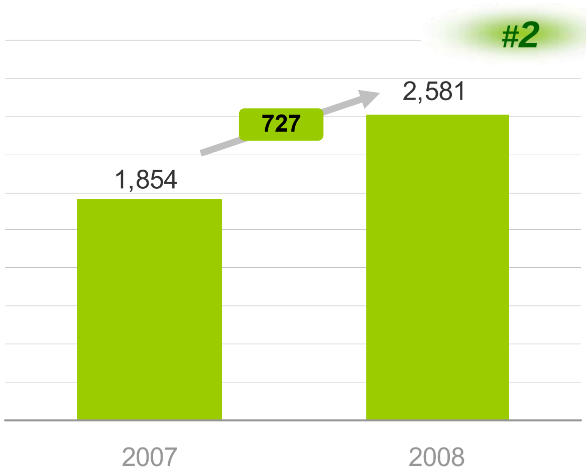
1 Defined as; net interest income adjusted with provisions for loans and securities, net FX and trading gains + net fees and commissions
2 As per new BRSA classification in P/ L, excludes net fees and commissions received from cash loans amounting 147 mn for 2008 and 78 mn for 2007
3 Include consumer loans fees as well as other cash loan fees now classified as interest on loans in income statement amounting 147 mn for 2008 and 78 mn for 2007
4 Bank-only MIS data

...as retail network strengthens building up the critical mass...

Number of Branches

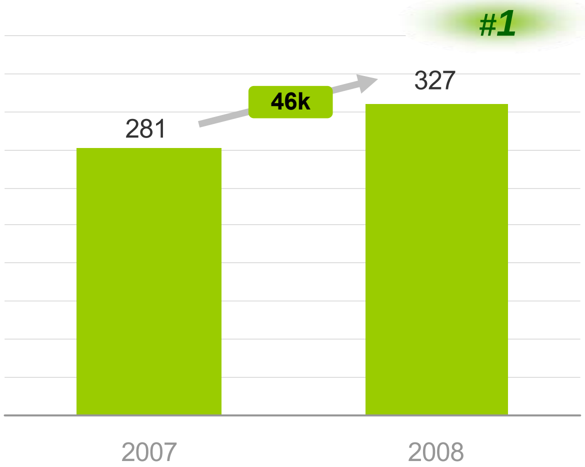


Number of ATMs



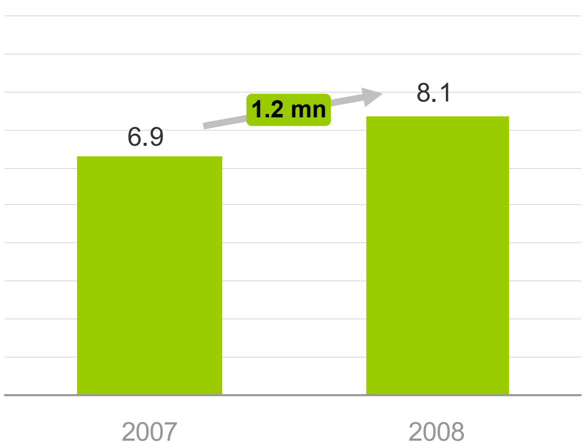
Number of POS

Thousands



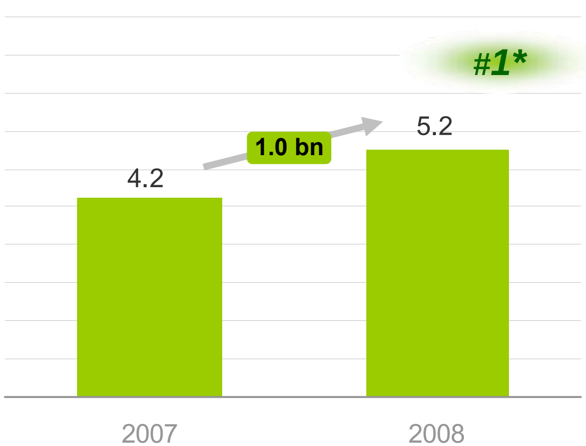
Number of Customers

Millions



Mortgages

TL Billion



Demand Deposits

TL Billion

* Mortgage and demand deposit ranks are as of 3Q 08

…to underscore the solid performance in a difficult year

(TL Million)	2007	2008	Growth
Ordinary Banking Income	3,842	4,678	22%
Other Income[1]	354	312	(12%)
Total Revenue[1]	**4,196**	**4,990**	**19%**
Operating Expense[1]	(2,101)	(2,673)	27%
Personnel Expense	(816)	(1,089)	33%
Bonus Provision	(33)	(99)	202%
Rent Expense	(79)	(111)	41%
Communication Expense	(114)	(144)	26%
Other[1]	(1,059)	(1,230)	16%
Operating Income[1]	**2,095**	**2,317**	**11%**
Other Provisions[2]	(24)	(34)	40%
Taxes[1]	(430)	(476)	10%
Normalized Net Income[1]	**1,641**	**1,807**	**10%**
Non-recurring Income[1]	781	84	n.m
Net Income	2,422	1,891	(22%)
Equityholders of the Bank	2,414	1,879	(22%)
Minority Interest	8	12	48%

22%

Ordinary Banking Income Growth

Y-o-Y

27% Opex increase includes branch expansion -- increase in avg. # of branches 22%, employees 17%

Cost / Income

53.6%

1 Please refer to Slide 23 for breakdown of non-recurring items
2 Other provisions include "Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries", "Provision for Possible Losses" and "Other provisions"

2009 – Demanding management scene

Ytd Bank-only Performance Highlights:

ASSET QUALITY

NPL ratio at 2.6% -- only a slight increase of 20 bps over YE 08 vs. 35 bps deterioration in the sector*

Prudent provisioning -- increased coverage in environment worsening now ~70%

PROFITABILITY

Expanding margins -- to recover back to 3Q 08 levels by 1Q 09

- *Decreased cost of funding (TL deposit cost down by 500 bps)*
- *Sustained demand deposit market share*
- *Prolonged benefit of higher yielding TL assets*

Fee generation above budget

Costs tightly monitored

LIQUIDITY

Robust TL deposit growth (10% in Jan vs. no growth in sector) -- Market share now exceeds 11%

TL loan growth flattish -- parallel to sector's

FC loans shrank -- lower pace than the sector's

SOLVENCY

Strong capital base with flat CAR

*As of Jan. 30 '09

Appendix

Balance Sheet - Summary

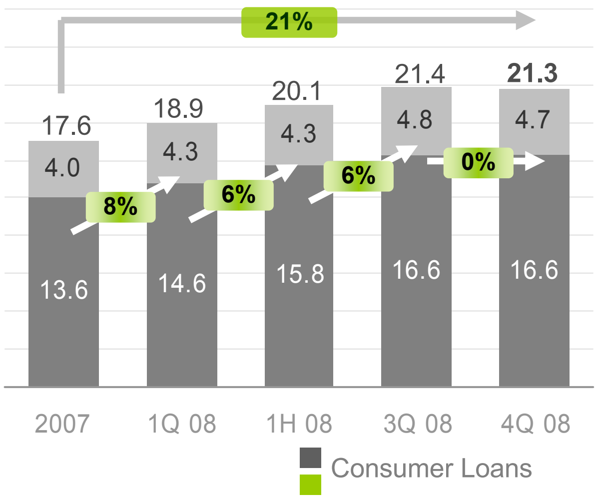
	(TL Million)	2007	2008	YTD Change
Assets	Cash & Banks[1]	6,885	10,827	57%
	Reserve Requirements	4,908	1,773	(64%)
	Securities	18,763	26,643	42%
	Performing Loans	39,721	52,300	32%
	Fixed Assets & Subsidiaries	1,205	1,323	10%
	Other	4,666	6,172	32%
	Total Assets	76,148	99,038	30%
Liabilities & SHE	Deposits	43,690	57,960	33%
	Repos	8,592	11,153	30%
	Borrowings	11,630	14,420	24%
	Other	5,110	5,762	13%
	SHE	7,126	9,743	37%
	Total Liabilities & SHE	76,148	99,038	30%

1 Includes banks and other financial institutions

Profitability focused growth strategy lead to slower, but managed retail growth

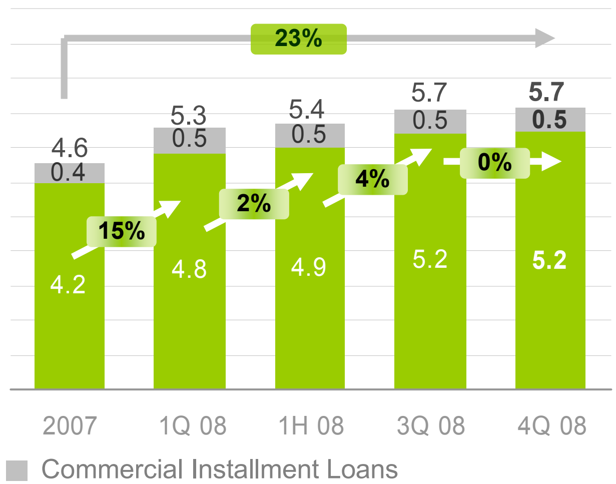
Retail Loans[1]

TL Billion



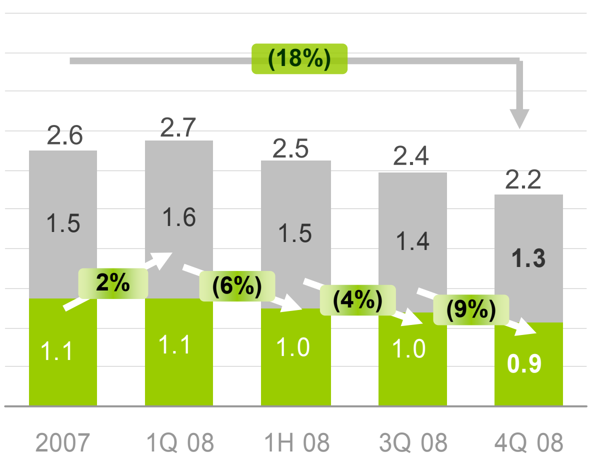
Housing Loan Growth

TL Billion



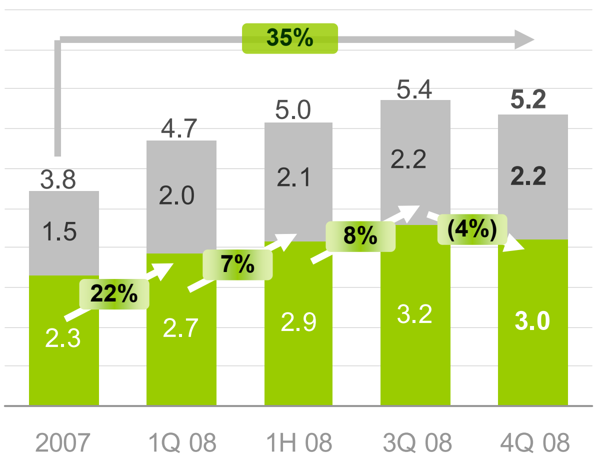
Auto Loan Growth

TL Billion



General Purpose Loan Growth

TL Billion



Market Shares[2,3]

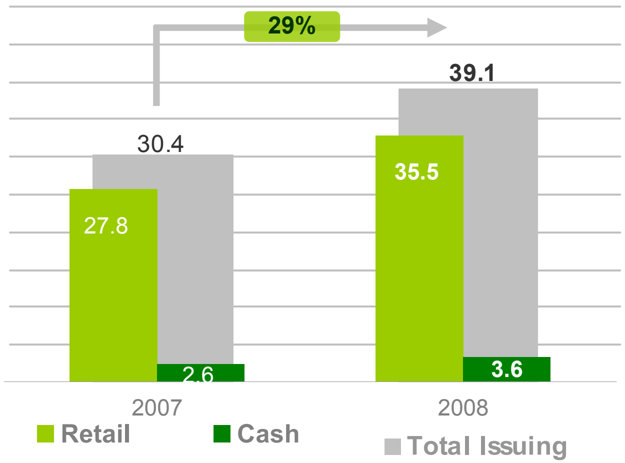
	YTD ∆	2008
Housing	+24 bps	13.9%
Auto	-180 bps	14.9%
General Purpose	+66 bps	9.9%
Retail[1]	-30 bps	13.8%

1 Including consumer, commercial installment, overdraft accounts, credit cards and other
2 Including consumer and commercial installment loans
3 Sector figures are based on bank-only BRSA weekly data, commercial banks only

Maintained strong position in cards business

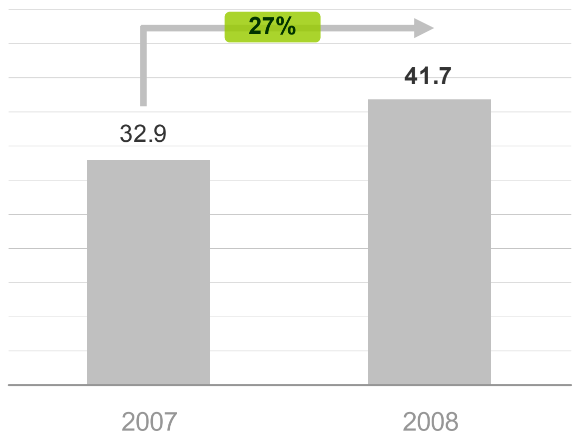
Issuing Volume

TL Billion



Acquiring Volume

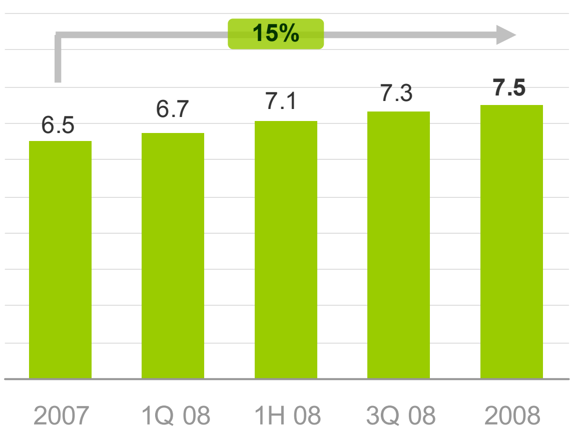
TL Billion



#1 in Acquiring Volume & Strong #2 in Issuing Volume

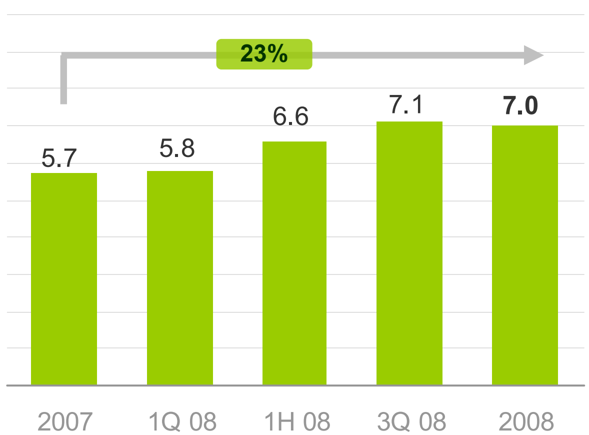
No. of Credit Cards

In Million



Credit Card Balances

TL Billion



Market Shares

	YTD ∆	2008	Rank
Acquiring	-70 bps	22.3%	#1
Issuing	-40 bps	21.1%	#2
# of Plastic Credit Cards	0 bps	16.1%	#1
POS[1]	+70 bps	20.0%	#1
ATM	+190 bps	11.8%	#2

1 Including shared POS
2 Annualized
Note: All figures are based on Bank-only data except credit card balances

Quarterly Analysis of Ordinary Banking Income

(YTL Thousand)	4Q 07	1Q 08	2Q 08	3Q 08	4Q 08	∆ Y-o-Y 2008-2007	∆ 2008 4Q-3Q	∆ Y-o-Y 4Q08 - 4Q07
Interest Income	**2,176,585**	**2,228,737**	**2,324,196**	**2,537,592**	**2,975,551**	**27.6%**	**17.3%**	**36.7%**
-Loans	1,255,291	1,322,830	1,399,178	1,489,659	1,745,713	33.8%	17.2%	39.1%
-Securities	637,408	642,956	674,712	793,410	964,720	31.3%	21.6%	51.4%
-Other	283,886	262,951	250,306	254,523	265,118	(5.5%)	4.2%	(6.6)%
Interest Expense	**(1,336,854)**	**(1,382,824)**	**(1,426,866)**	**(1,637,762)**	**(2,187,920)**	**38.6%**	**33.6%**	**63.7%**
-Deposits	(959,619)	(942,188)	(996,339)	(1,131,301)	(1,472,192)	37.8%	30.1%	53.4%
-Funds Borrowed	(184,232)	(220,691)	(204,152)	(211,524)	(272,467)	21.3%	28.8%	47.9%
-Interbank & Other	(193,003)	(219,945)	(226,375)	(294,937)	(443,261)	59.3%	50.3%	129.7%
Net Interest Income	**839,731**	**845,913**	**897,330**	**899,830**	**787,631**	**10.7%**	**(12.5)%**	**(6.2)%**
Prov. for loans & securities	(99,932)	(126,989)	(104,491)	(88,459)	(264,468)	79.4%	199.0%	164.6%
Net FX Gain/(Loss) + Net trading Income/(loss)	(35,953)	69,121	46,566	6,590	131,308	n.m.	n.m.	n.m.
Adj. Net Interest Income	**703,846**	**788,045**	**839,405**	**817,961**	**654,471**	**21.4%**	**(20.0)%**	**(7.0)%**
Net Fees and Comm.	329,420	405,953	390,392	398,939	383,051	22.5%	(4.0)%	16.3%
Ordinary Banking Income	**1,033,266**	**1,193,998**	**1,229,797**	**1,216,900**	**1,037,522**	**21.8%**	**(14.7)%**	**0.4%**

Non-recurring items

December 2008:

I. The net income resulting from the non-recurring items amounts to **TL 84 mn**, breakdown of which is;

i) Other income:
- Tax refund that the Bank collected through conciliation from the tax office, due to the prepaid taxes in 2005 **TL 131 mn**
- Tax refund on an existing unused investment incentive certificate **TL 6 mn**
- Proceeds from NPL sales **29 mn**

ii) Other expense (Please refer to footnote 5.2.8.4.2 — Other Provisions for Possible Losses on page 69-70 in the financial report)
Defined Benefit Obligation: **TL 103 mn**

ii) Taxation expense
Tax credit resulting from the deferred tax asset calculated on defined benefit obligation liability **TL 21 mn**

December 2007:

II. The net income resulting from the non-recurring items amounts to **TL 781 mn**, breakdown of which is;

i) Other income:
- Gains from insurance and pension & life business subsidiaries stake sale **TL 707 mn**
- Gains from custody sale **TL 148 mn**

ii) Other expense:
- Banking Insurance and transaction tax related to custody sale **TL 7 mn**

iii) Taxation expense
- Tax expense of insurance and pension & life business subsidiaries stake sale **TL 38 mn**
- Tax expense of custody sale **TL 28 mn**

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